



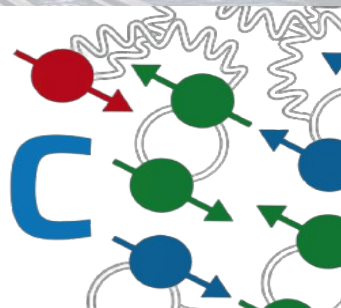
Double-parton scattering studies using gauge bosons and jets at CMS

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On behalf of CMS Collaboration

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MPI@LHC 2021
October 11-15, 2021

12th MPI at LHC

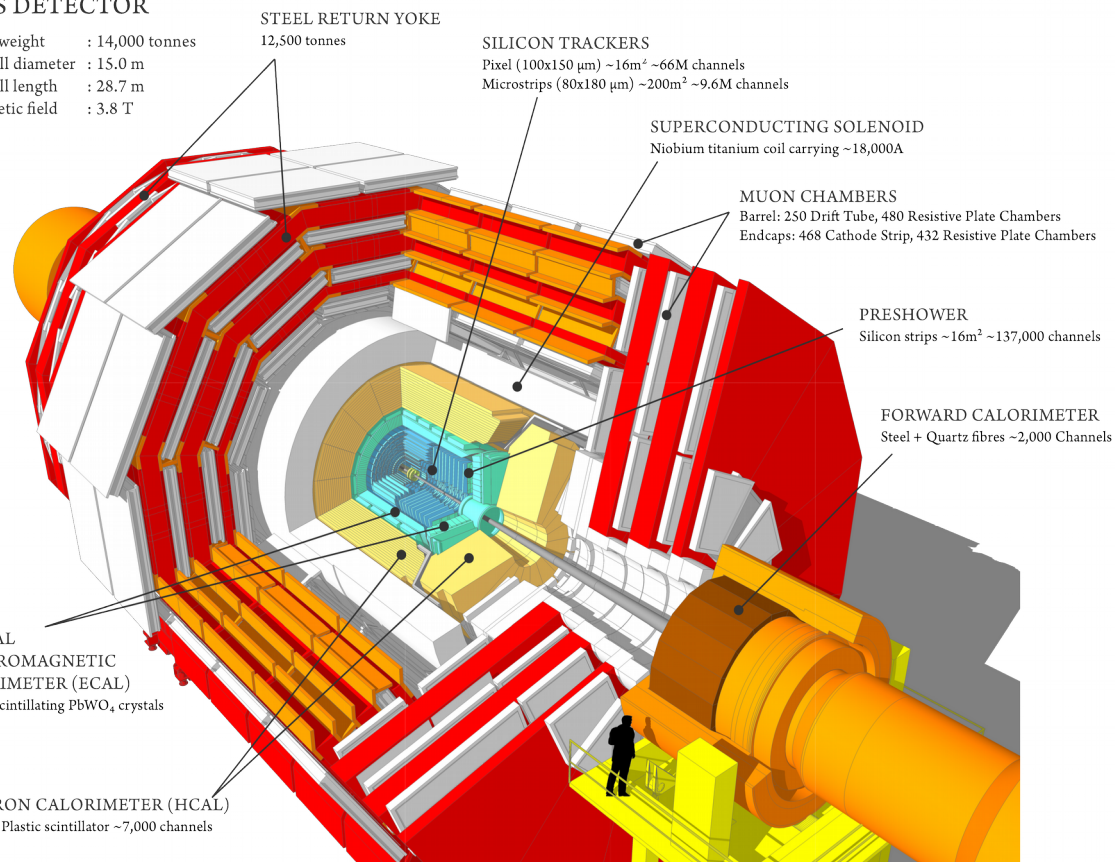


Outline

- Introduction
- DPS studies in 4-jet events
- DPS studies in Z+jets events
- Same sign WW DPS studies
- Summary

CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes
Overall diameter : 15.0 m
Overall length : 28.7 m
Magnetic field : 3.8 T

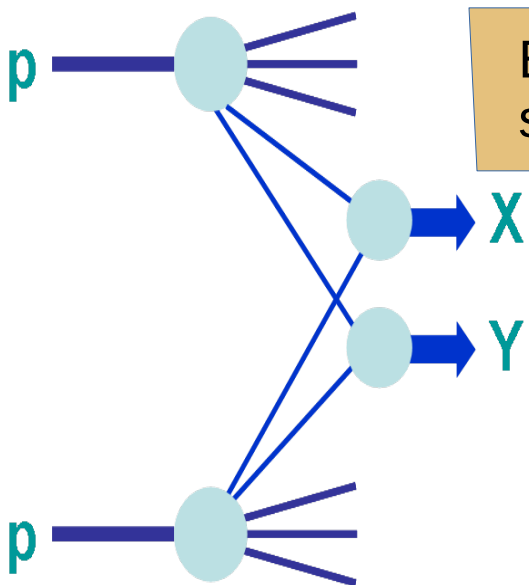


Double Parton Scattering (DPS)

In general MPI is a softer contribution,
ButSome MPIs can be hard



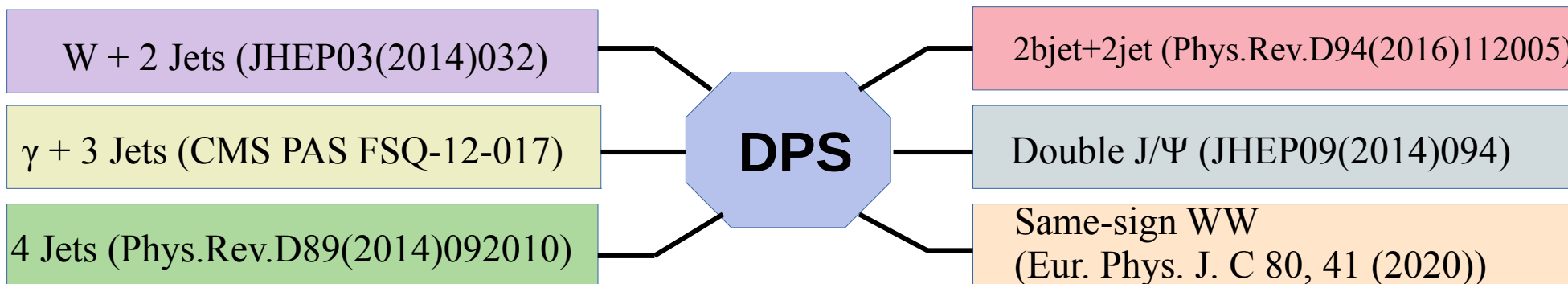
Double Parton Scattering (DPS)



Events where two hard parton-parton interactions occur in single proton-proton collisions

DPS cross-section $\sigma_{eff} = \frac{m}{2} \cdot \frac{\sigma_X \cdot \sigma_Y}{\sigma_{X+Y}^{DPS}}$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} m = 1 \text{ when } X = Y \\ m = 2 \text{ when } X \neq Y \end{array} \right.$

- ✓ Background for rare processes, e.g. Higgs , SUSY etc
- ✓ Provides information on transverse partonic distribution of hadrons



DPS studies using 4 jets, Z+Jets and same sign WW process are presented in this talk



DPS studies in 4-jets with low p_T at 13 TeV

(arXiv:2109.13822, submitted to JHEP)

NEW



Observables

- Transverse momenta and pseudorapidity spectra of all the jets:
 - $p_{T,1}, p_{T,2}, p_{T,3}$ and $p_{T,4}$
 - η_1, η_2, η_3 and η_4
 - $p_{T,1}$ and η_1 in slides, others in backup
- Azimuthal angle of the soft jet pair: $\Delta\phi_{soft} = |\phi_3 - \phi_4|$ \longrightarrow Back-to-back for DPS (peak around π)
- Combined minimum angle of 3 jets: $\Delta\phi_{3j}^{min} = \min_{ijk} (|\phi_i - \phi_j| + |\phi_j - \phi_k|)$ \longrightarrow DPS (large value), SPS (random)
- Transversal momentum balance of the soft jet pair: $\Delta p_{T,soft} = \frac{|\vec{p}_{T,3}| + |\vec{p}_{T,4}|}{|\vec{p}_{T,3} + \vec{p}_{T,4}|}$ \longrightarrow Smaller value for DPS
- Maximum difference in pseudorapidity: $\Delta Y = \max_{ij} (|\eta_i - \eta_j|)$ \longrightarrow larger value for DPS
- Azimuthal angle of the most remote jets: $\phi_{ij} = |\phi_i - \phi_j|$ for $\Delta Y = \max_{ij} (|\eta_i - \eta_j|)$ \longrightarrow Strong correlation in SPS
- Azimuthal angle between the hardest and the softest jet pair (harder cuts needed): $\Delta S = \arccos \left(\frac{(\vec{p}_{T,1} + \vec{p}_{T,2}) \cdot (\vec{p}_{T,3} + \vec{p}_{T,4})}{|\vec{p}_{T,1} + \vec{p}_{T,2}| \cdot |\vec{p}_{T,3} + \vec{p}_{T,4}|} \right)$ \longrightarrow DPS (random), SPS (peak at π)

Selection:

- Anti- k_T , $R = 0.4$
- Region I: $p_{T,1(2,3,4)} > 35$ GeV (30,25,20 GeV)
- Region I: $p_{T,1(2,3,4)} > 50$ GeV (30,30,30 GeV) for ΔS
- $|\eta_i| < 4.7$
- Asymmetric p_T cuts to enhance DPS sensitivity

Workflow:

- Data distributions compared with:
 1. PYTHIA8 and HERWIG
 2. Multijet Models
 3. SPS+DPS Models
- Extraction of effective cross section



