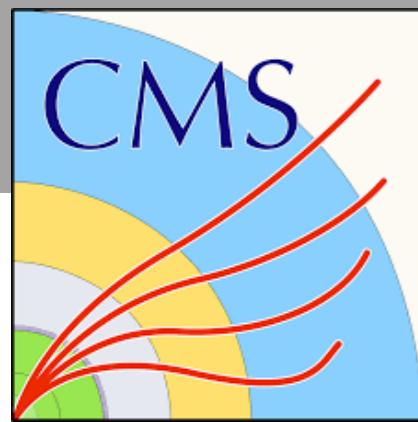


Recent heavy ion results from CMS

Subash Chandra Behera
on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

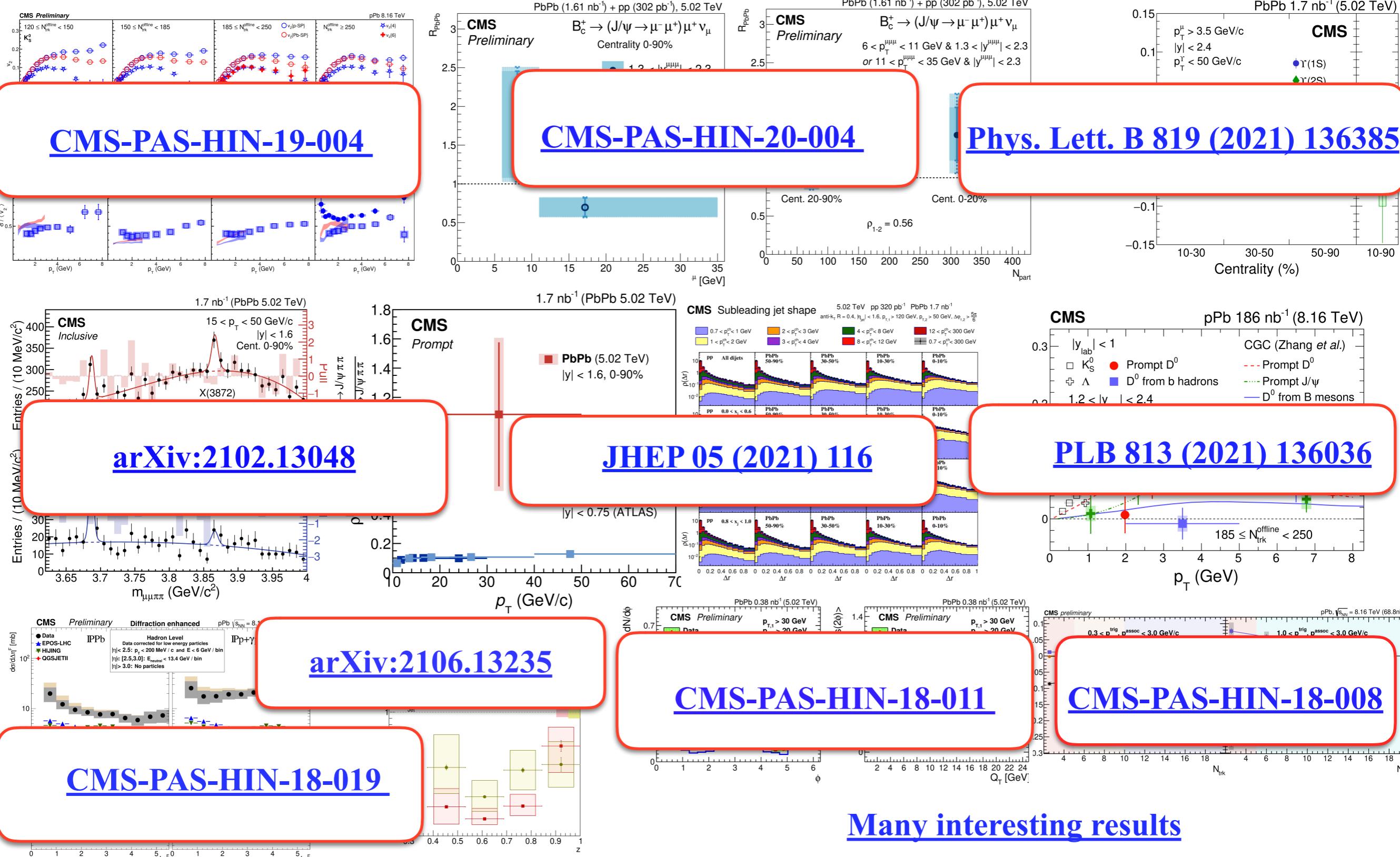
Indian Institute of Technology Madras

22nd edition International Conference on Particle and Nuclear Interaction
PANIC 2021, 5-10 September





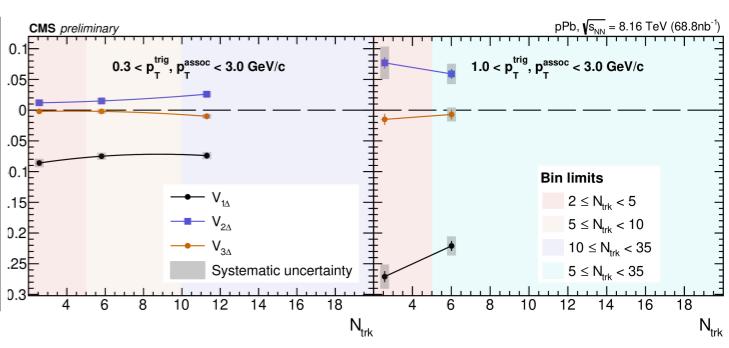
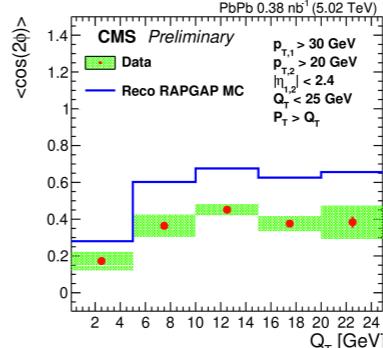
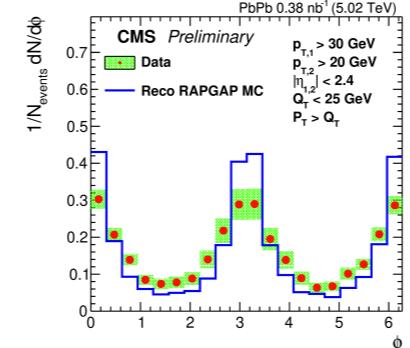
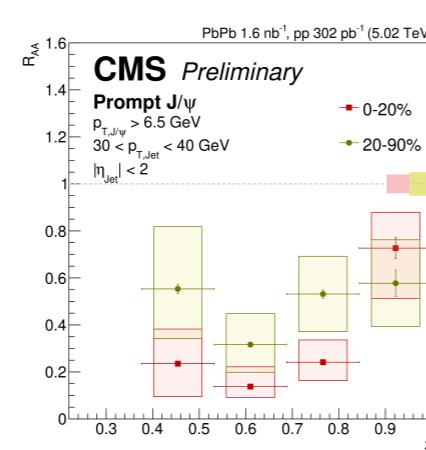
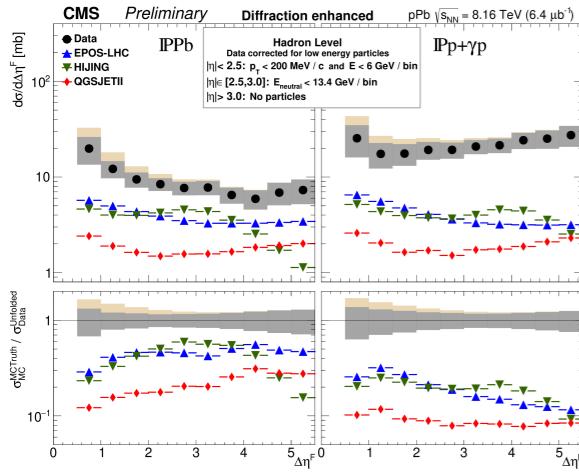
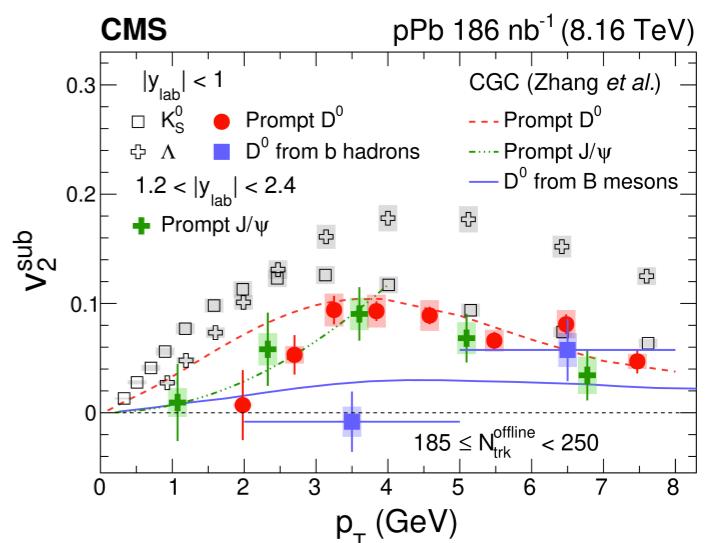
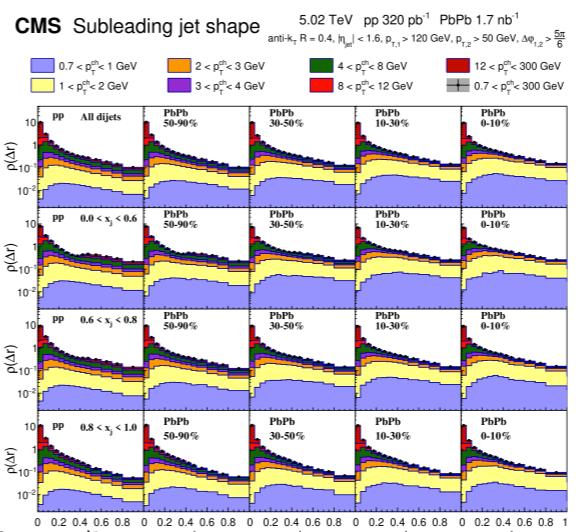
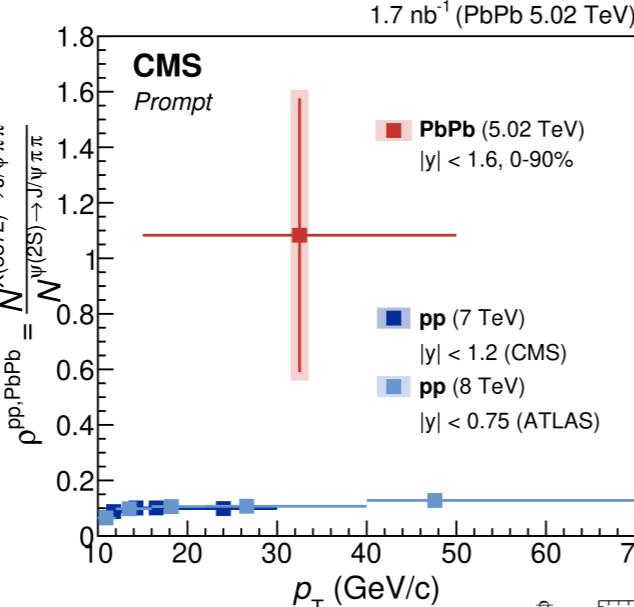
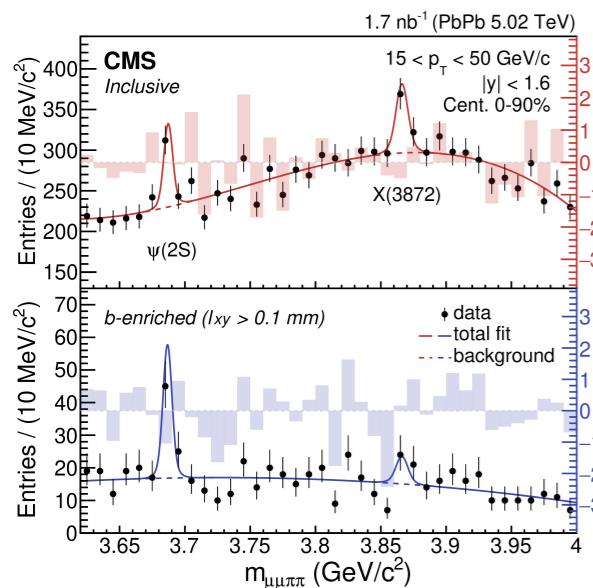
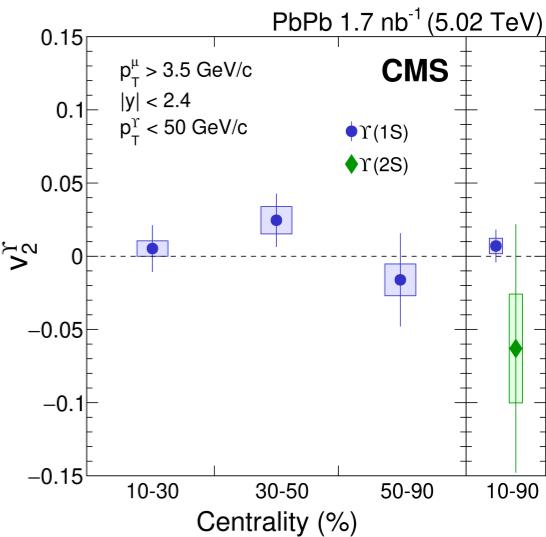
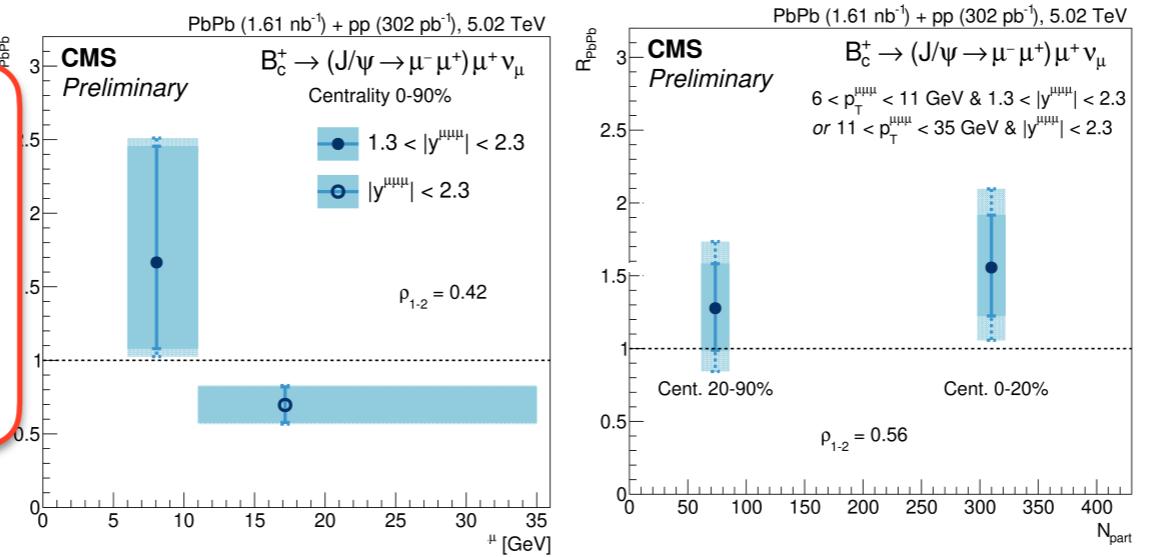
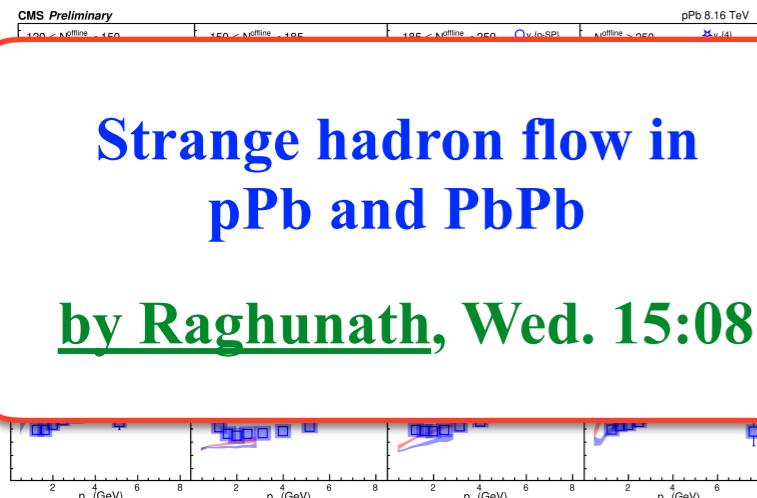
Recent heavy-ion results



