

LIP Internship Program 2021 Final Workshop

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Braga - Coimbra - Lisbon, September 13-14, 2021

Gernot Eichmann (on behalf of the organizers)



54 projects, 88 students ...

Thank you for taking part!

Foremost to you, **the students**, for spending the summer engaging in research work with us;

The **supervisors** for designing the research projects and for mentoring them;

Everyone at **LIP** involved in the organization (including ECO, IT, directorate, secretariat, ...)

Do you want to do Physics in an International project?

Join us this summer!

 Cosmic Rays, Neutrinos and Dark Matter - Detectors, Instrumentation and Computing - Physics at the LHC - Structure of Matter and Heavy Ions



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Research internships for Physics and Engineering students from July 1st to September 15th

> Registration open from April 26th to May 31th, 2021







It has been a busy summer ...

- Pre-Tutorials (June 30)
- Lectures & tutorials week (July 5-9)
- Mid-term activities (July 23 August 13)
- Final Workshop (September 13-14)
- Final papers (by October 10)

... but we hope you enjoyed it!



Paper write-up

You are encouraged to write a **research paper** on the results of your project, which will be hosted on the LIP website:

- Suggested length: 5 pages (not more than 10 pages)
- Use LaTeX template on Overleaf (instructions were sent by email)
- Please submit by October 10

LIP-STUDENTS-20-19

Measurement of B meson production in pp collisions at 5 TeV

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October 2020

Alteriate: We proferent a measurement of the Broakesion fillmential cross-section is proton-proton collisions at contror of mass competed 50 SEV. Mollowinism (mainline limitary) algorithms are employed in the data selocion, and liabilitoed methods are used to extract the Brigand from data. The detector efficiency is determined from instantism with the interm is withdated bringed duratid competitions: with data. A shared of the sources understanding of b-process and the process of the sources of the source of the QCD sources of the source of the QCD methods and the source of the QCD methods. The source of the QCD methods are sources of the source of the QCD methods and the source of the QCD methods are sourced as a source of the QCD methods. The detection of the source of the QCD methods are source of the QCD methods are sourced as a source of the QCD methods. The detection of the source of the QCD methods are sourced as a source of the QCD methods. The detection of the source of the QCD methods are sourced as a source of the QCD methods are sourced as a source of the QCD methods. The detection of the detection of the source of the QCD methods are sourced as a source of the QCD methods are sourced as a source of the QCD methods. The detection of the

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Keywonss: LHC, CMS, b quark, differential cross section, quark glaon plasma

1 Introduction

At our energy scale, quarks and glucons are confined insish hadrons, such as protons and neutrons. However, under extreme conditions of temperature and pressure, a new state of matter is formed, the so-called quark-gluon phorm (QCP), is which quarks and glucons are asymptoically free. This QCP is believed to have existed in the very early universe and can also be re-carreled at the LHC, in high-energy collisions of heavy ison, such as PMP collisions.

In this work, we present a preliminary measurement of the B meson differential news section using the decay $\beta_{ij}^{\mu} \rightarrow J/P \phi^{\mu}$ is probaby priori (pp) collisions at \sqrt{p} the decay of the decay of the decay of the decay is the decay of the decay of the decay of the decay of the grant significances, and is complements studies performed in duch LTM comparison. Significant the decay of the QCP, and that can be derived from the results here the decay of the decay of





Figure 1: Schematic transverse view of a slice of the CMS detector.

muon detectors installed outside the solenoid and sandwiched between the layers of the steel return yoke. A more complete description of the CMS detector can be found elsewhere [3].

For the purpose of our analysis, the more relevant subdetectors are the innermost and outermost layers of the CMS detector. The latter, the muon chambers, provide identification of the final-state muores, thus further allowing to select the events of interest in real sime (trigger)

The salacon tracker provides precise measurements of the charged-particles trajectories (muons and kaons), and al-

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Before coming to the end ...

Welcome to our Final Workshop!





Final Workshop

- 2 days of presentations
- 8 sessions
- 1 presentation per project:
 - 10 + 2 min (1 student)
 - 14 + 2 min (multiple students) Try to stay within time!

You'll share your screen on Zoom, please also upload your slides

Most importantly: Ask questions!



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Let's start!



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