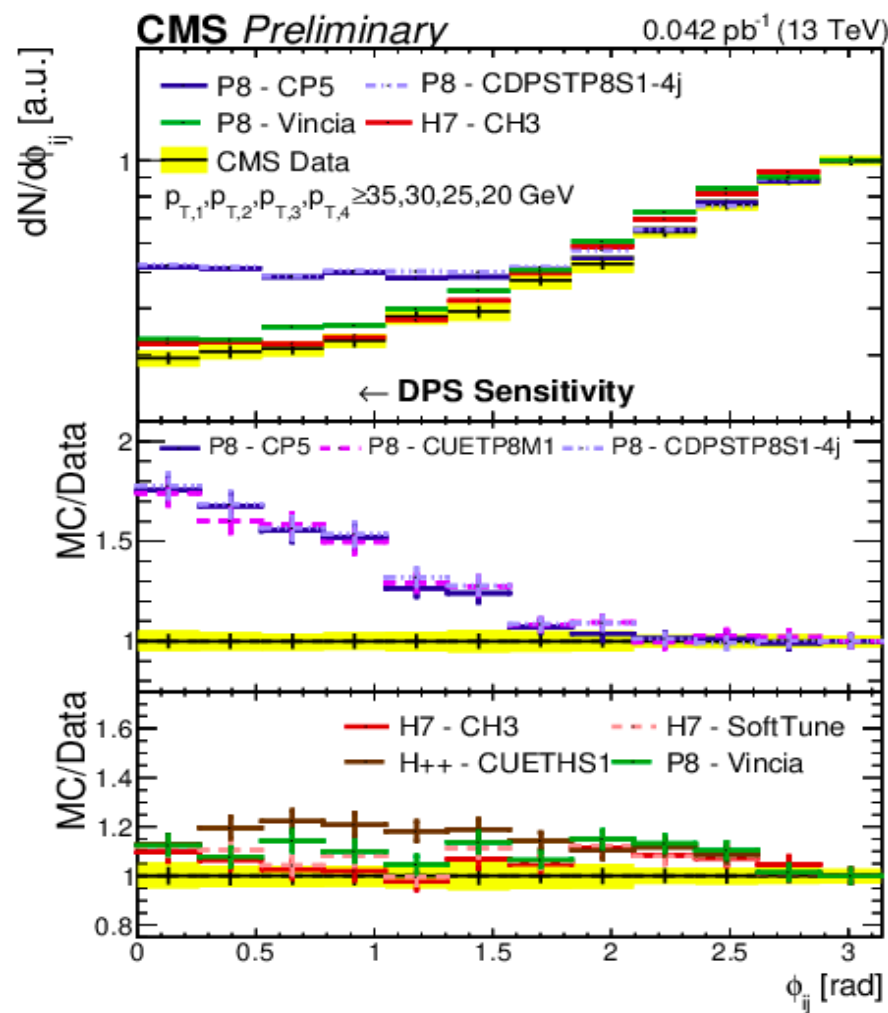
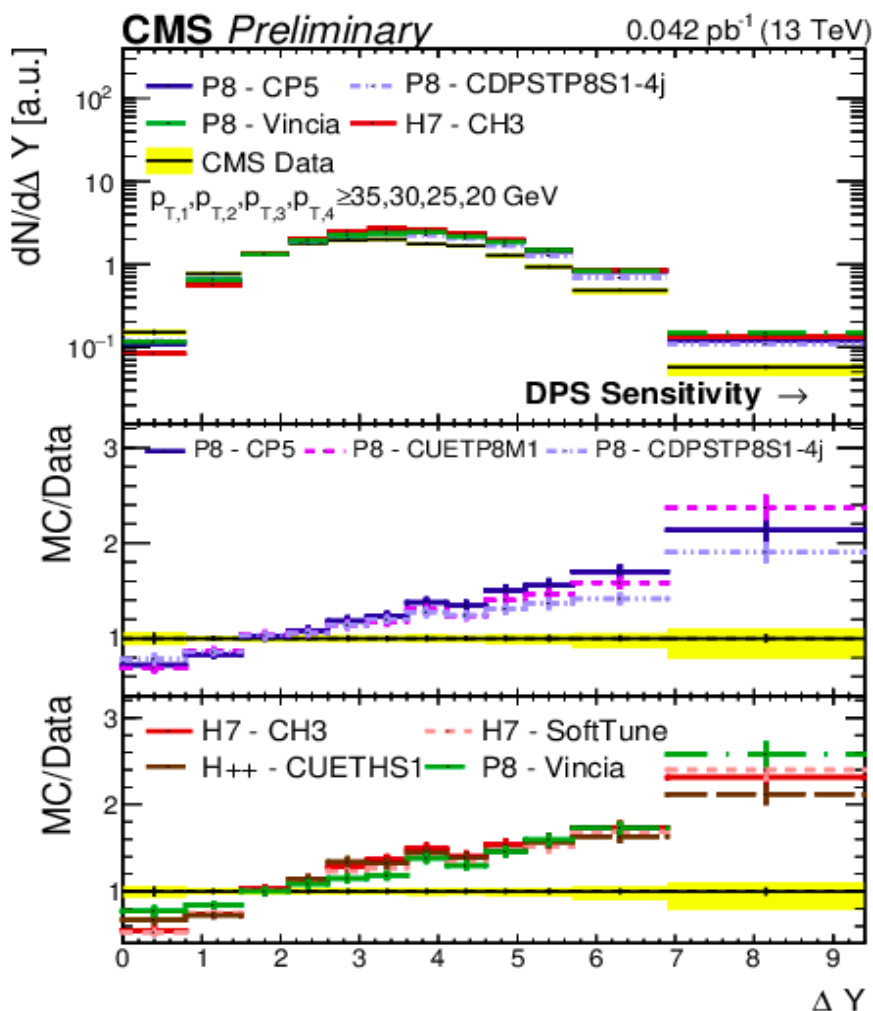
DPS studies in 4-jets with low p_T at 13 TeV

(arXiv:2109.13822, submitted to JHEP)

NEW



- ΔY (left) and Φ_{ij} (right)
 - Normalization to first four bins for ΔY and the last bin for Φ_{ij}
- LO Models overshoot the data due to excess of forward/backward low p_T jets.
- Abs. cross-section prediction improves with NLO or high multiplicity matrix element (not true for all models)
- Φ_{ij} favor angular ordered/dipole antenna PS models over p_T -ordered showers.





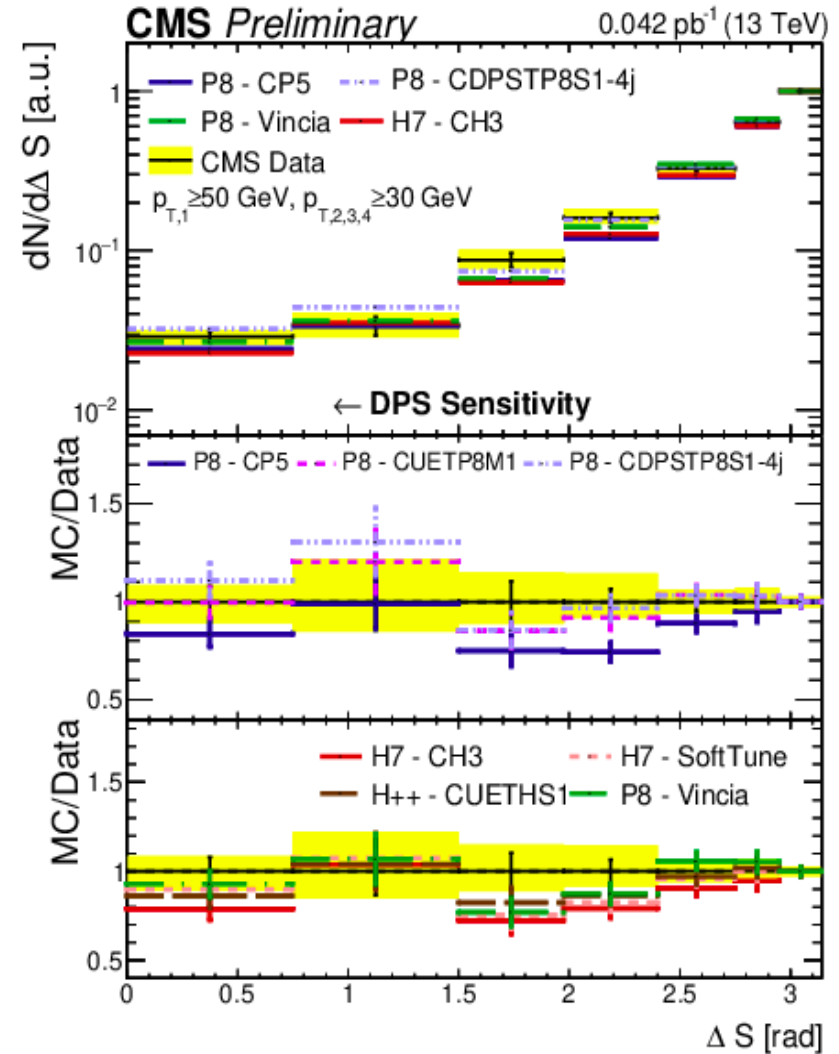
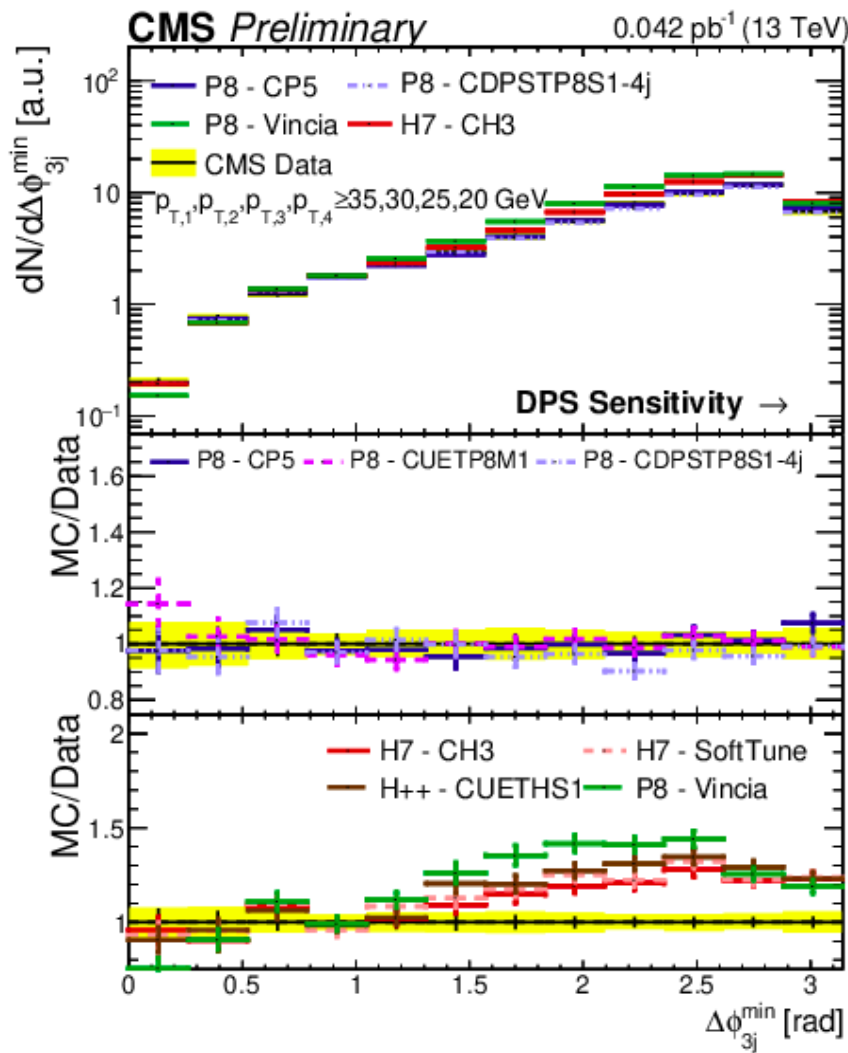
DPS studies in 4-jets with low p_T at 13 TeV