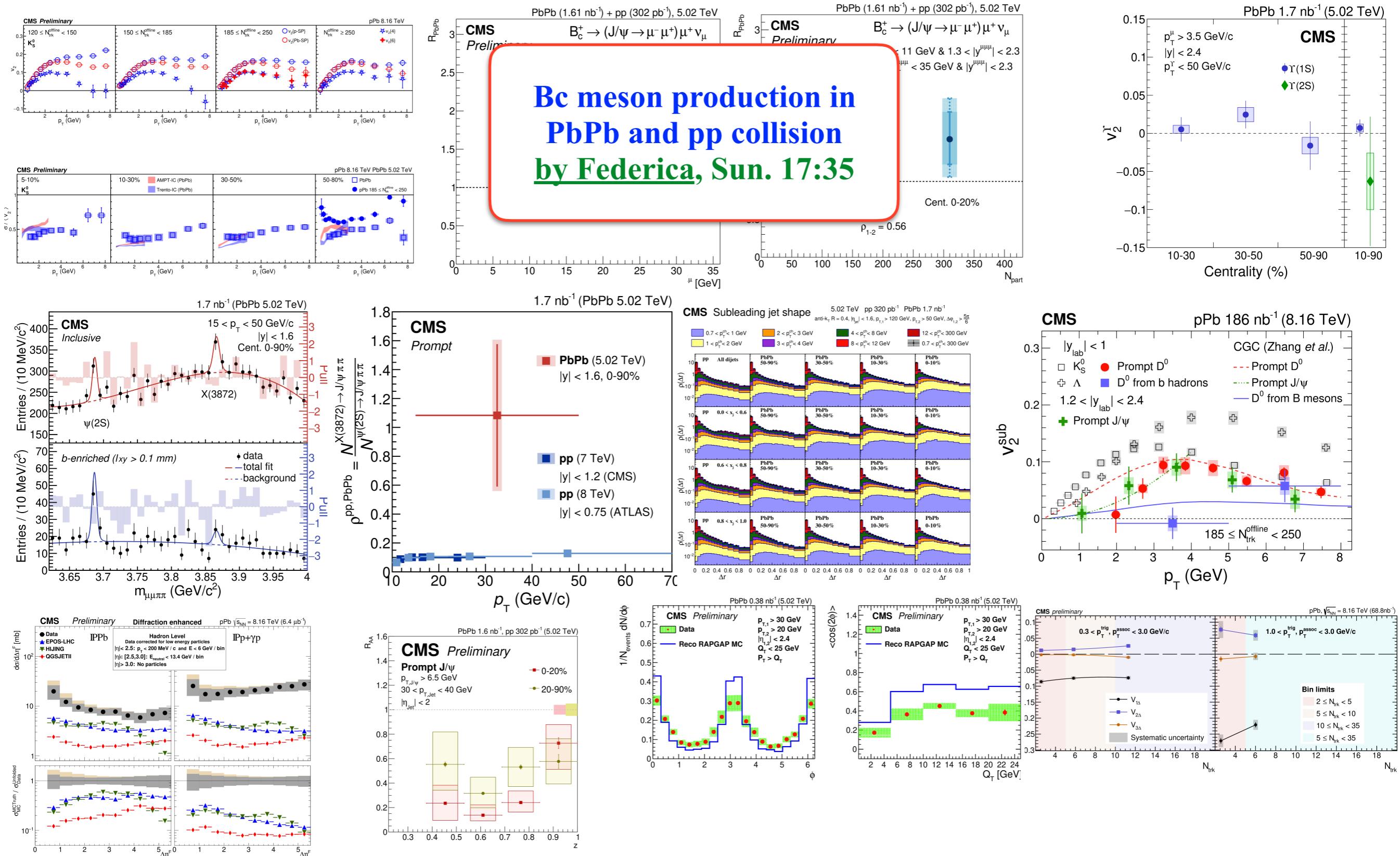
Recent heavy-ion results

Strange hadron flow in pPb and PbPb

by Raghunath, Wed. 15:08

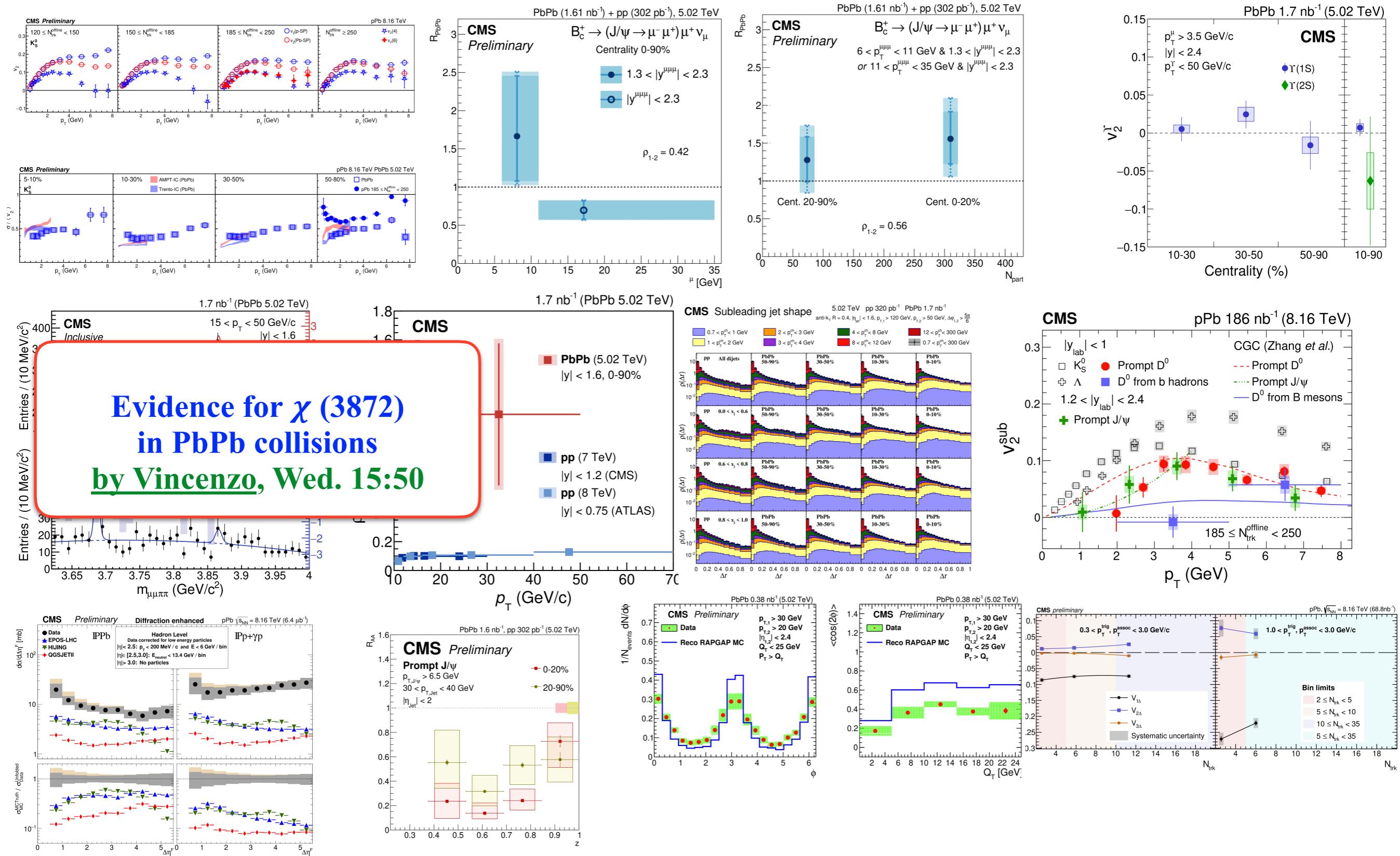


Recent heavy-ion results

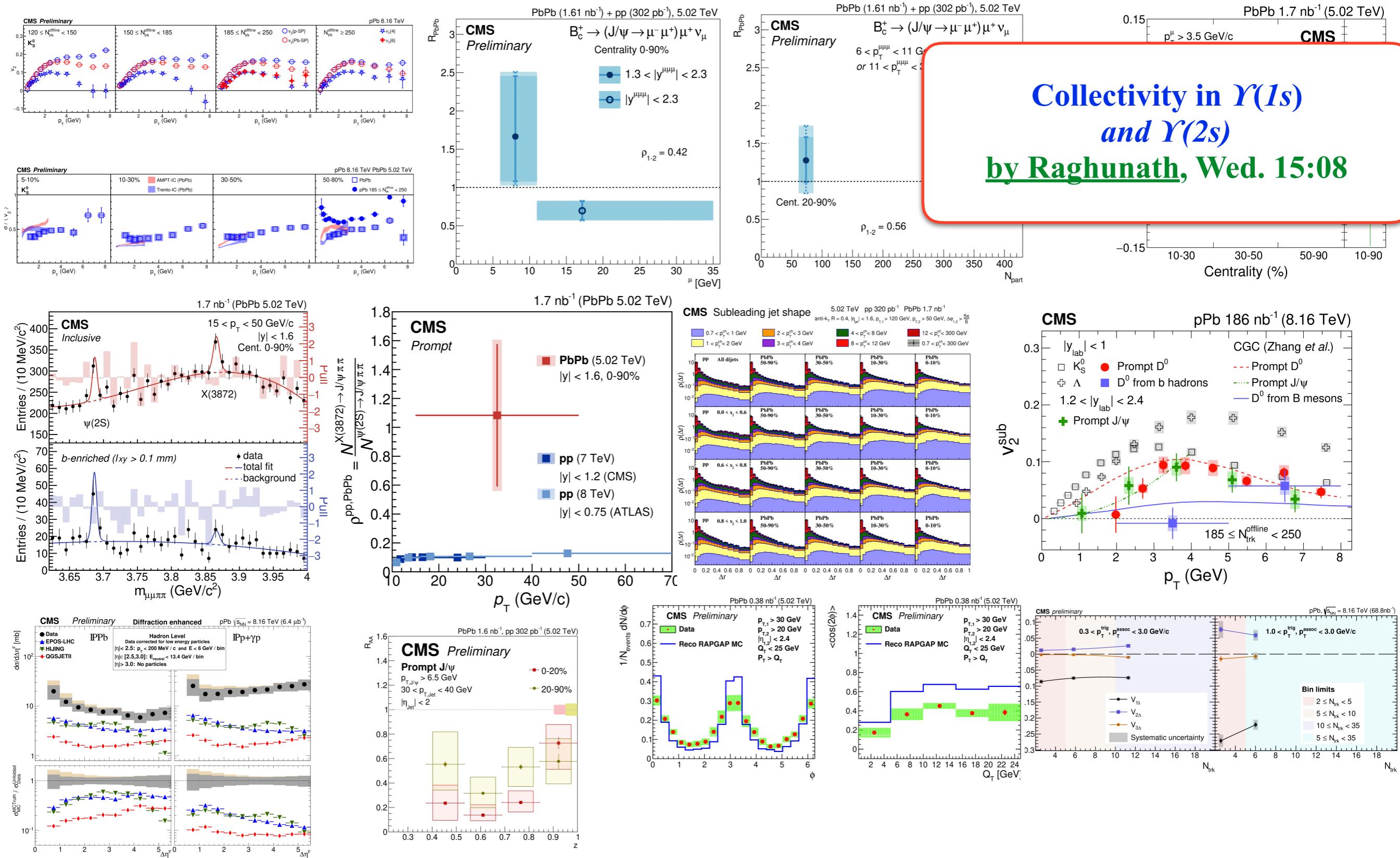




Recent heavy-ion results



Recent heavy-ion results





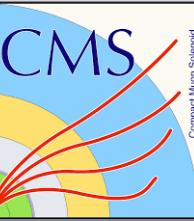
Initial state interaction :

- New constraints of initial states in PbPb collisions with Z boson yields and azimuthal anisotropy
- Search for strong electromagnetic fields in PbPb collisions via azimuthal anisotropy of D^0 and \bar{D}^0 mesons
- Forward neutron multiplicity dependence of dimuon acoplanarity in ultra-peripheral PbPb collisions