(arXiv:2109.13822, submitted to JHEP)

NEW



- $\Delta\Phi_{3j}$ (left) and ΔS (right)
 - Normalization to first four bins for $\Delta\Phi_{3j}$ and the last bin for ΔS
- Data favour p_T -ordered showers for LO models
- Less conclusive for NLO and/or higher-multiplicity ME
- Only distribution insensitive to PS modelling -- hence used for σ_{eff} extraction





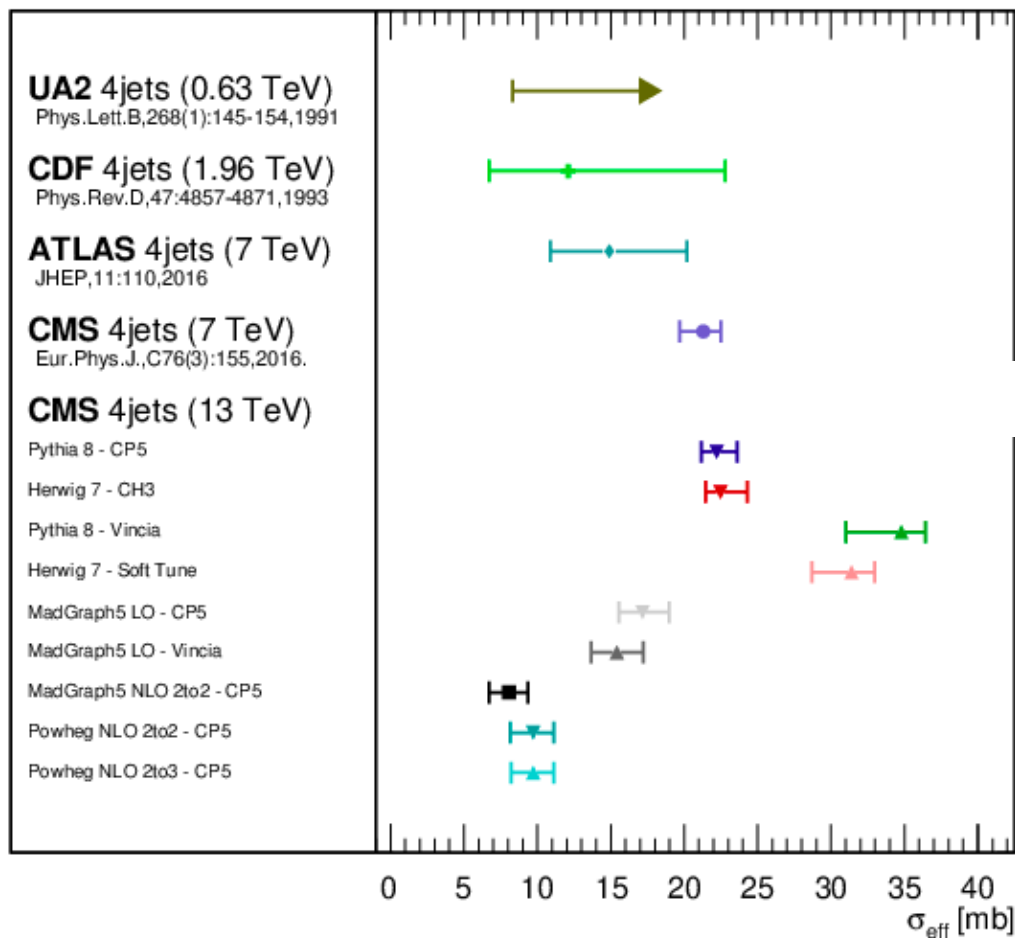
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NEW



σ_{eff} measurements (Preliminary)



- Strong dependence of extracted value of σ_{eff} on the model to describe SPS contribution.
- NLO models with $2 \rightarrow 2$ and $2 \rightarrow 3$ ME yield smallest σ_{eff} (~ 10 mb) implying greater need of DPS contribution
- Including 4 partons in ME of SPS models introduce DPS-like correlations in observables with $\sigma_{\text{eff}} \sim 15$ mb.
- Largest value of σ_{eff} ($> \sim 20$ mb) found for LO models with $2 \rightarrow 2$ ME



DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV

(arXiv:2105.14511, accepted by JHEP)

NEW



Overview:

- Measured Integrated cross section for $Z + \geq 1$ jet and $Z + \geq 2$ jets processes.
- Measurement of differential cross section and area normalized distributions : as a function of DPS sensitive observables
- Medium Muon ID with PF based isolation $I_{rel} < 0.15$ ($R=0.4$).
- Pair of oppositely charged muons with $p_T > 27$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$.
- Z mass window ($71 \text{ GeV} < M_{\mu\mu} < 111 \text{ GeV}$).
- $p_T > 20$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$, $\Delta R(\text{jet}, \mu) > 0.4$, Medium PU MVA ID

Observables : (motivated from previous measurements)

- $Z + \geq 1$ jet events:
 - $\Delta\phi(Z, j_1), \Delta_{p_T}^{rel}(Z, j_1) = \frac{|\vec{p}_T(Z) + \vec{p}_T(j_1)|}{|\vec{p}_T(Z)| + |\vec{p}_T(j_1)|}$
- $Z + \geq 2$ jets events:
 - $\Delta\phi(Z, dijet), \Delta_{p_T}^{rel}(Z, dijet) = \frac{|\vec{p}_T(Z) + \vec{p}_T(dijet)|}{|\vec{p}_T(Z)| + |\vec{p}_T(dijet)|}$
 - $\Delta_{p_T}^{rel}(j_1, j_2) = \frac{|\vec{p}_T(j_1) + \vec{p}_T(j_2)|}{|\vec{p}_T(j_1)| + |\vec{p}_T(j_2)|}$

**First measurement of DPS
with Z + Jets at 13 TeV
: input for DPS specific tunes.**



DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV

(arXiv:2105.14511, accepted by JHEP)

NEW



Measured integrated cross sections and comparison with different MC generators for $Z + \geq 1$ jet and $Z + \geq 2$ jet events

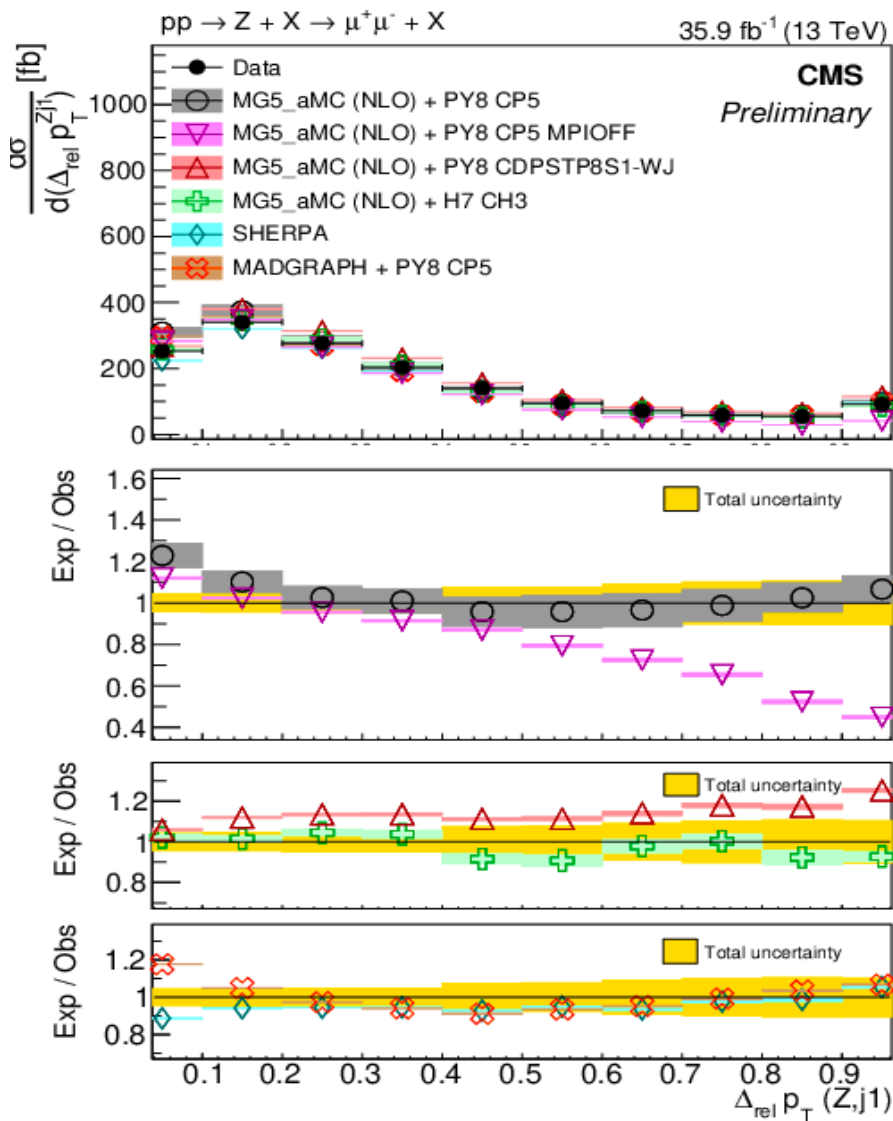
Cross-section (pb)		$Z + \geq 1$ Jets	$Z + \geq 2$ Jets
Measurement		158.5 ± 0.3 (stat)	44.8 ± 0.4 (stat)
		± 7.0 (syst)	± 3.7 (syst)
		± 1.2 (theo)	± 0.5 (theo)
		± 4.0 (lumi) pb	± 1.1 (lumi) pb
MG5_aMC (NLO)	PYTHIA 8, CP5 tune	167.4 ± 9.7	47.0 ± 3.9
	PYTHIA 8, CDPSTP8S1-WJ tune	178.4 ± 0.3	50.5 ± 0.2
	HERWIG 7, CH3 tune	158.3 ± 1.1	44.4 ± 0.6
MADGRAPH + PYTHIA 8, CP5 tune (LO)		161.2 ± 0.1	45.3 ± 0.1
SHERPA (NLO+LO)		149.8 ± 0.2	41.6 ± 0.1