QGP medium effect:

- First observation of B_s^0 in PbPb
- J/ψ meson within a Jet in PbPb and pp collisions
- Probing charm quark dynamics via multiparticle azimuthal correlations



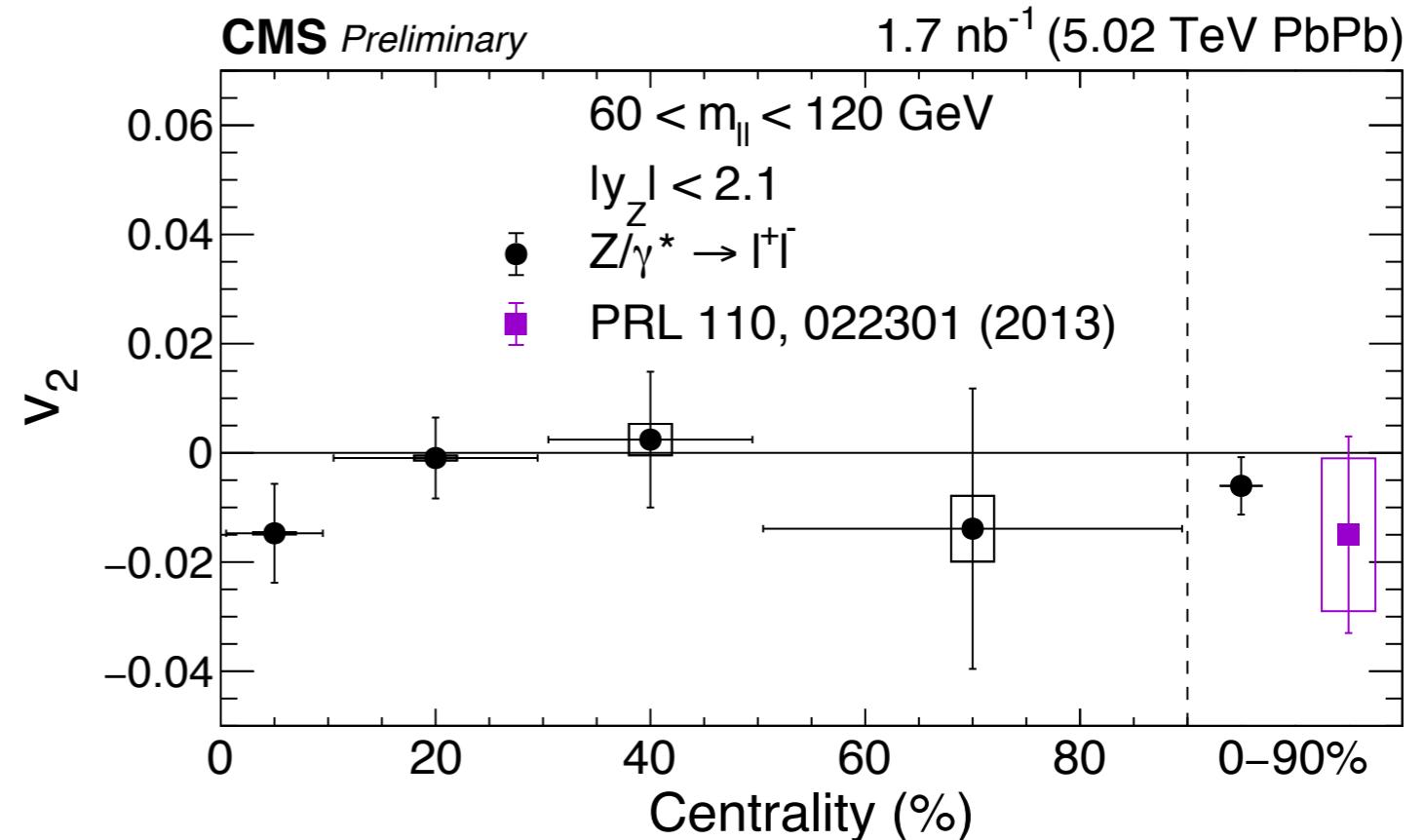
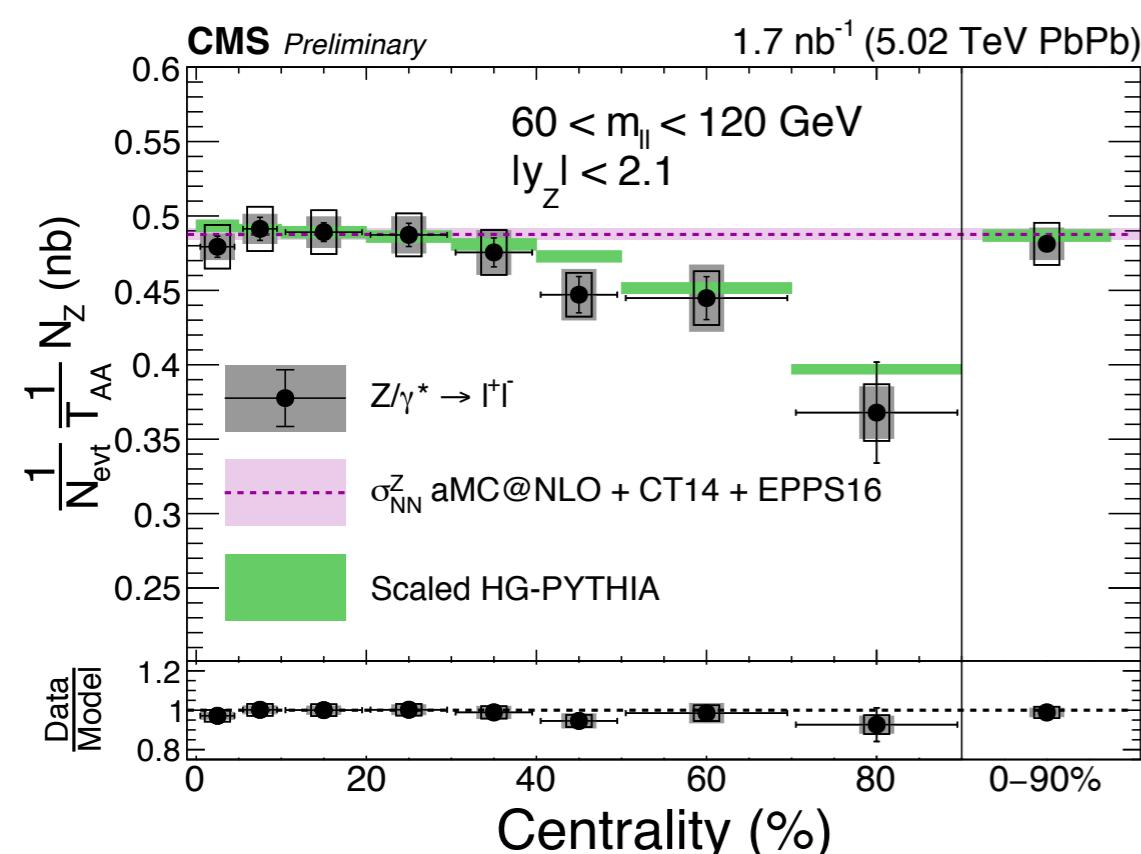


Intial state interaction



Z boson yields and azimuthal anisotropy

Phys. Rev. Lett. 127, 102002



Indicates the presence of initial collision geometry

High precision

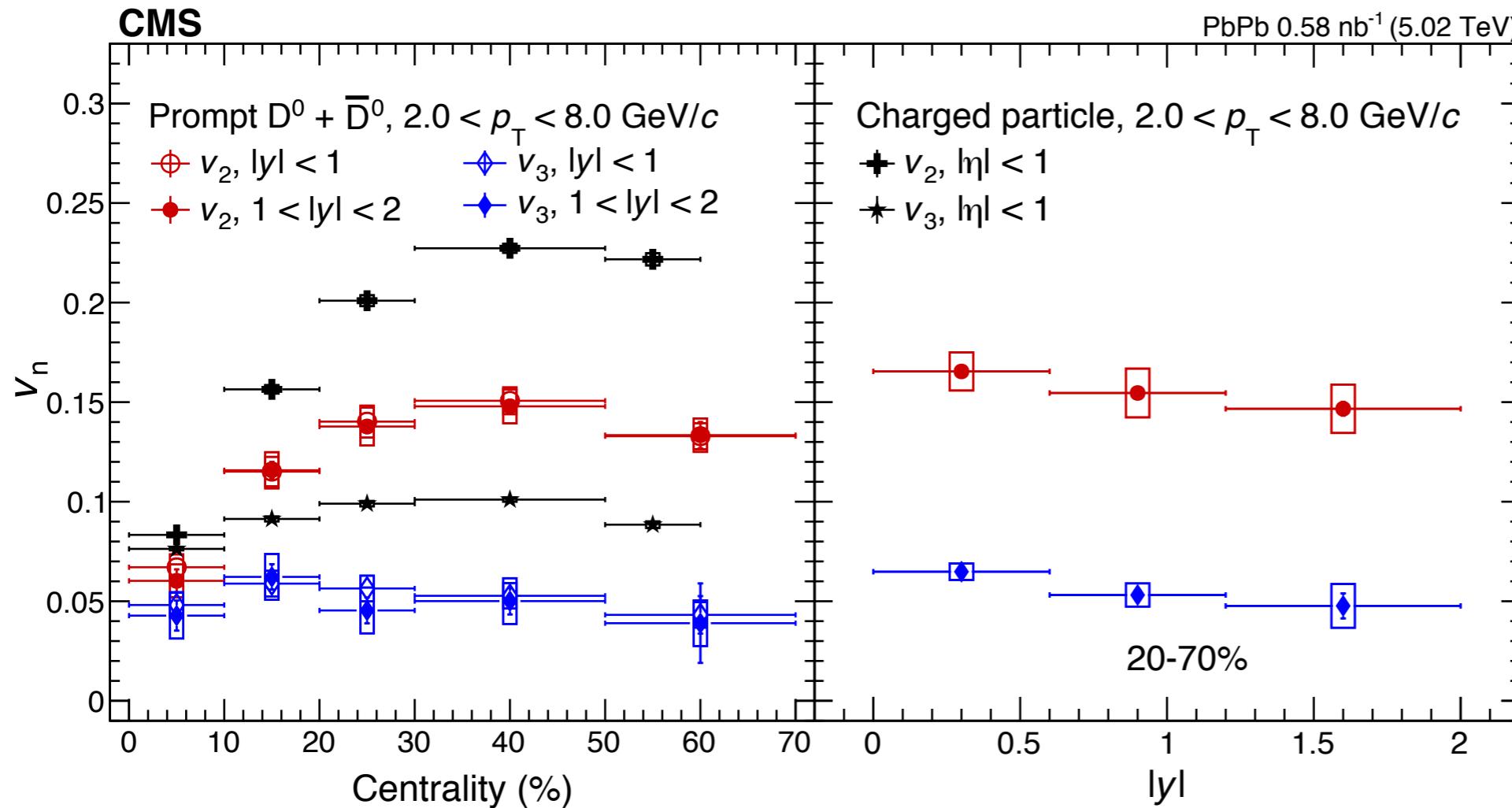
- The Z boson azimuthal anisotropy (v_2) is compatible with zero within the uncertainties.

Azimuthal anisotropy of D^0 and \bar{D}^0 mesons



v_2 & v_3 as function of Centrality and Rapidity

PLB 816 (2021) 136253



Weak dependence
observed

- Clear dependence of v_2 as function of centrality
- v_3 is almost constant with centrality
- v_n trends understood in terms of collision geometry
- Slight tendency to lower values at larger rapidities

$\Delta V_2(D^0 - \bar{D}^0)$ as a Function of Rapidity



Electric field generates non-zero ΔV_2

- Predictions for charged hadrons at LHC energies:

$\Delta V_2 \sim 0.001$ [Phys. Rev.C 98, 055201 (2018)]

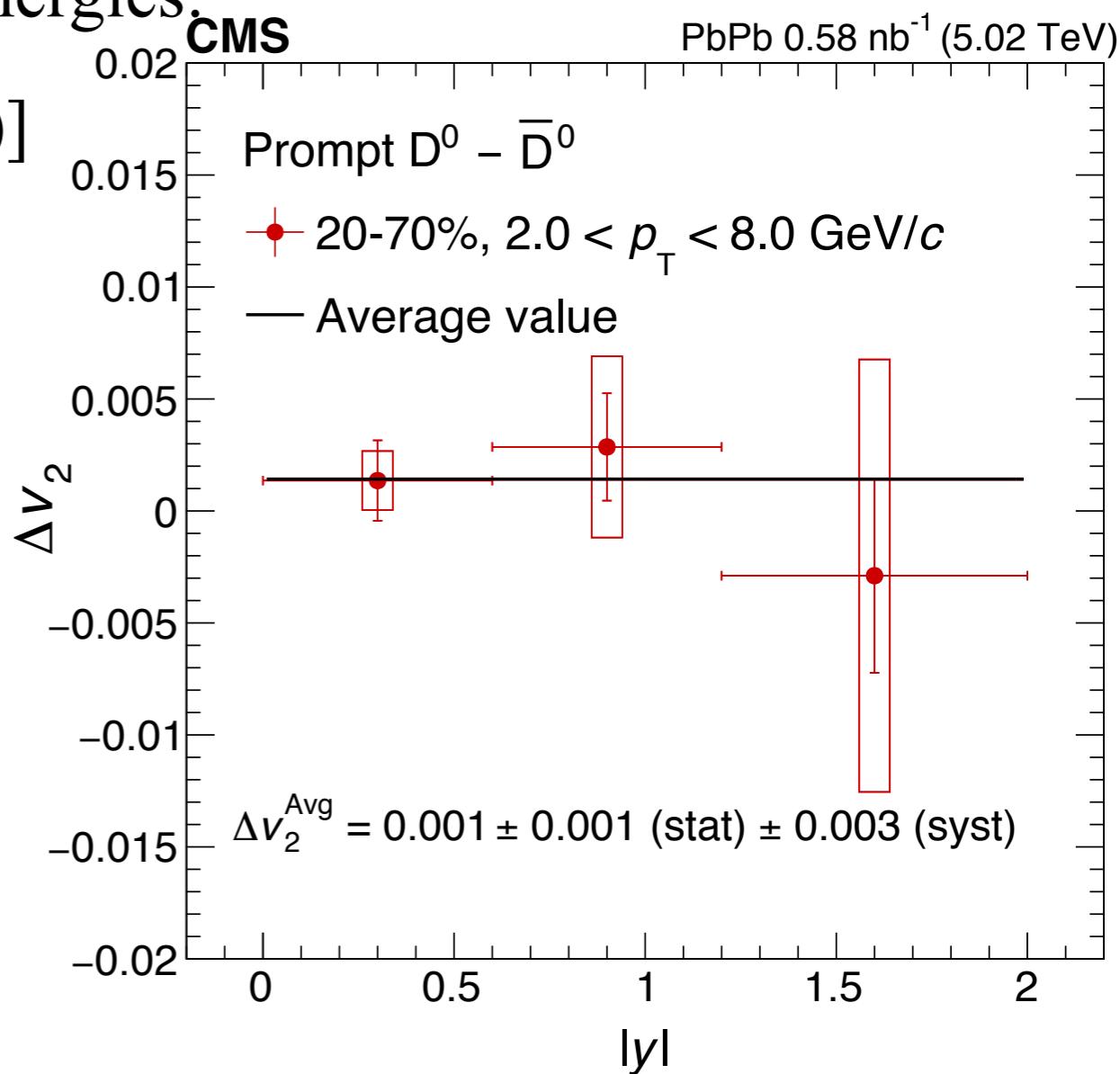
- Bigger values expected for D^0

[Phys. Rev.C 98, 055201 (2018)]

- Rapidity average value extracted with fit

$$\langle \Delta V_2 \rangle = 0.001 \pm 0.001 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.003 \text{ (syst)}$$

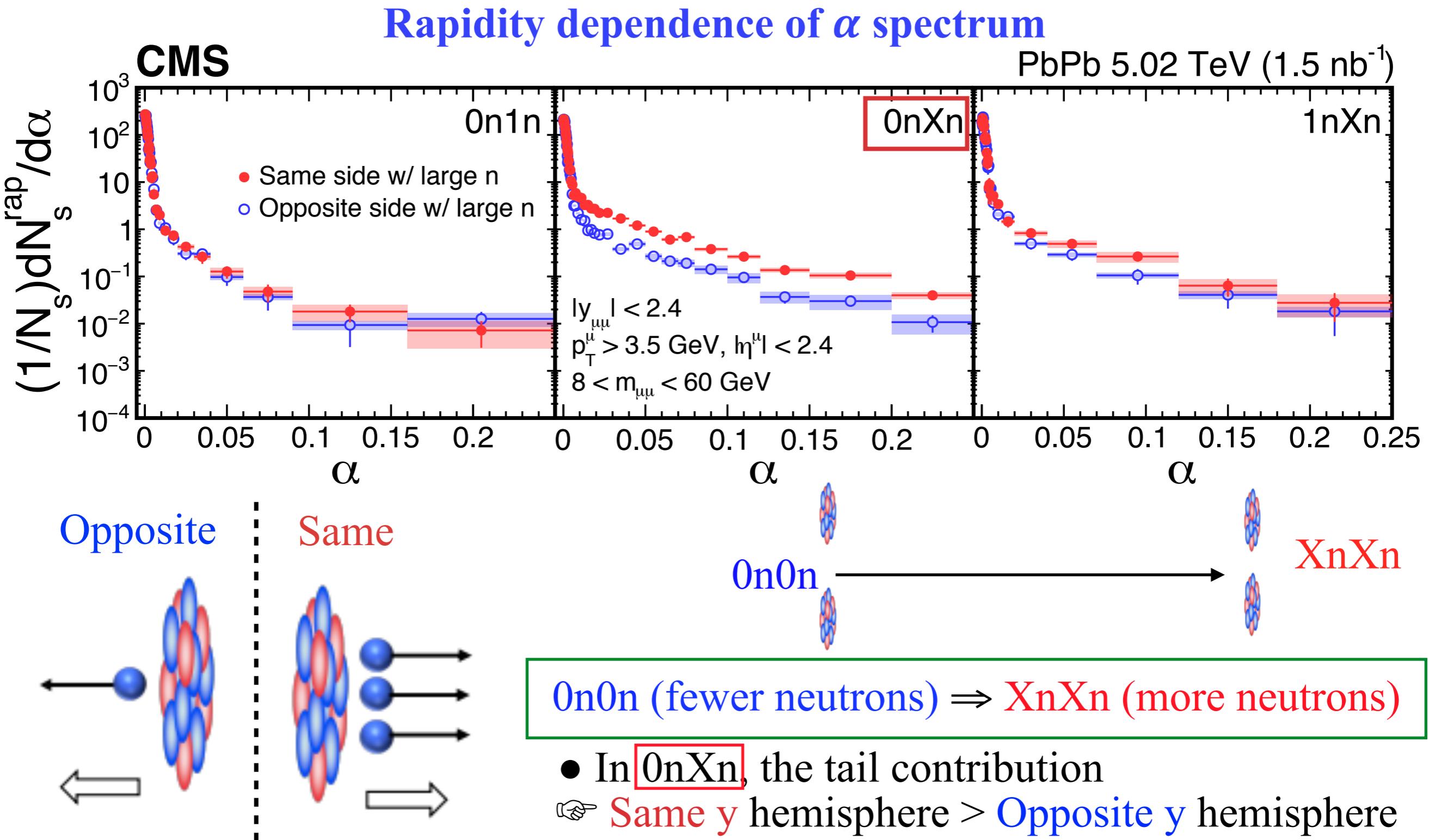
- Experiment shows consistent results for D^0 and \bar{D}^0 with charge hadron



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Dimuon acoplanarity in UPC PbPb



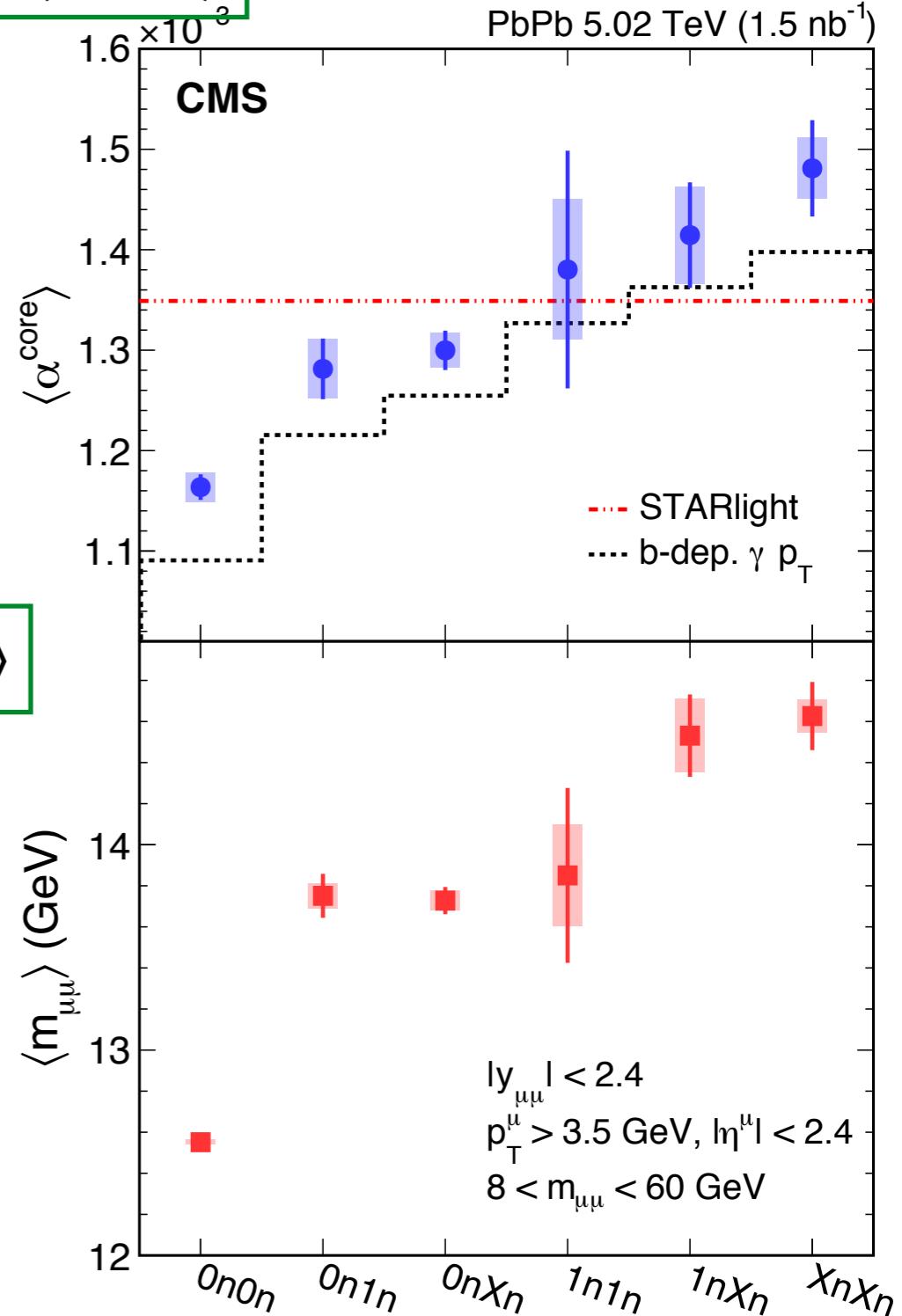
Accepted by PRL : [arXiv:2011.05239](https://arxiv.org/abs/2011.05239)

$\langle \alpha^{\text{core}} \rangle$ vs. neutron multiplicity



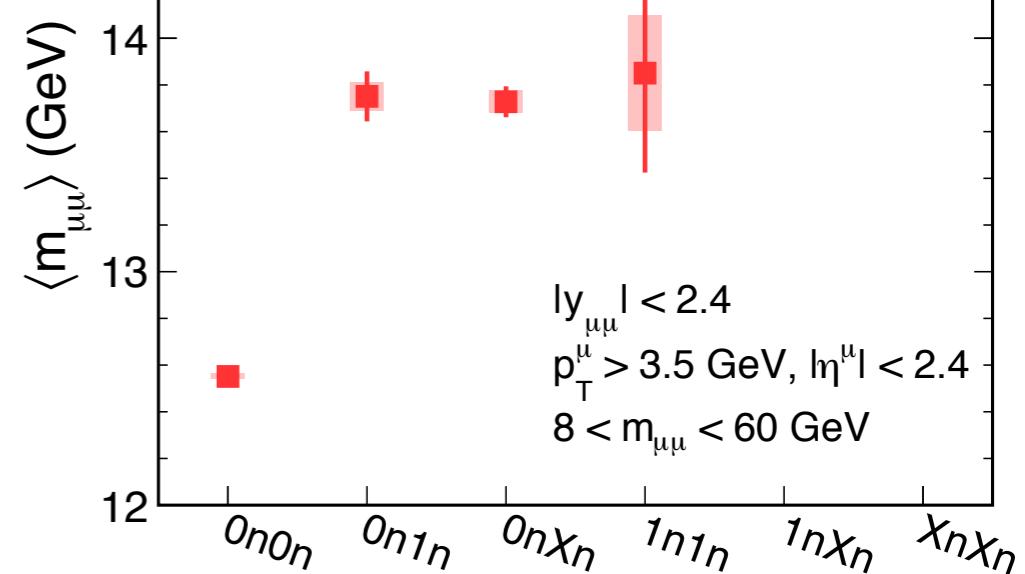
Strong (5.7σ)neutron multiplicity dependence of $\langle \alpha^{\text{core}} \rangle$

- 👉 b dependence of initial photon p_T
- 👉 Qualitatively described by a leading order QED model

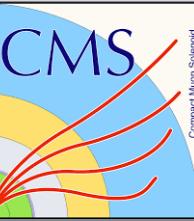


Strong neutron multiplicity dependence of $\langle m_{\mu\mu} \rangle$

- 👉 Deviation from constant: $\gg 5\sigma$
- 👉 b dependence of initial photon energy



Accepted by PRL : [arXiv:2011.05239](https://arxiv.org/abs/2011.05239)