- Well described by SHERPA, [MC@NLO](#)+PYTHIA8 (tune CP5) and [MC@NLO](#)+HERWIG7 (tune CH3) predictions.
- [MC@NLO](#)+PYTHIA8 (DPS tune CDPSTP8S1) overestimate by 10-15%

DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV

(arXiv:2105.14511, accepted by JHEP)

NEW



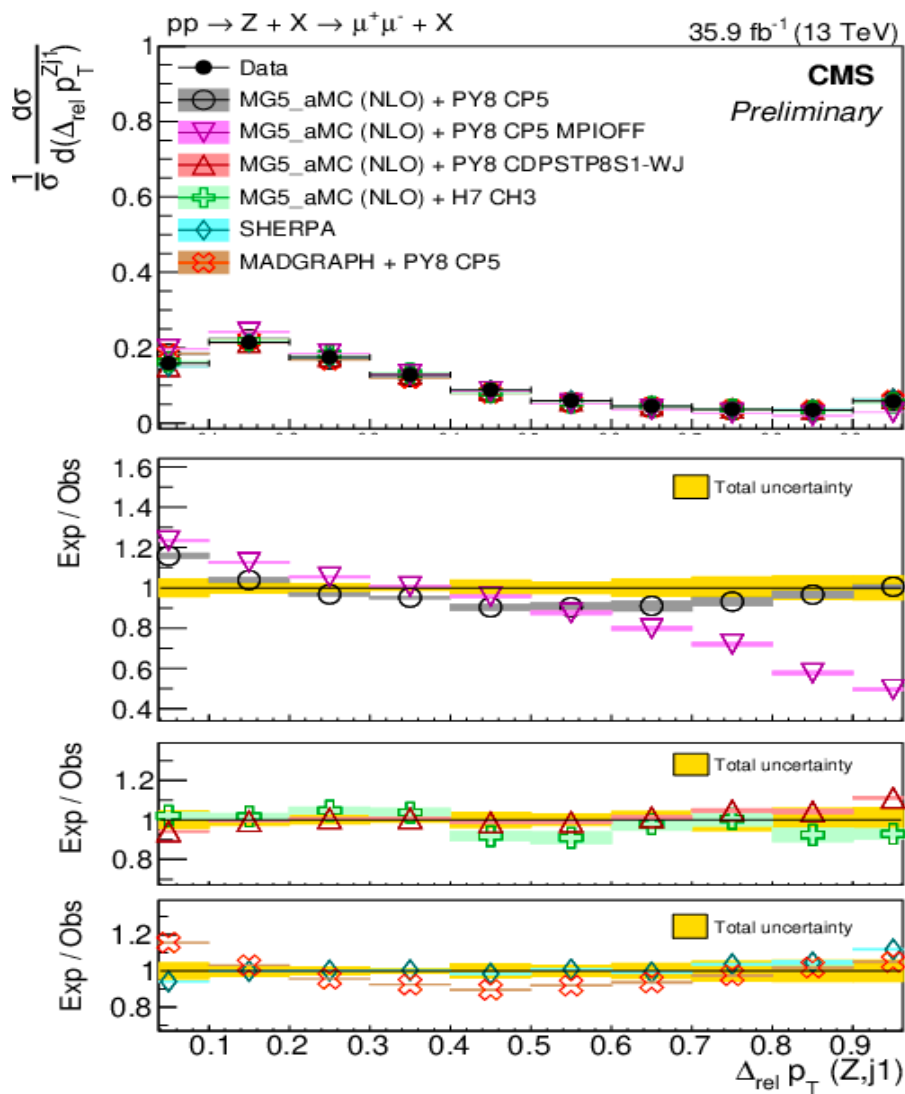
Differential cross-section

- Different MC event generators (except for the MG5_aMC + PYTHIA8 with the DPS-specific tune CDPSTP8S1-WJ) describe, within the uncertainties, the overall differential cross section as a function of $\Delta\Phi$ and $\Delta_{\text{rel}} p_T$, apart from a few discrepancies in some specific regions of these observables.
- MC@NLO+P8 (MPI-OFF) is lower than measurement (by 50%) in lower $\Delta\Phi$ and high $\Delta_{\text{rel}} p_T$ region.
- MC@NLO+P8 (MPI-OFF), MC@NLO+H7 and SHERPA: behave similar while describing differential and area normalized distributions.

DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV

(arXiv:2105.14511, accepted by JHEP)

NEW



Area-normalized distribution

- MC@NLO+P8 CP5 (with MPI) describes diff. cross-section within uncertainty (except lower region of $\Delta_{\text{rel}} p_T$ (SPS dominated), but underestimates measurement in case of area-normalized distributions (except lower $\Delta_{\text{rel}} p_T$ region).
- MC@NLO+P8 (CDPSTP8S1-WJ) fails to describe differential cross-section but describe shape of distribution within uncertainty --> well modelled collision energy dependence of MPI parameters in tune

As far as DPS goes, $W^\pm W^\pm$ is one of the most interesting processes

- great theoretical interest
- highest scale DPS process attainable at the LHC
- large benefit from same-sign:
 - SPS processes suppressed
 - Experimental backgrounds suppressed.

- DPS WW process not been observed experimentally before.
- Allow validation of factorization approach.
- Background for new physics searches

A fairly loose set of selection requirements implemented:

Two leptons: $e^\pm \mu^\pm$ or $\mu^\pm \mu^\pm$

$p_T^{\ell_1} > 25 \text{ GeV}$, $p_T^{\ell_2} > 20 \text{ GeV}$

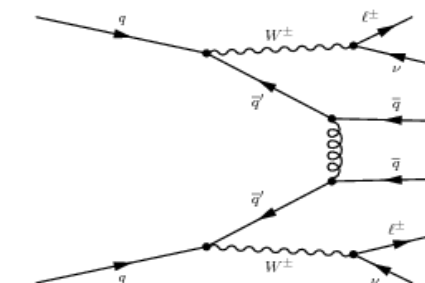
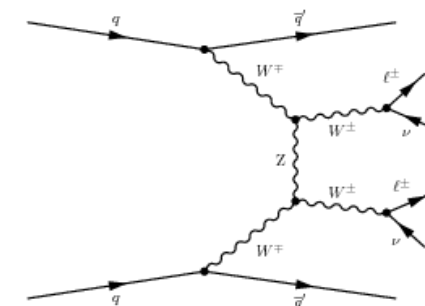
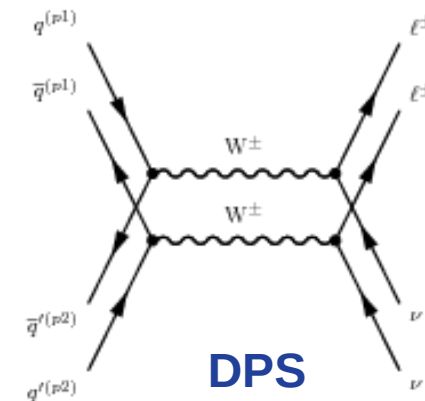
$|\eta_e| < 2.5$, $|\eta_\mu| < 2.4$

$p_T^{\text{miss}} > 15 \text{ GeV}$

$N_{\text{jets}} < 2$ ($p_T^{\text{jet}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta_{\text{jet}}| < 2.5$)

$N_{\text{b-tagged jets}} = 0$ ($p_T^{\text{bjet}} > 25 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta_{\text{bjet}}| < 2.4$)

Veto on additional e , μ , and τ_h candidates



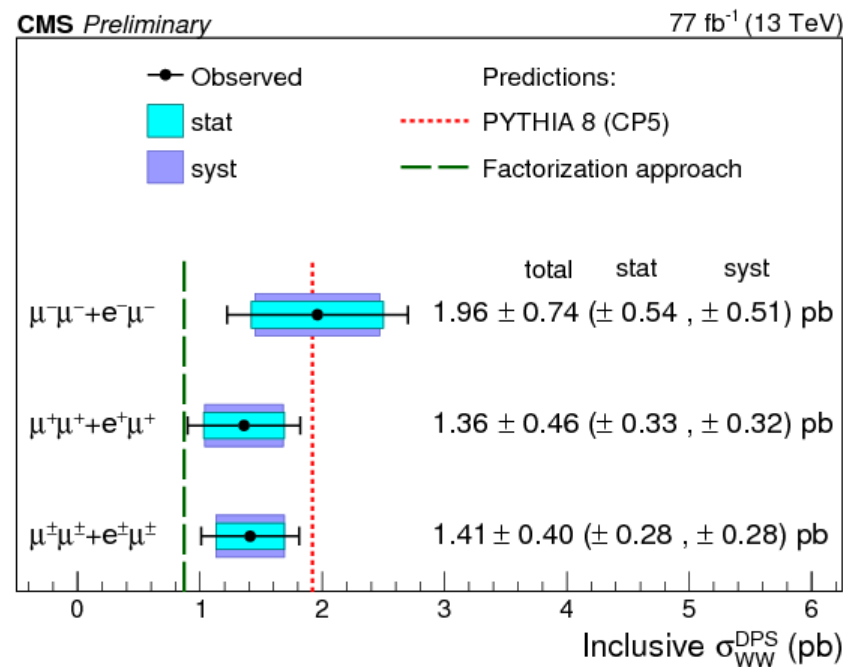
Analysis Strategy and Results:

- phase space rather crowded, no strong handle to suppress backgrounds
- two most important backgrounds: irreducible **WZ -> 3lnu** (around 40%), reducible **non-prompt** leptons (around 30%), other backgrounds estimated from MC
- Multivariate classifiers are used to discriminate between the signal and the dominant background processes.
- A maximum likelihood fit is performed to extract the signal cross section.

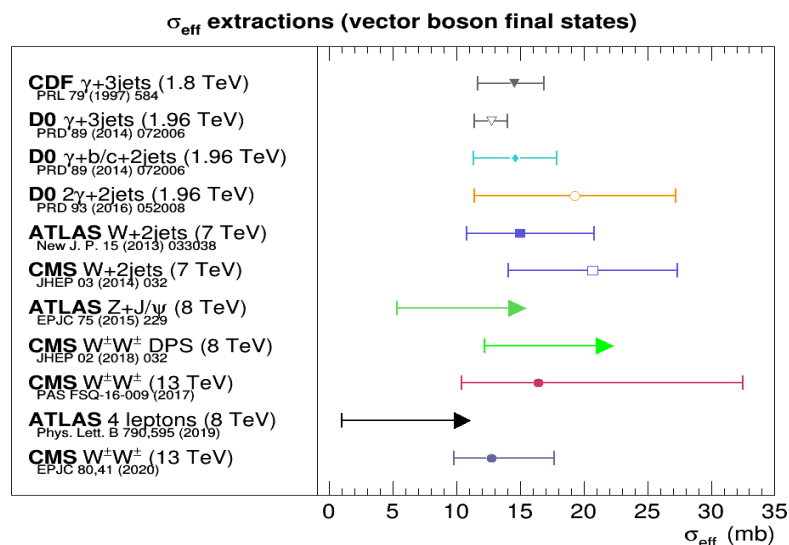
first evidence for WW production via DPS,
- significance of 3.9 SD.

measured inclusive cross section is
: 1.41 ± 0.28 (stat) ± 0.28 (syst) pb

	Value	Significance (standard deviations)
$\sigma_{\text{DPS WW, exp}}^{\text{PYTHIA}}$	1.92 pb	5.4
$\sigma_{\text{DPS WW, exp}}^{\text{factorized}}$	0.87 pb	2.5
$\sigma_{\text{DPS WW, obs}}$	1.41 ± 0.28 (stat) ± 0.28 (syst) pb	3.9
σ_{eff}	$12.7^{+5.0}_{-2.9}$ mb	—



- An overview of some recent DPS measurements at CMS has been presented.
- An eventual observation of DPS process would permit to study the validity of the factorization approach, which is prevalent in current MC event generators.
- 13 TeV result constitutes the first evidence of the DPS WW process.
- DPS measurement with 4-jets and Z+Jets process demonstrate the need for further development of models in few areas.
- Still more measurements and efforts as well as LHC run 3 preparation on-going. Stay tuned!







CMS Publications



- **Measurement of double-parton scattering in inclusive production of four jets with low transverse momentum in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV, arXiv:2109.13822, submitted to JHEP**
- **Study of Z boson plus jets events using variables sensitive to double-parton scattering in pp collisions at 13 TeV**
- **Evidence for WW production from double-parton interactions in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV**

Extraction Strategy of σ_{eff} (1)

- Before extraction of σ_{eff} from the pocket formula
 - Define the processes A and B
 - Extract method
- 4-jet DPS event when 1, 2, 3 jets come from process A and 3, 2, 1 jets come from process B resp.
 - Define A and B as inclusive single jet processes \rightarrow

$$\sigma_A = \sigma_{\text{jet}}(p_T \geq 50 \text{ GeV})$$

$$\sigma_B = \sigma_{\text{jet}}(p_T \geq 30 \text{ GeV})$$
 - Lowest threshold jet trigger = 30 GeV
 \rightarrow Extraction in region II performed
- Rapidity cross sections of processes A and B measured from data!
- Combining events from A and B into a DPS event
 - Veto condition for overlapping jets
 - 4-jet efficiency $\epsilon_{4j} = 0.32441 \pm 0.00053$ (stat.) found
 - \rightarrow Combination rate of events from A and B that result in a 4-jet event passing the region II selection criteria
 - Pure DPS data sample is formed, same is done for Pythia 8 and Herwig++ with CUETP8M1 and CUETHS1 tunes resp.
- Rewrite pocket formula, taking overlap of A and B into account:

$$\sigma_{A,B}^{DPS} = \frac{\epsilon_{4j}}{\sigma_{\text{eff}}} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sigma_A^2 + \sigma_A \cdot (\sigma_B - \sigma_A) \right) = \frac{\epsilon_{4j} \sigma_A \sigma_B}{\sigma_{\text{eff}}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_A}{\sigma_B} \right)$$

Extraction Strategy of σ_{eff} (2)

- Before extraction of σ_{eff} from the pocket formula

- Define the processes A and B
- Extract method

$$\sigma_{A,B}^{DPS} = \frac{\epsilon_{4j} \sigma_A \sigma_B}{\sigma_{\text{eff}}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sigma_A}{\sigma_B} \right)$$

- Template method for determination DPS cross section

$$\sigma^{\text{Data}}(\Delta S) = f_{DPS} \cdot \sigma_{DPS}^{\text{Data}}(\Delta S) + (1 - f_{DPS}) \cdot \sigma_{SPS}^{\text{MC}}(\Delta S)$$

- ΔS found to be least affected by parton showers (see results), used in extraction!
- TFractionFitter class: likelihood fit using Poisson statistics
- Optimal value of the fraction of DPS events in data (f_{DPS}) determined

- Background template: SPS MC models

- Signal template:

- ΔS_{DPS} determined from pure DPS data sample
- Fully corrected through same exact unfolding procedure as other observables
- → Constructed pure DPS MC samples used for unfolding

- DPS cross section from f_{DPS} : $\sigma_{A,B}^{DPS} = f_{DPS} \int \sigma^{\text{Data}}(\Delta S) d(\Delta S)$

→ DPS is simplest form of multiple partonic interactions (MPI), expected Calculation of σ_{eff} possible with DPS cross section as input in the pocket-formula!

Pythia 8, Herwig++ and Herwig 7 (1)

- Pythia 8
 - CUETP8M1, CDPSTP8S1-4j (GEN-14-001), CP5 tunes
 - **p_T -ordered parton shower**
- Pythia 8 with Vincia showering
 - Standard Pythia 8.3 tune
 - **dipole-antenna showering in Pythia 8**
- Herwig++
 - CUETHS1 tune
 - **Angular-ordered parton shower**
- Herwig 7
 - CH3, SoftTune tunes
 - **Angular-ordered parton shower**

Sample	Tune	σ_I (μb)	σ_{II} (μb)
Data	-	2.77 ± 0.02 $^{+0.68}_{-0.55}$	0.61 ± 0.01 $^{+0.12}_{-0.10}$
PYTHIA 8	CUETP8M1	5.03	1.07
PYTHIA 8	CP5	4.07	0.84
PYTHIA 8	CDPSTP8S1-4j	7.06	1.28
PYTHIA 8+VINCIA	Standard PYTHIA 8.3	4.66	0.97
HERWIG++	CUETHS1	4.35	0.83
HERWIG 7	CH3	4.82	0.98
HERWIG 7	SoftTune	5.34	1.07