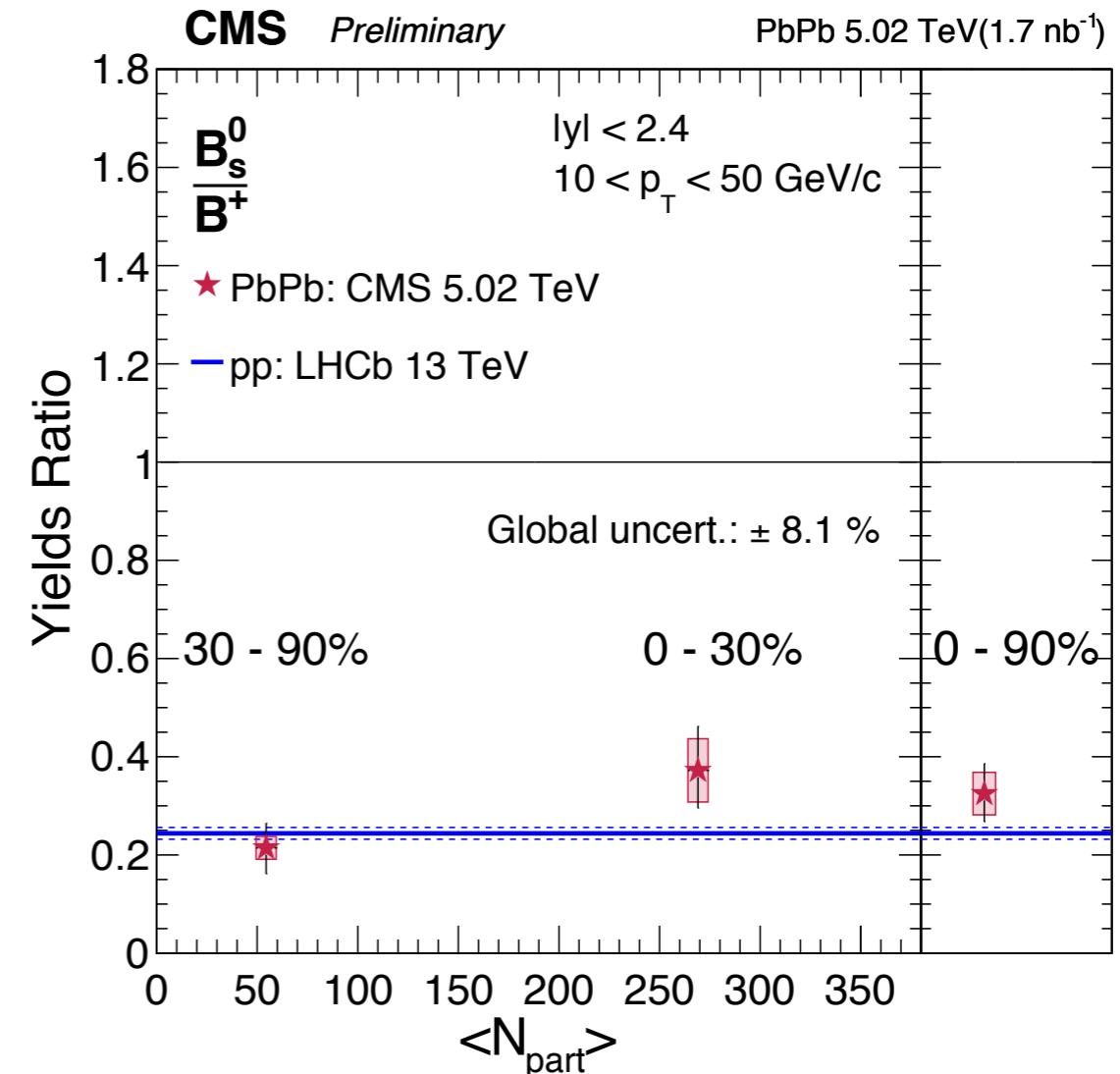
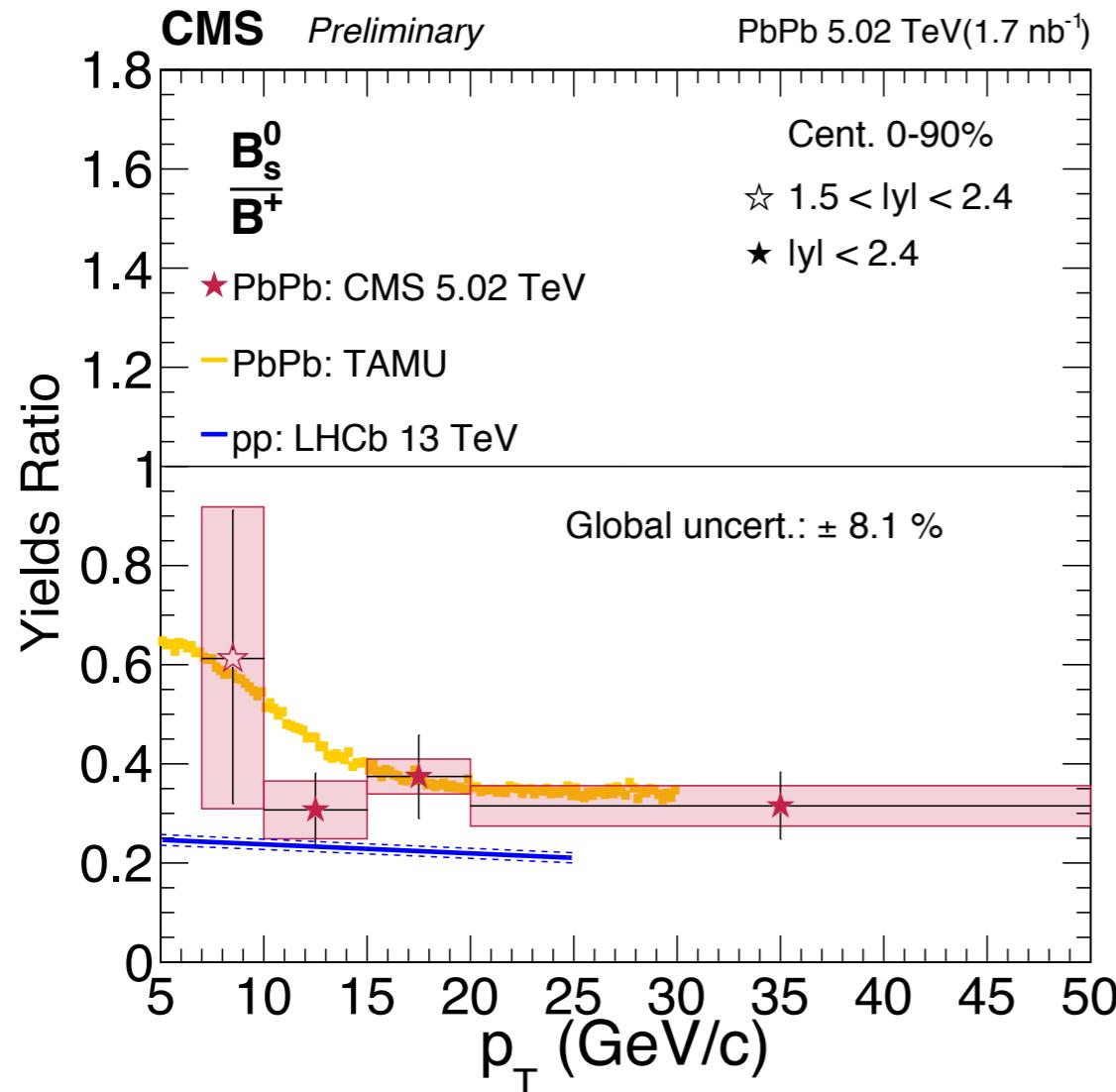


QGP medium effect



Ratio of B_s^0 & B^+ Vs p_T & $\langle N_{\text{part}} \rangle$

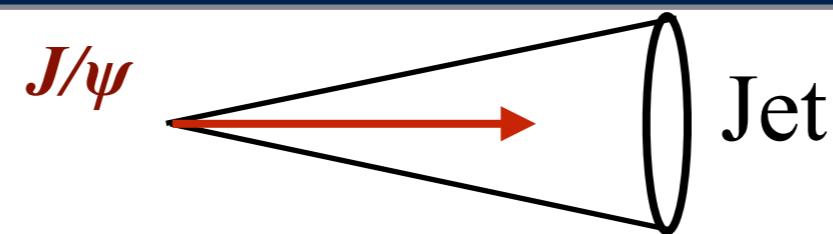
CMS-PAS-HIN-19-011



- Strangeness enhancement in PbPb may increase the yield of B_s^0
- Ratio of B_s^0 / B^+ is similar in PbPb & pp collisions.

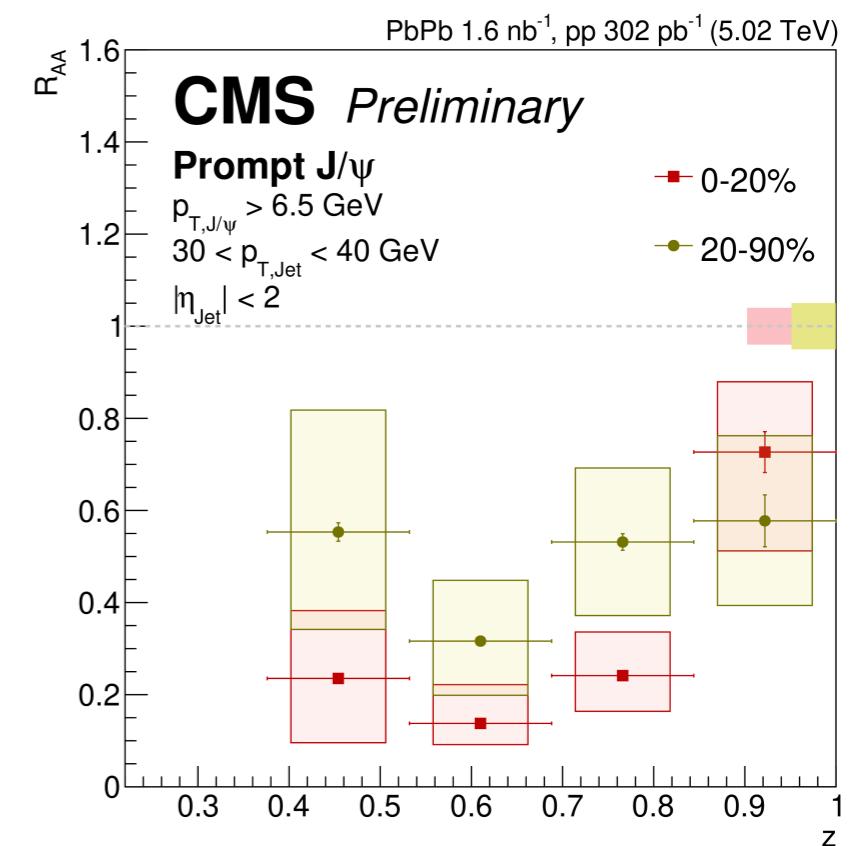
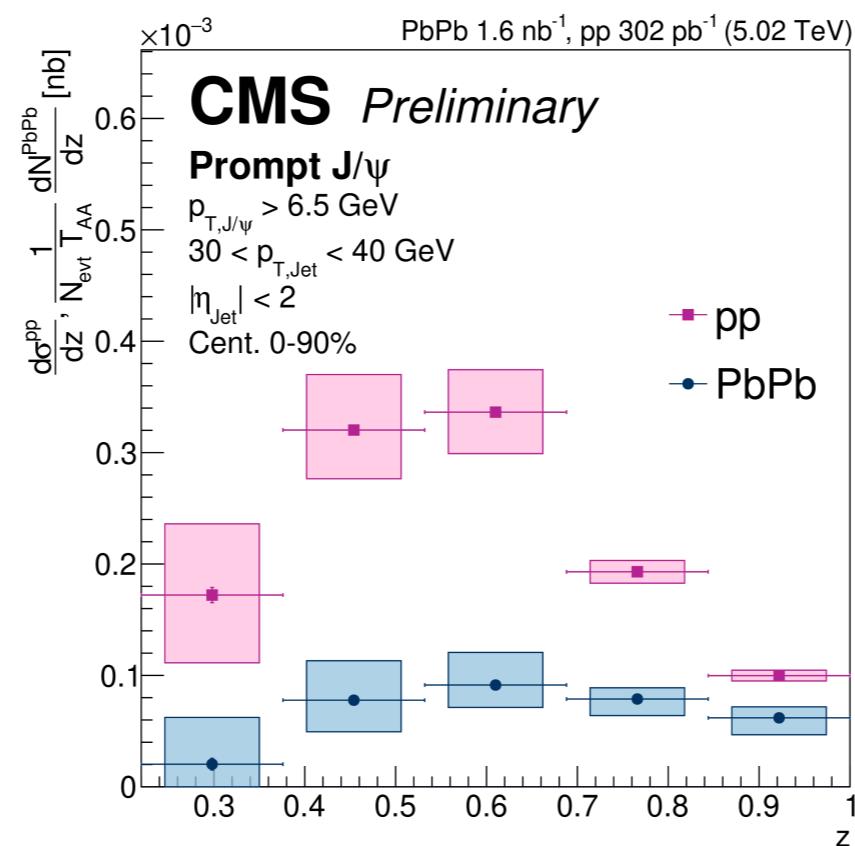
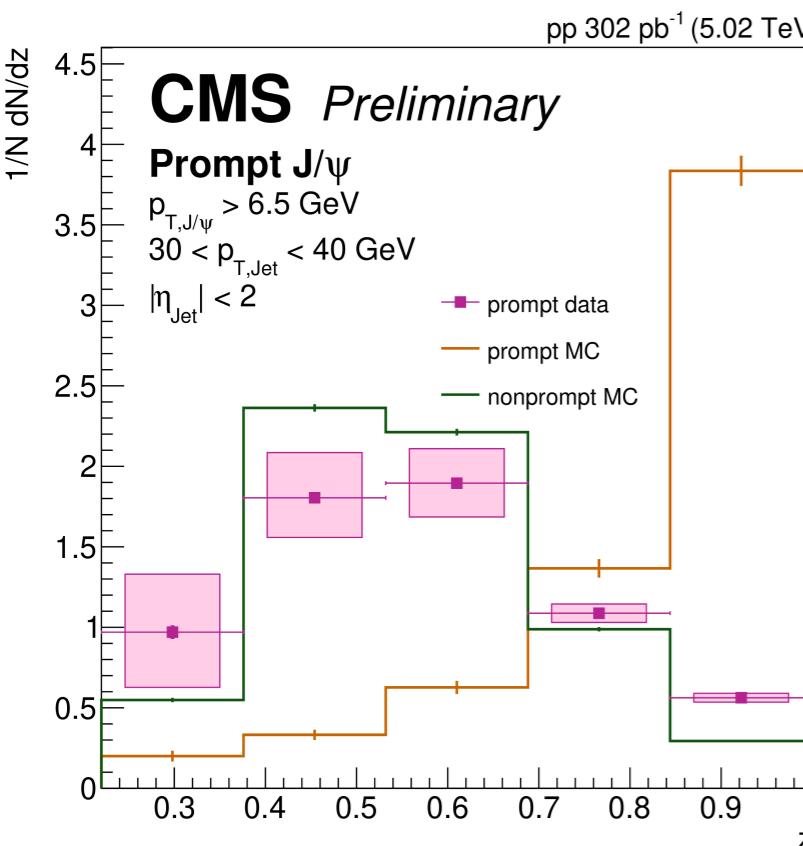
J/ Ψ within jets