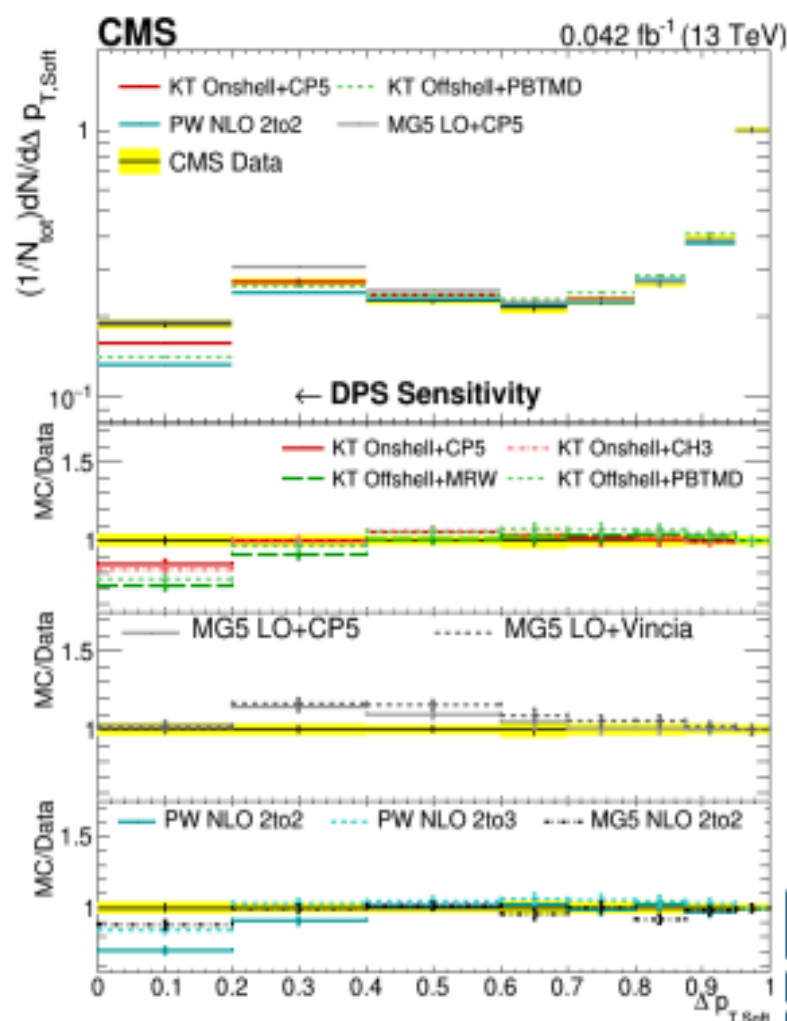
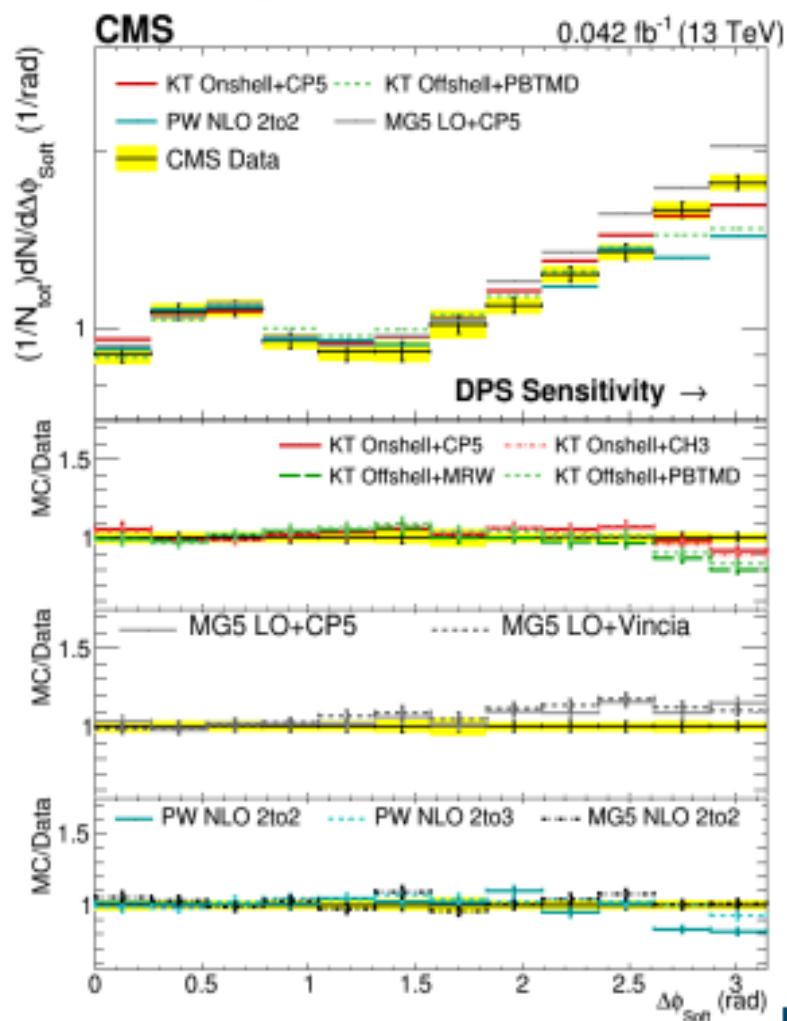
MultiJet Samples (1)

- MadGraph5
 - 2 LO samples, 2→2,3,4 MEs combined, showered with Pythia 8 with the CP5 tune and with Pythia 8 with Vincia showering
 - NLO 2→2 sample, showered with Pythia with CP5 tune
- PowhegBox
 - NLO 2→2 and NLO 2→3 samples
 - Showered with Pythia interfaced with the CP5 tune
- KaTie is tree-level ME generator
 - On-shell production showered with Pythia 8 and Herwig 7
 - Off-shell production possible, showered with Cascade
 - Initial states receive non-zero k_T , used with different TMD PDFs
 - LO 2→4 ME for all samples
 - Generation of pure DPS sample possible

Sample	Tune/TMD	σ_1 (μb)	σ_{11} (μb)
Data	-	2.77 ± 0.02 ^{+0.68} _{-0.55}	0.61 ± 0.01 ^{+0.12} _{-0.10}
KATIE on-shell, PYTHIA 8	CP5	4.23	2.87
KATIE on-shell, HERWIG 7	CH3	3.56	2.25
KATIE off-shell, CASCADE	MRW	2.40	1.46
KATIE off-shell, CASCADE	PBTMD	2.57	1.56
MADGRAPH 5 LO 2 → 2, 3, 4, PYTHIA 8	CP5	2.69	1.26
MADGRAPH 5 LO 2 → 2, 3, 4, PYTHIA 8+VINCIA	Standard PYTHIA 8.3	1.93	0.90
MADGRAPH 5 NLO 2 → 2, PYTHIA 8	CP5	2.12	1.03
POWHEG NLO 2 → 2, PYTHIA 8	CP5	3.50	1.62
POWHEG NLO 2 → 3, PYTHIA 8	CP5	2.55	1.22

MultiJet Samples (3)

- $\Delta\phi_{\text{Soft}}$ (left) and $\Delta p_{T,\text{Soft}}$ (right)
- All MadGraph models overshoot DPS-sensitive slope
- All KaTie and Powheg models indicate need for DPS contribution
- Both MadGraph LO models overshoot DPS-sensitive slope
- All KaTie and NLO models indicate need for DPS contribution



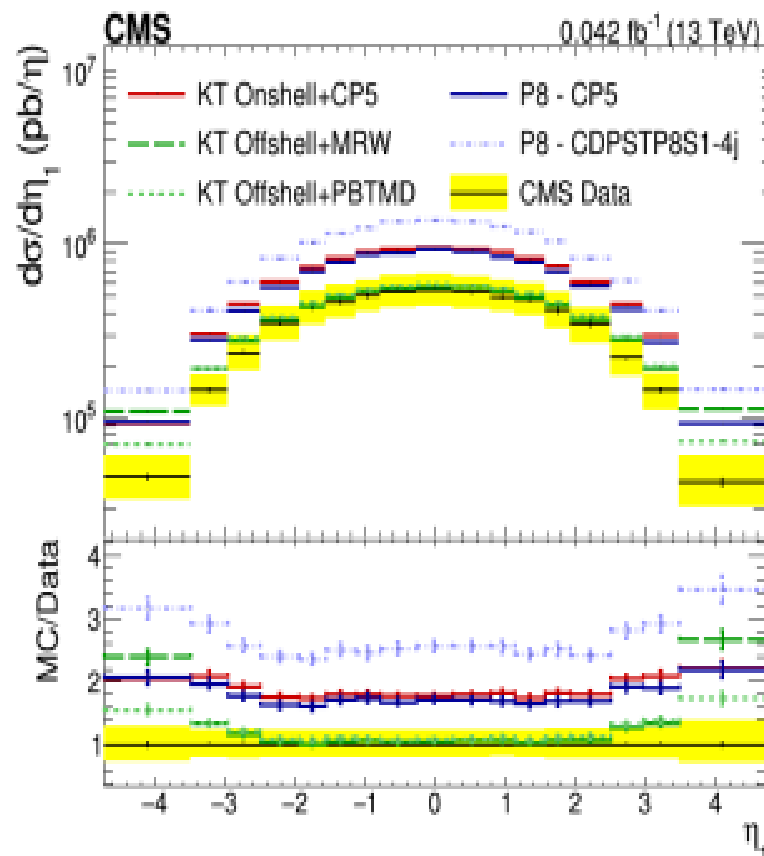
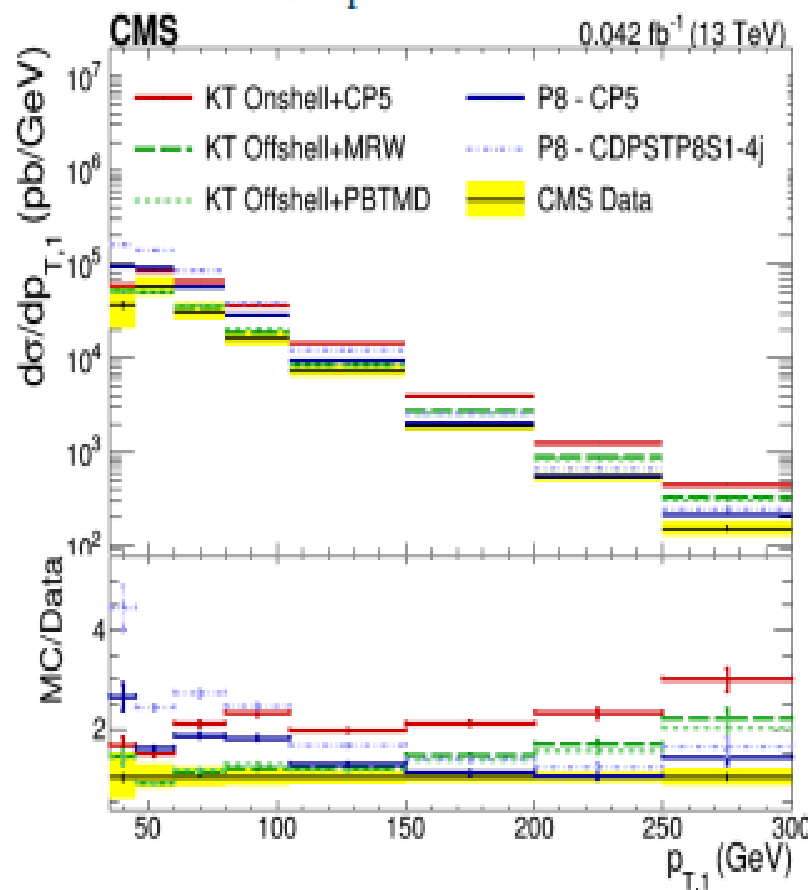
SPS+DPS Samples (1)