arXiv:2106.13235



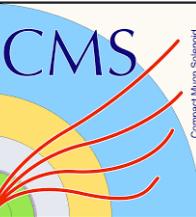
$$Z = \frac{J/\psi}{\text{Jet}}$$

pp

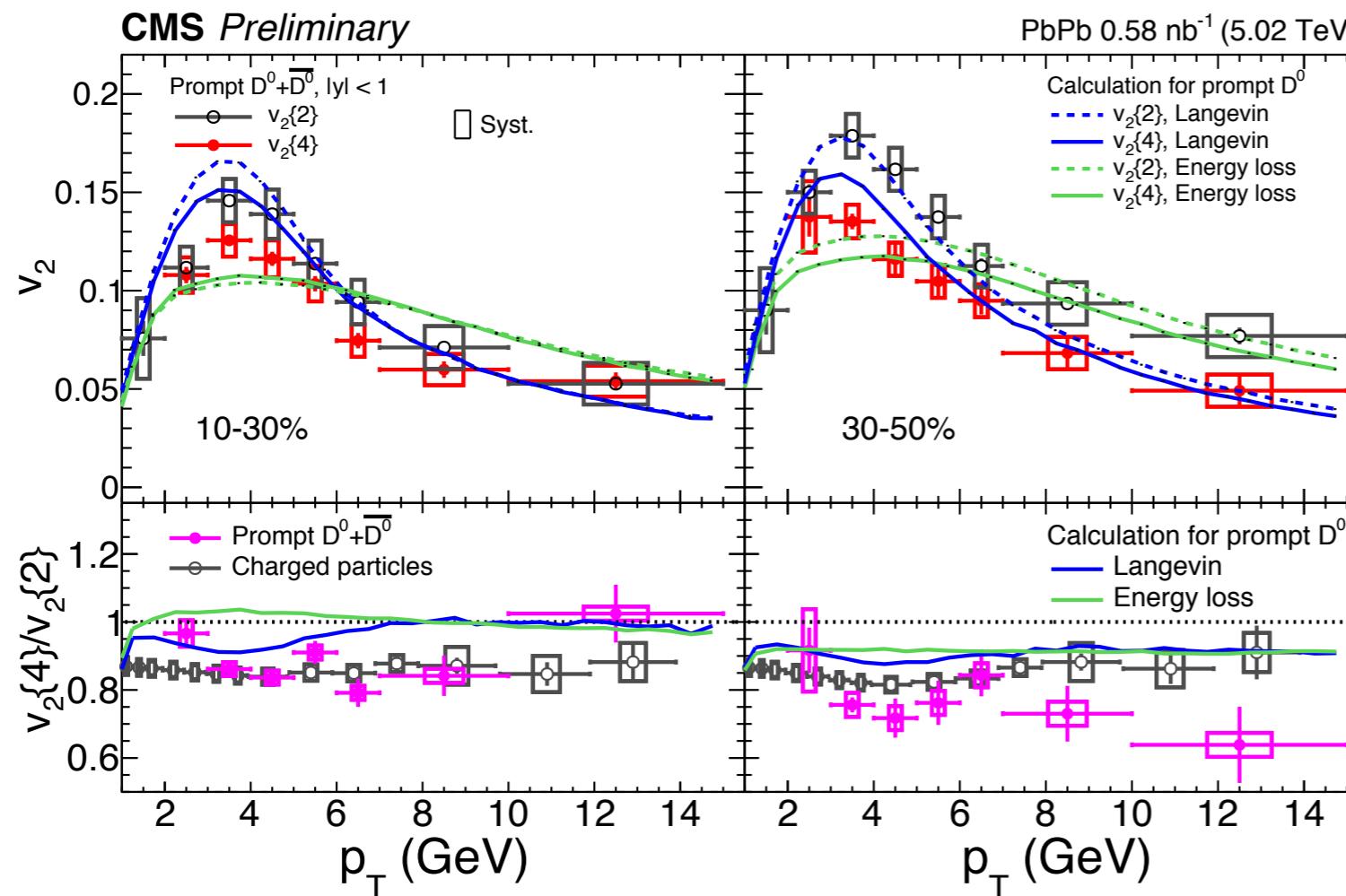


- Connected to quenching and hot nuclear effect in PbPb
- J/Ψ within the jets are more suppressed in central collision

Probing charm quark dynamics via azimuthal correlations



CMS-PAS-HIN-20-001



Barrel region: $|y| < 1$

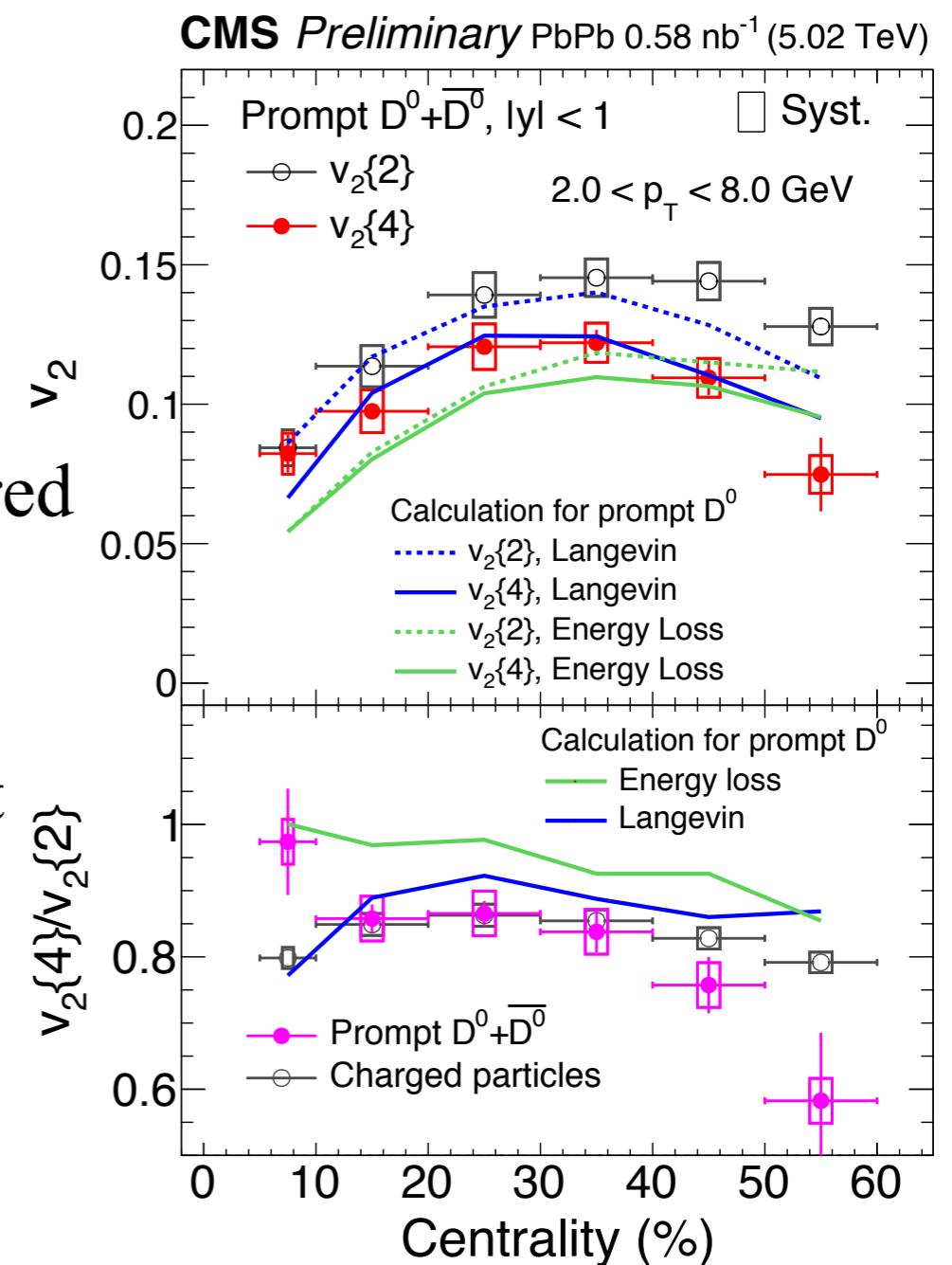
- $v_2\{4\} < v_2\{2\}$
 - 👉 azimuthal anisotropies are affected by the initial state geometry and it is by EbyE fluctuation
- $v_2\{4\}(D^0) < v_2\{2\}(D^0)$ ratio are consistent with those for the charged particles
 - 👉 suggests soft processes are dominant.

Probing charm quark dynamics via azimuthal correlations



- $v_2\{4\}$ increases from the most central to mid-central events and decreases toward the peripheral events.
 - 👉 This trend can be explained by the initial state geometry .
- $D^0 v_2\{4\}$ (cent.) / $D^0 v_2\{2\}$ (cent.) are compared to those charged particles.
 - 👉 This indicates splitting between the D^0 mesons and charged particles in the most central and peripheral events
 - 👉 Hard fluctuation effect visible from charm mesons

Barrel region: $|y| < 1$

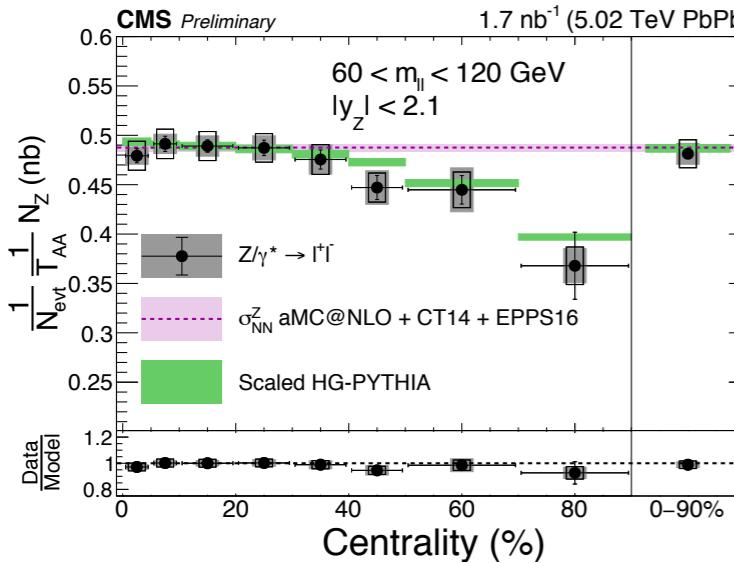


CMS-PAS-HIN-20-001

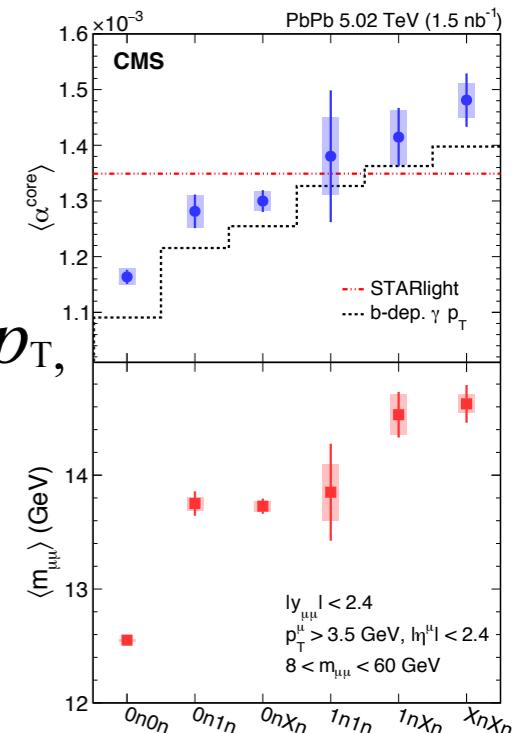


Summary

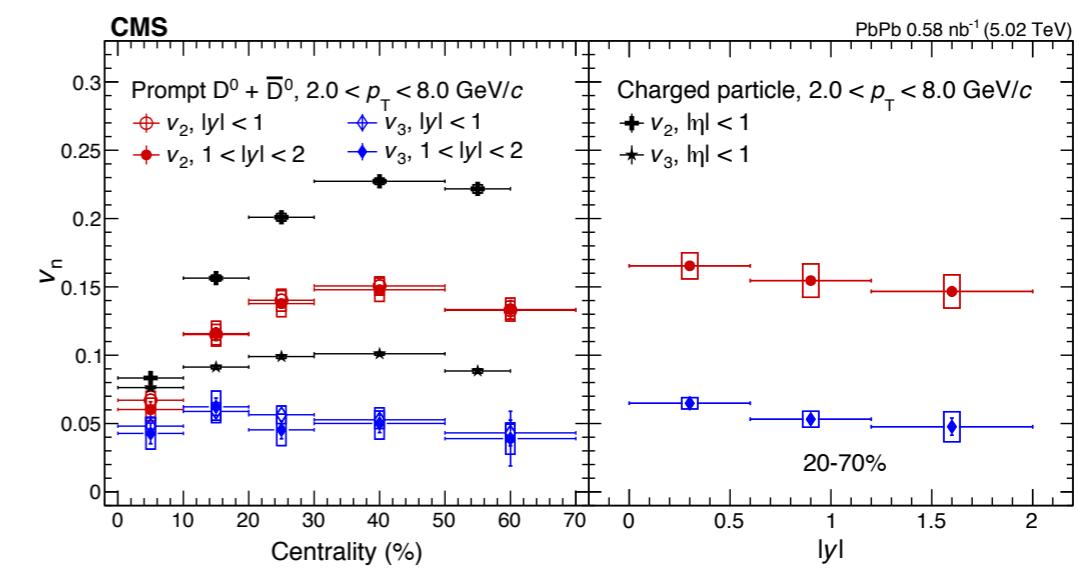
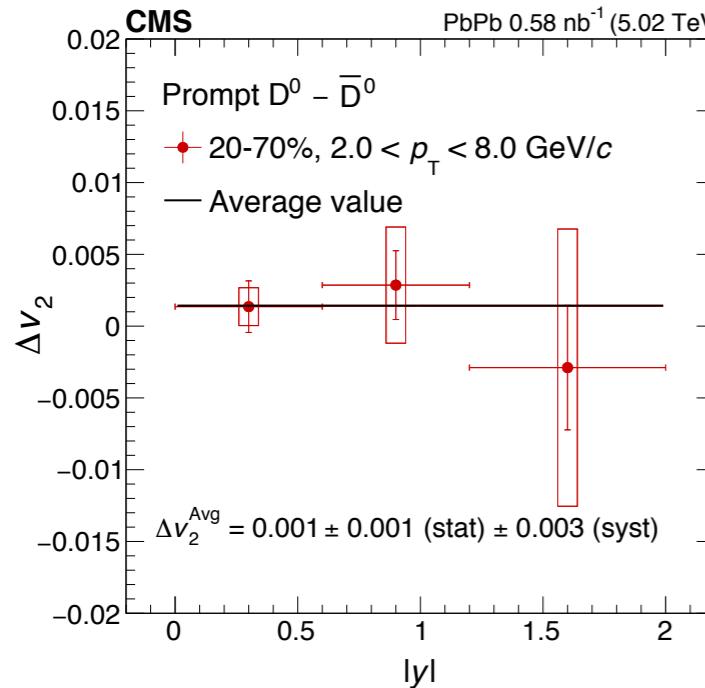
Probing Initial state effect:



- b dependence of initial photon p_T , photon energy



- Indicates the presence of initial collision geometry

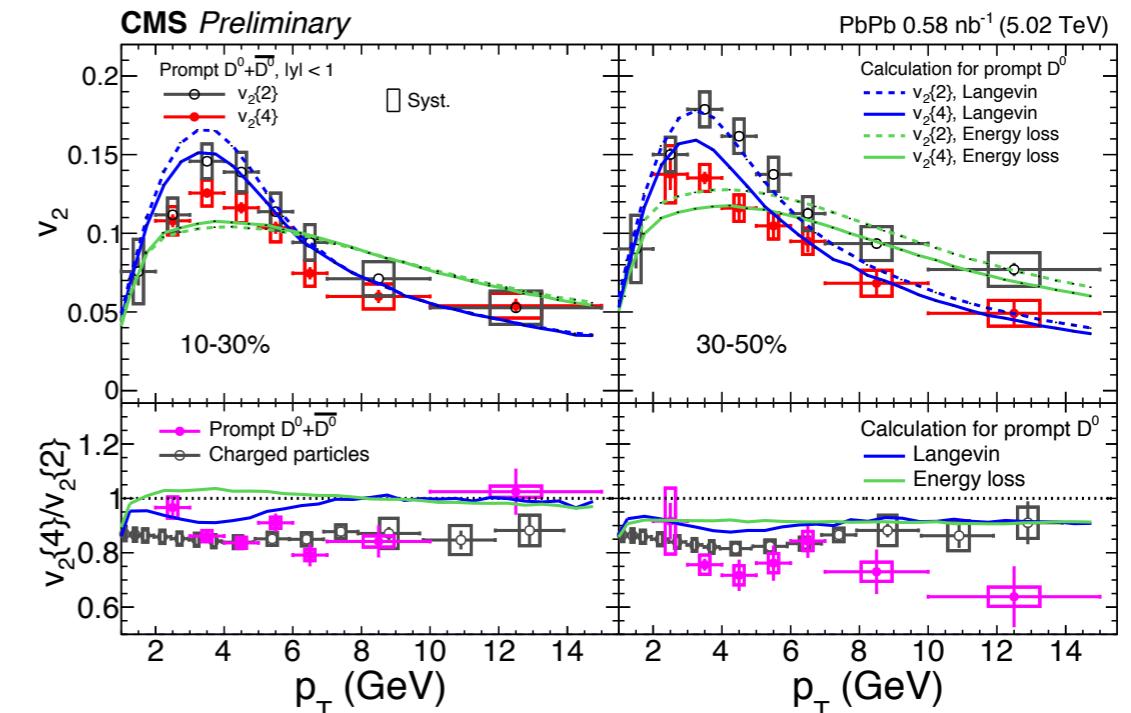
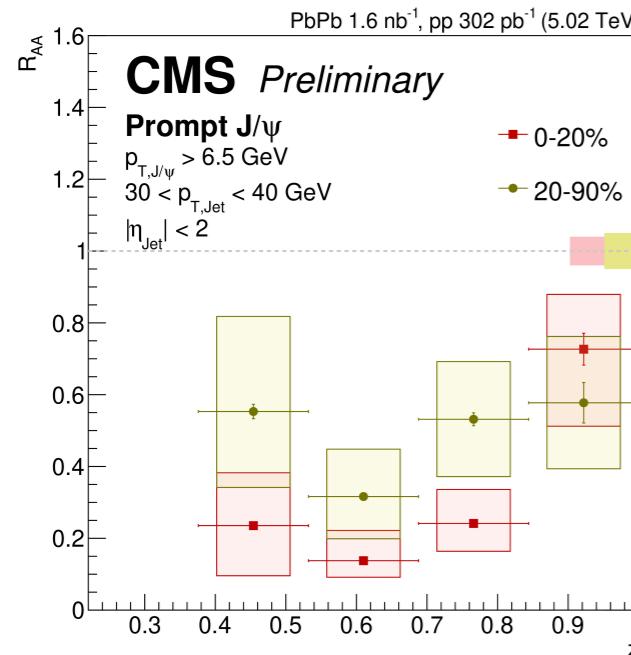


- v_n trends understood in terms of collision geometry

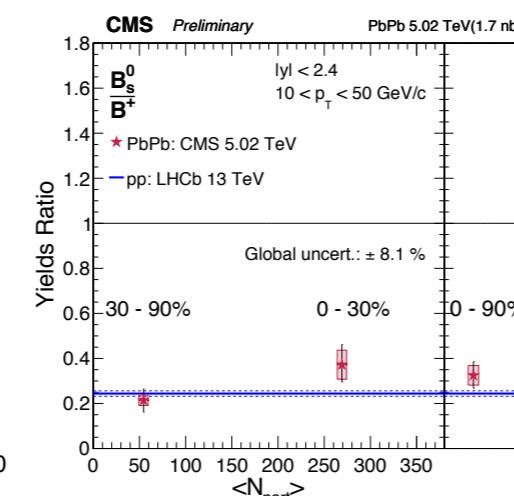
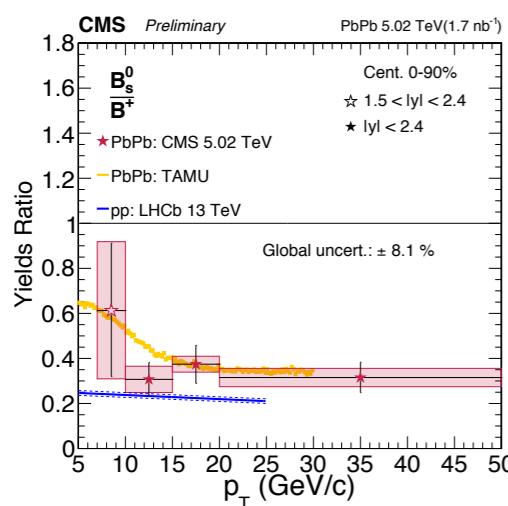
- Constrain medium properties: electric conductivity

Summary

Probing QGP medium effect :



- J/ψ in the jets more suppressed in central



- Suggests soft processes are dominant
- Azimuthal anisotropies are affected by the initial state geometry

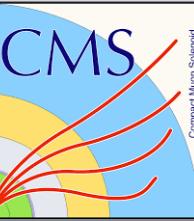
- Ratio of B_s^0 / B^+ is similar in PbPb & pp collisions.



Thank you!

All CMS results: [https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/
PhysicsResultsHIN](https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/PhysicsResultsHIN)



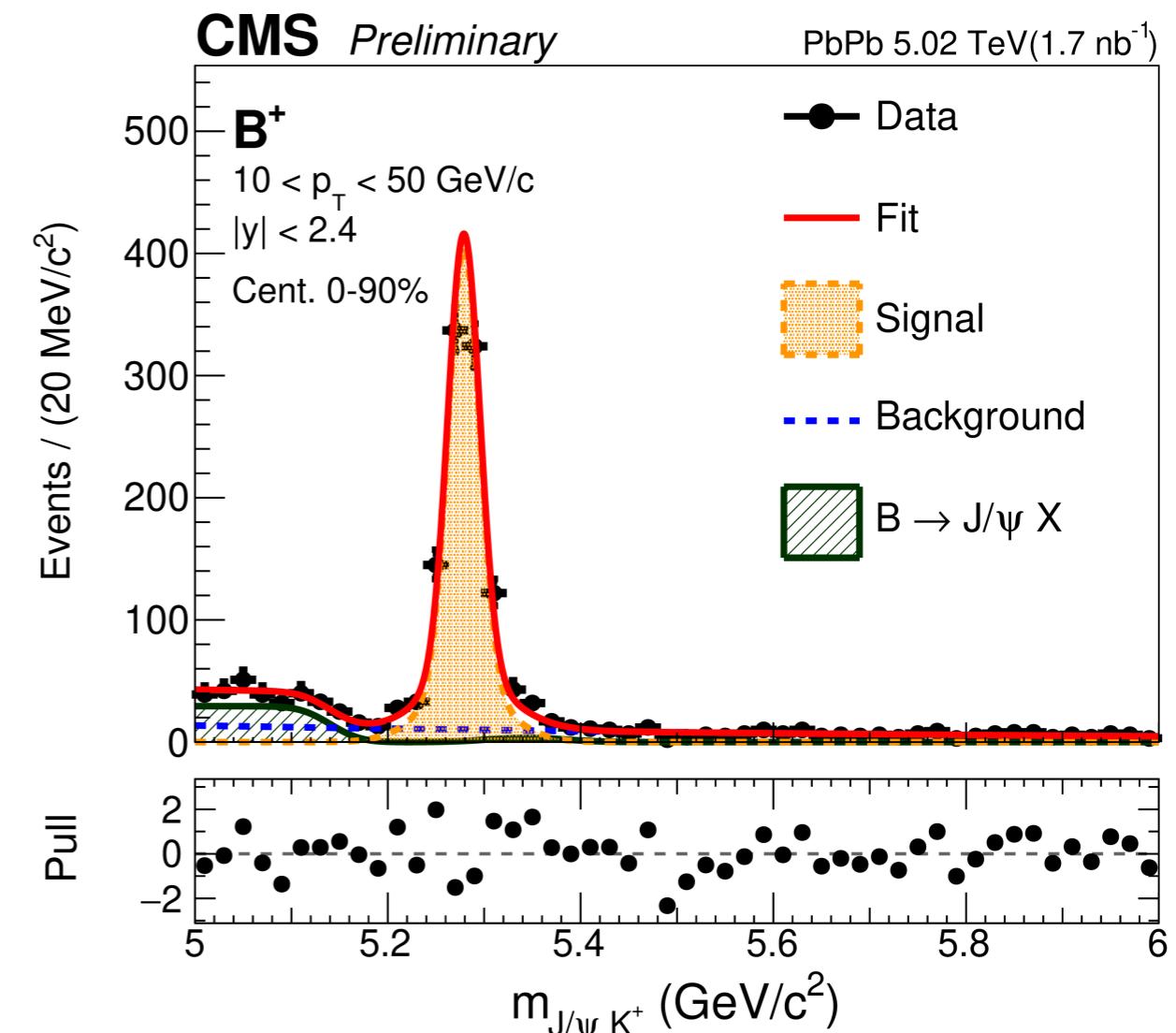
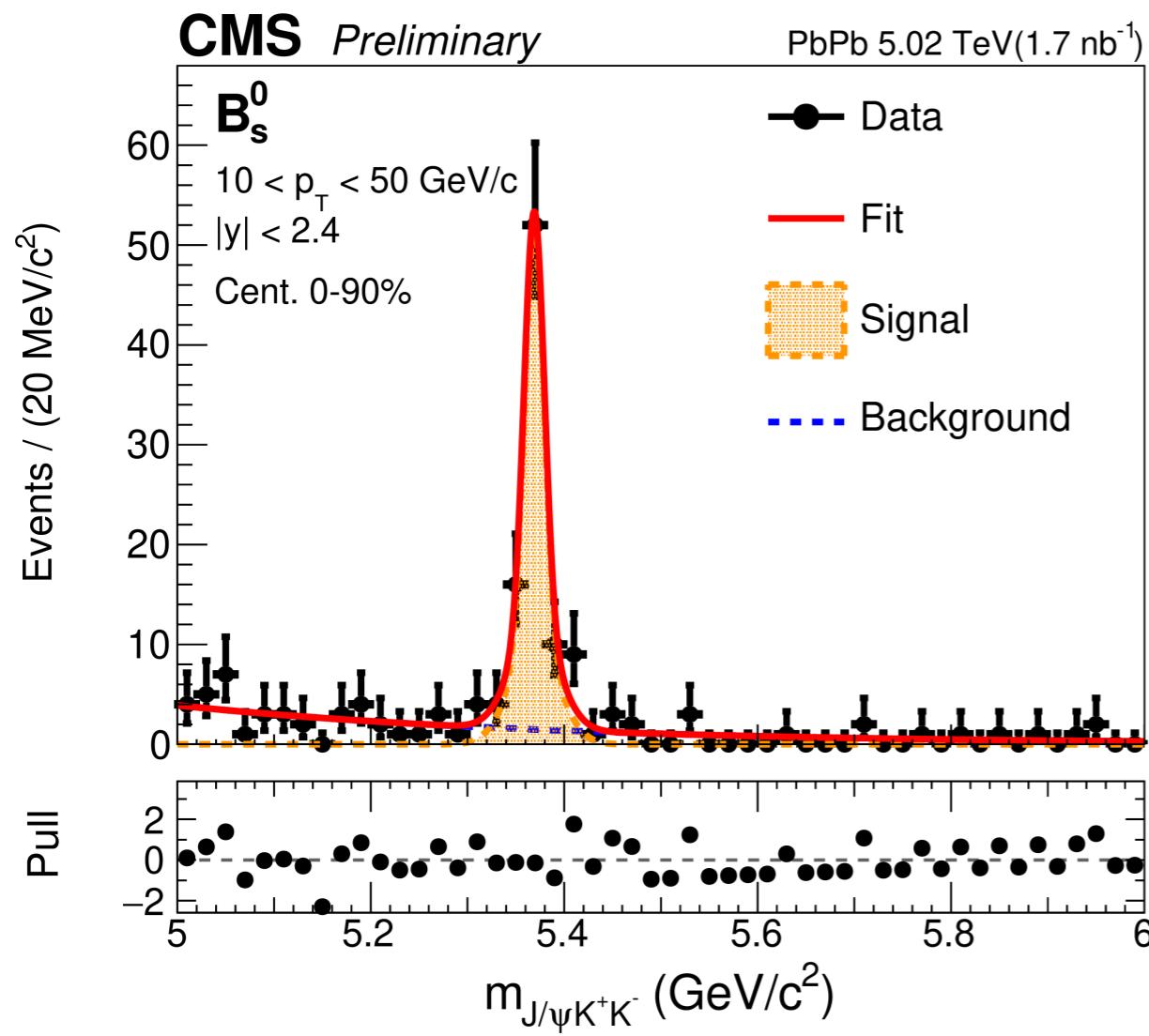