- Pythia 8
 - Pythia 8 allows generation of two times 2→2 ME at LO
 - σ_{eff} determined by UE parameters, not directly accessible
 - Pythia 8 with CP5 tune (SPS+DPS) sample
 - Pythia 8 with CDPSTP8S1-4j without DPS contribution
 - DPS is already in tune
- KaTie on- and off-shell
 - Include DPS contribution to SPS 2→4 ME at LO
 - Two times 2→2 ME at LO generated
 - σ_{eff} directly accessible, put to 21.3 mb (GEN-14-001)
 - On-shell sample hadronization only possible with Pythia 8
 - Off-shell samples with Cascade
 - DPS contribution through non-perturbative corrections from parton to hadron level

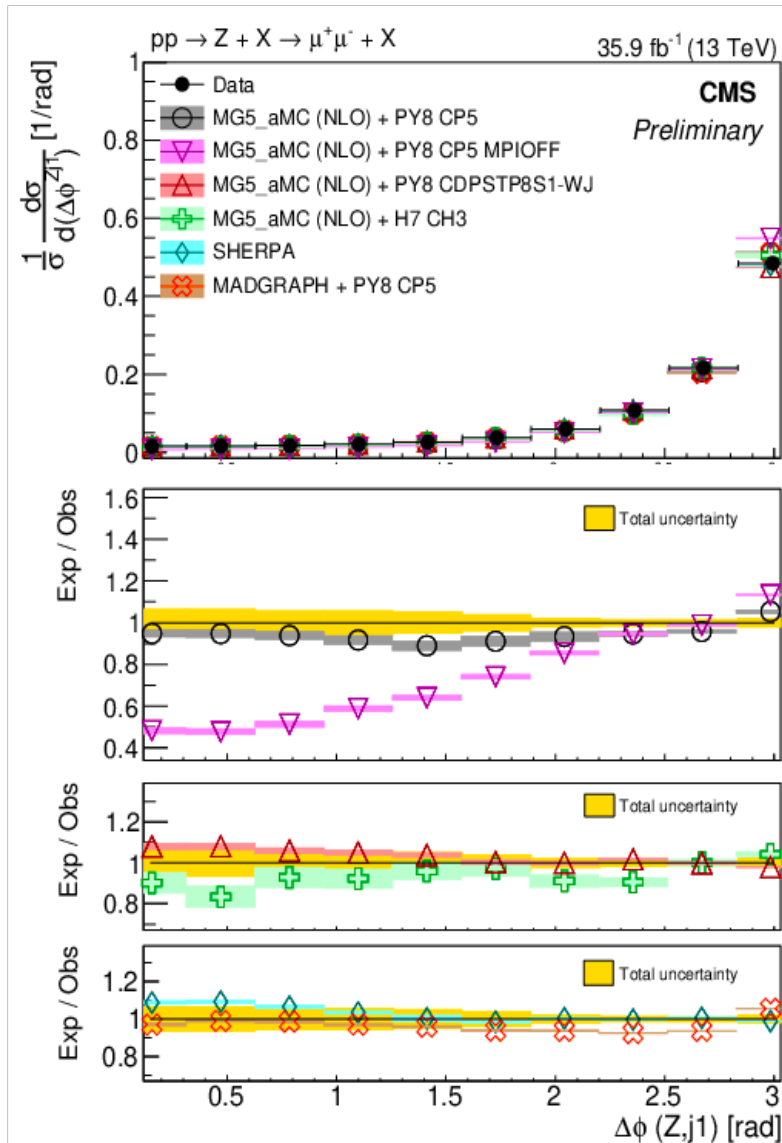
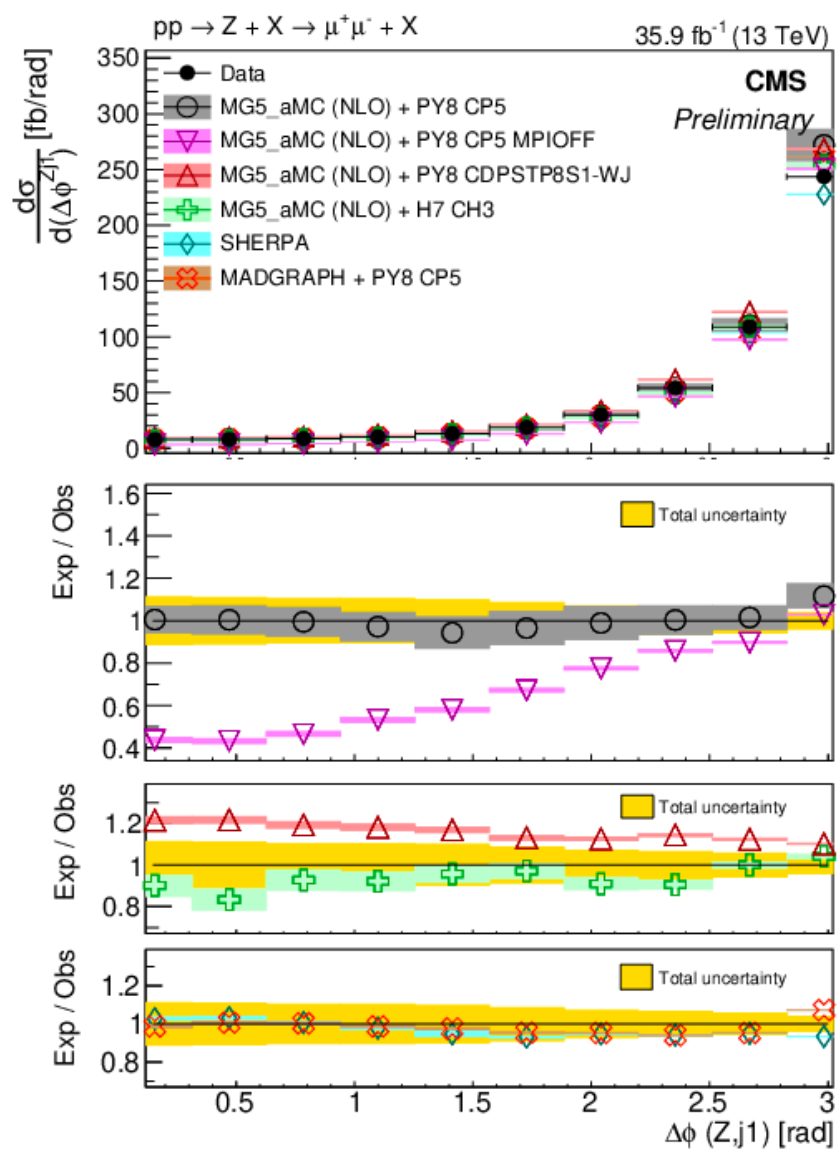
Sample	Tune/TMD	σ_I (μb)	σ_{II} (μb)
Data	-	2.77 ± 0.02 ^{+0.68} _{-0.55}	0.61 ± 0.01 ^{+0.12} _{-0.10}
SPS+DPS KATIE on-shell, PYTHIA 8	CP5	5.04	2.14
SPS+DPS KATIE off-shell, CASCADE	MRW	3.11	0.95
SPS+DPS KATIE off-shell, CASCADE	PBTMD	3.12	0.99
SPS+DPS PYTHIA 8	CP5	4.76	0.94
PYTHIA 8	CDPSTP8S1-4j	7.06	1.28

SPS+DPS Samples (2)

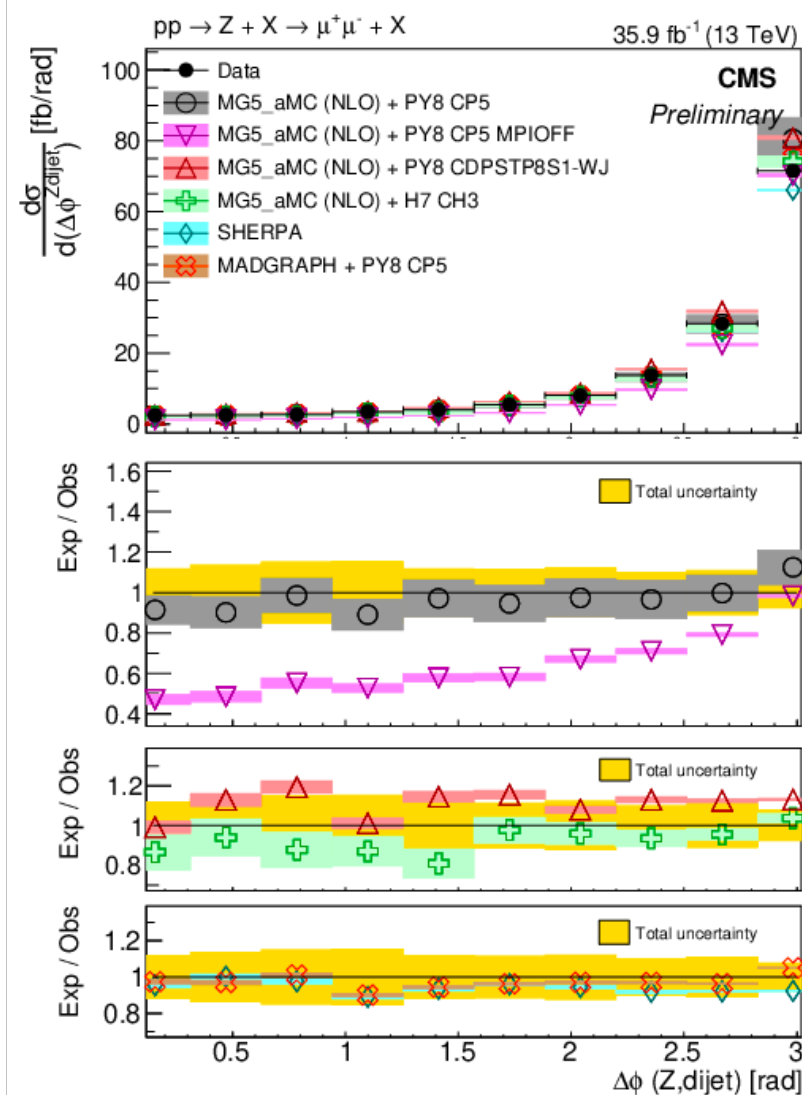
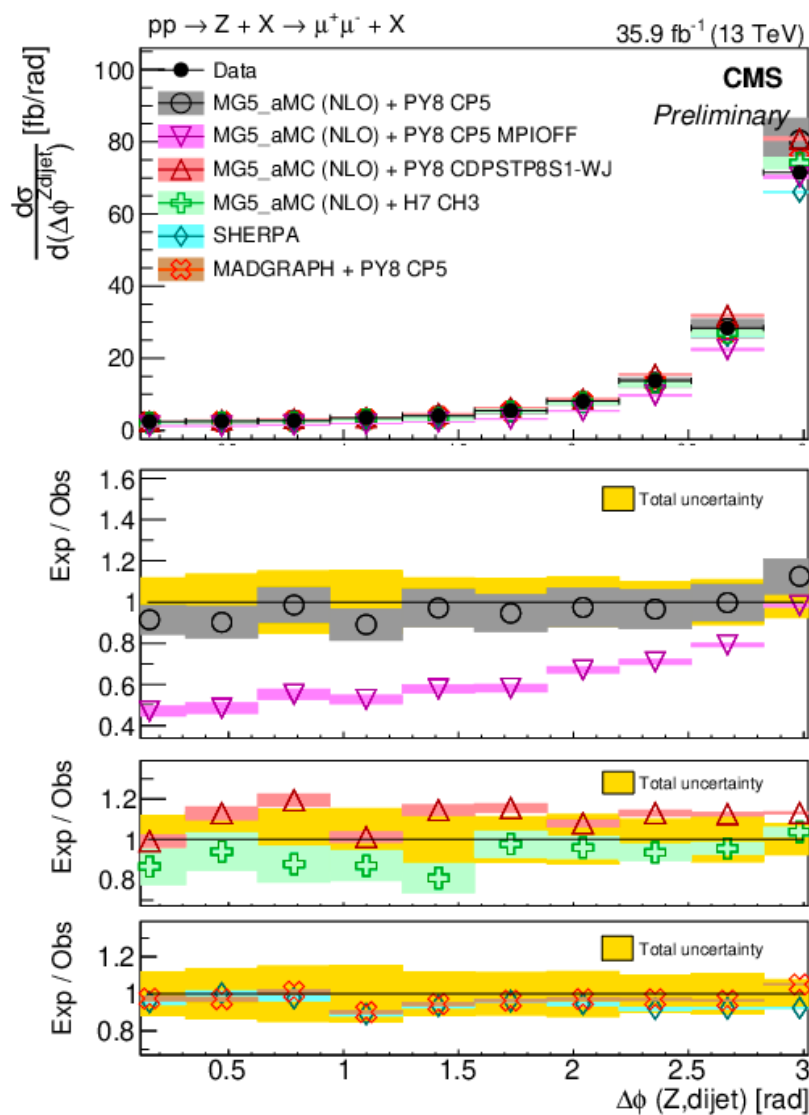
- $p_{T,1}$ (left) and η_1 (right)
 - Off-shell KaTie good description at low p_T (2→4 ME)
 - Pythia 8 with CP5 good description at high p_T (2→2 ME)
 - DPS contribution mainly at low p_T and forward/backward regions compared to SPS predictions



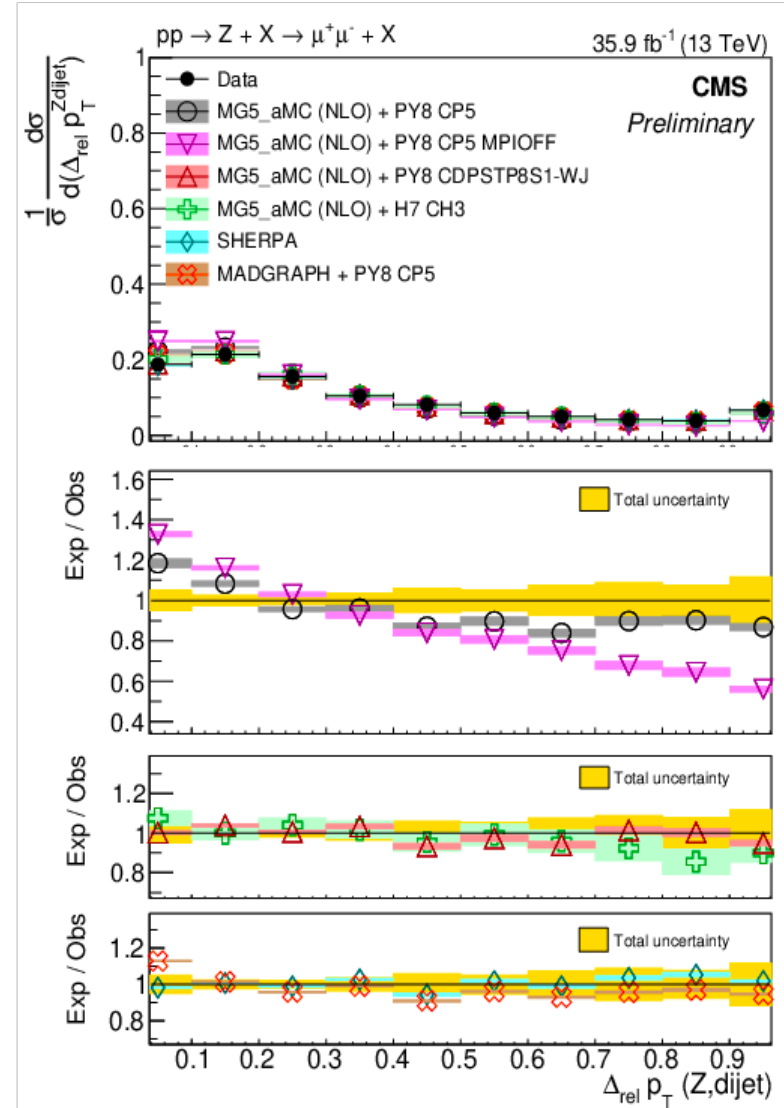
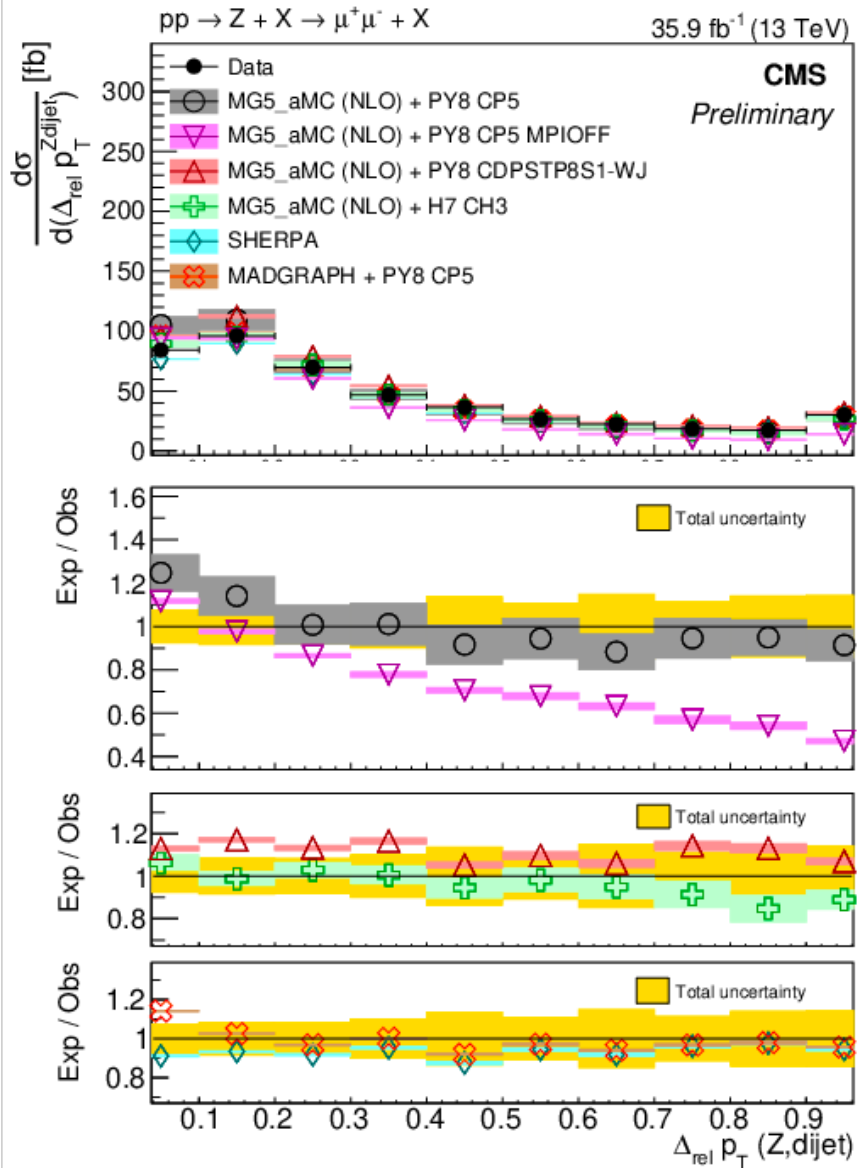
DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV (CMS-PAS-20-009)



DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV (CMS-PAS-20-009)



DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV (CMS-PAS-20-009)



DPS studies using Z+jets process at 13 TeV (CMS-PAS-20-009)