Backup



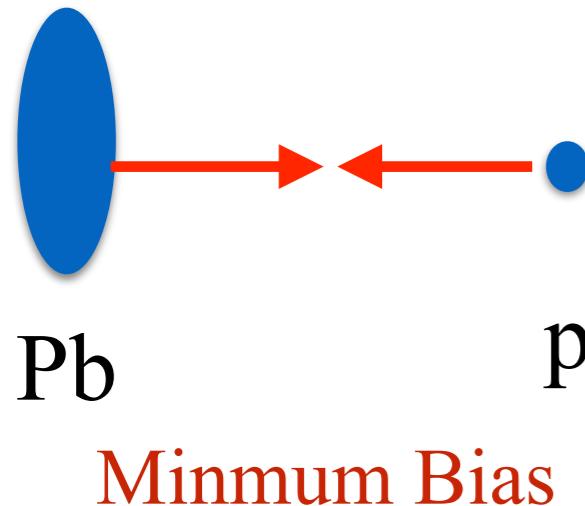
First observation of B_s^0 in PbPb

CMS-PAS-HIN-19-011

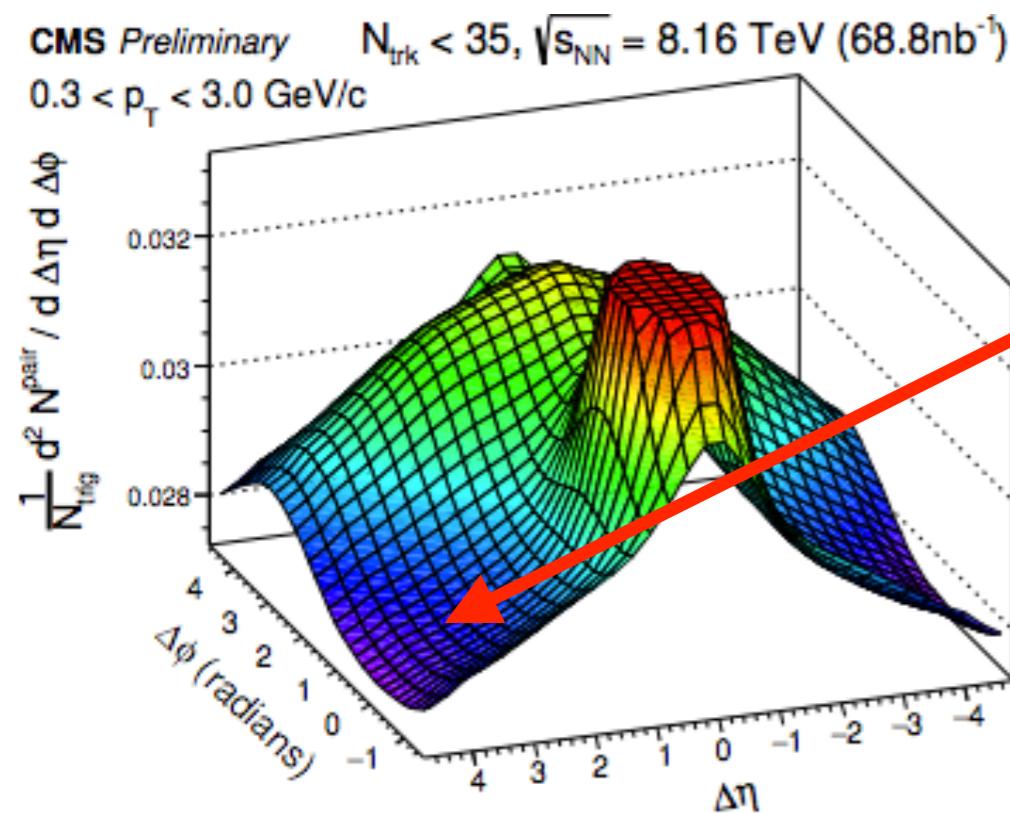
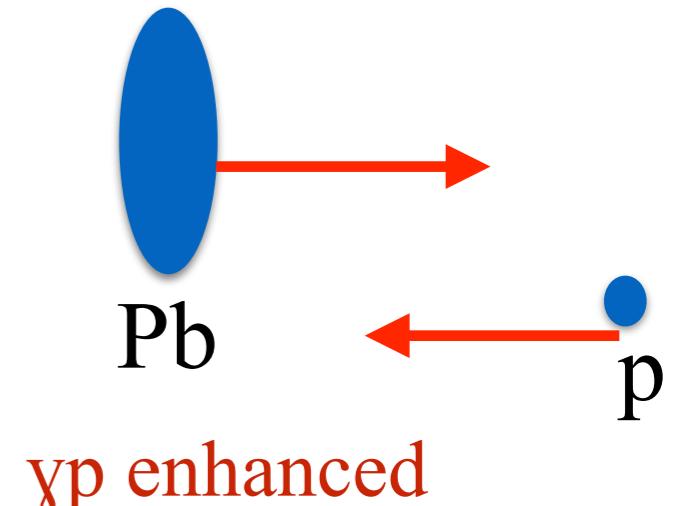


- Strangeness enhancement in PbPb may increase the yield of B_s^0

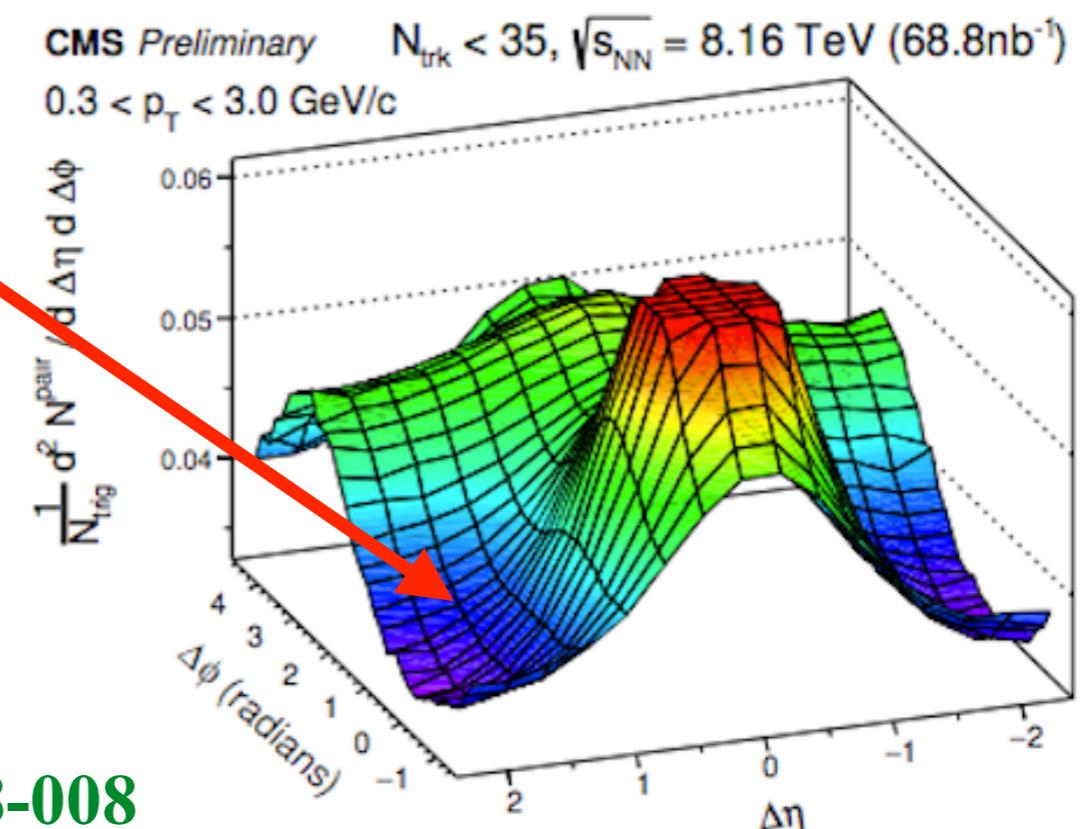
Two particle correlation in UPC pPb



Correlation in smaller system

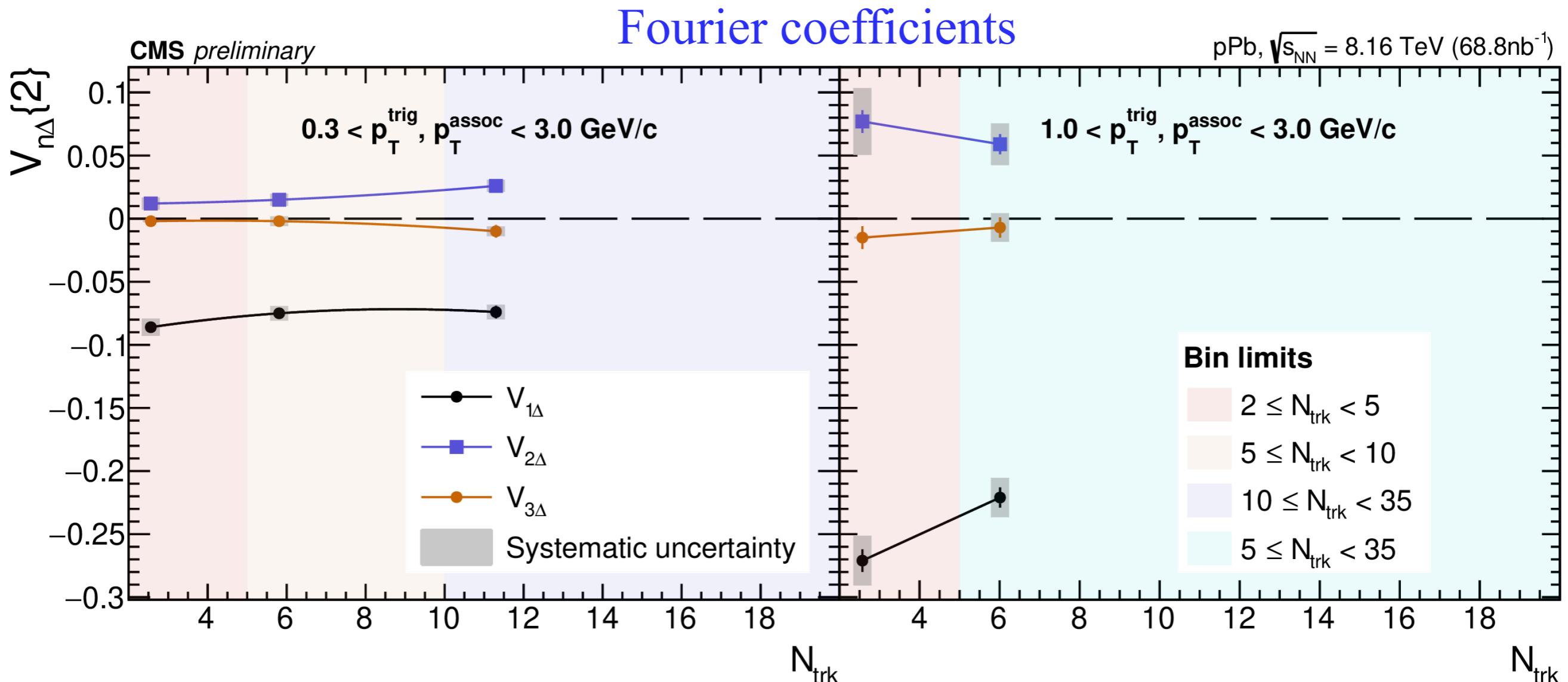


CMS-PAS-HIN-18-008



- No ridge-like structure is observed in minimum-bias pPb and γp enhanced system

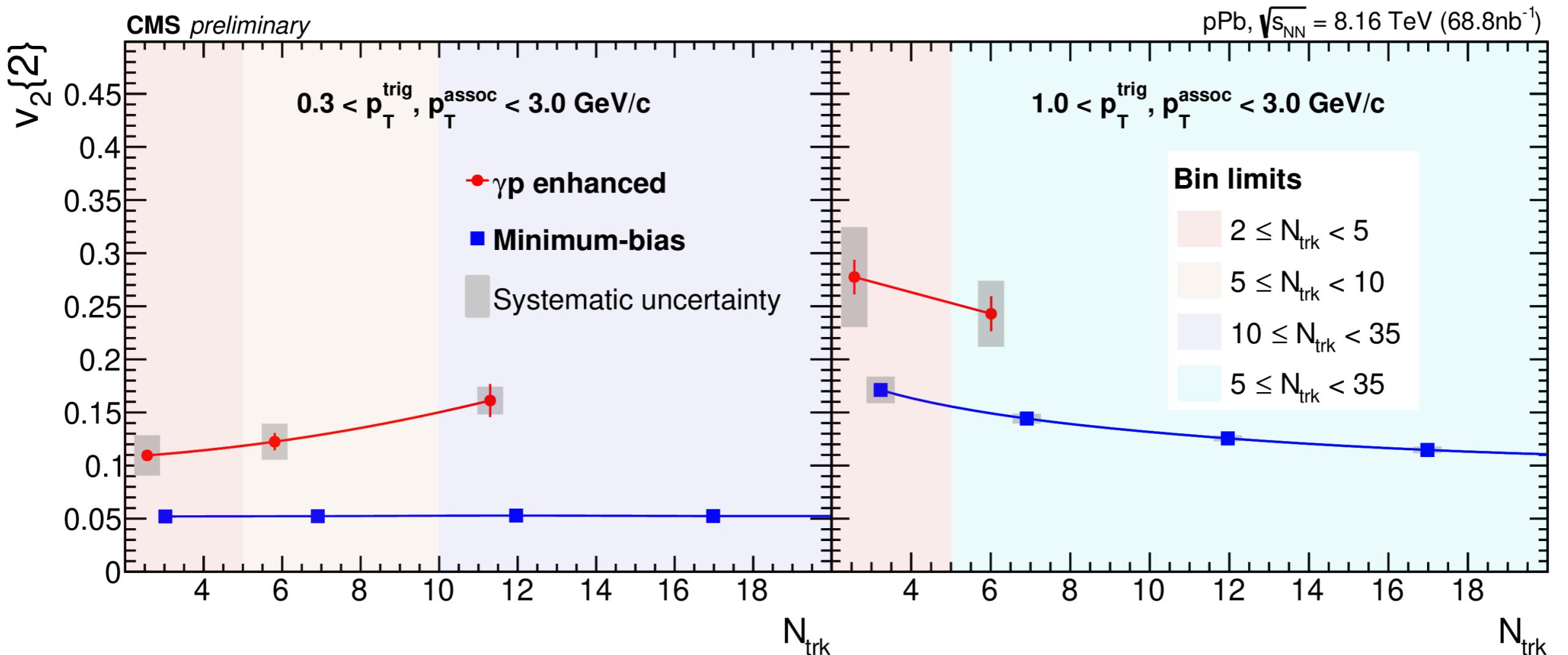
Two particle correlation in UPC pPb



- The $V_{2\Delta}$ coefficient is positive while $V_{1\Delta}$ is negative suggesting a strong effect of jet-like correlations.
- The flow coefficient $v_2(p_T)$ increases with p_T

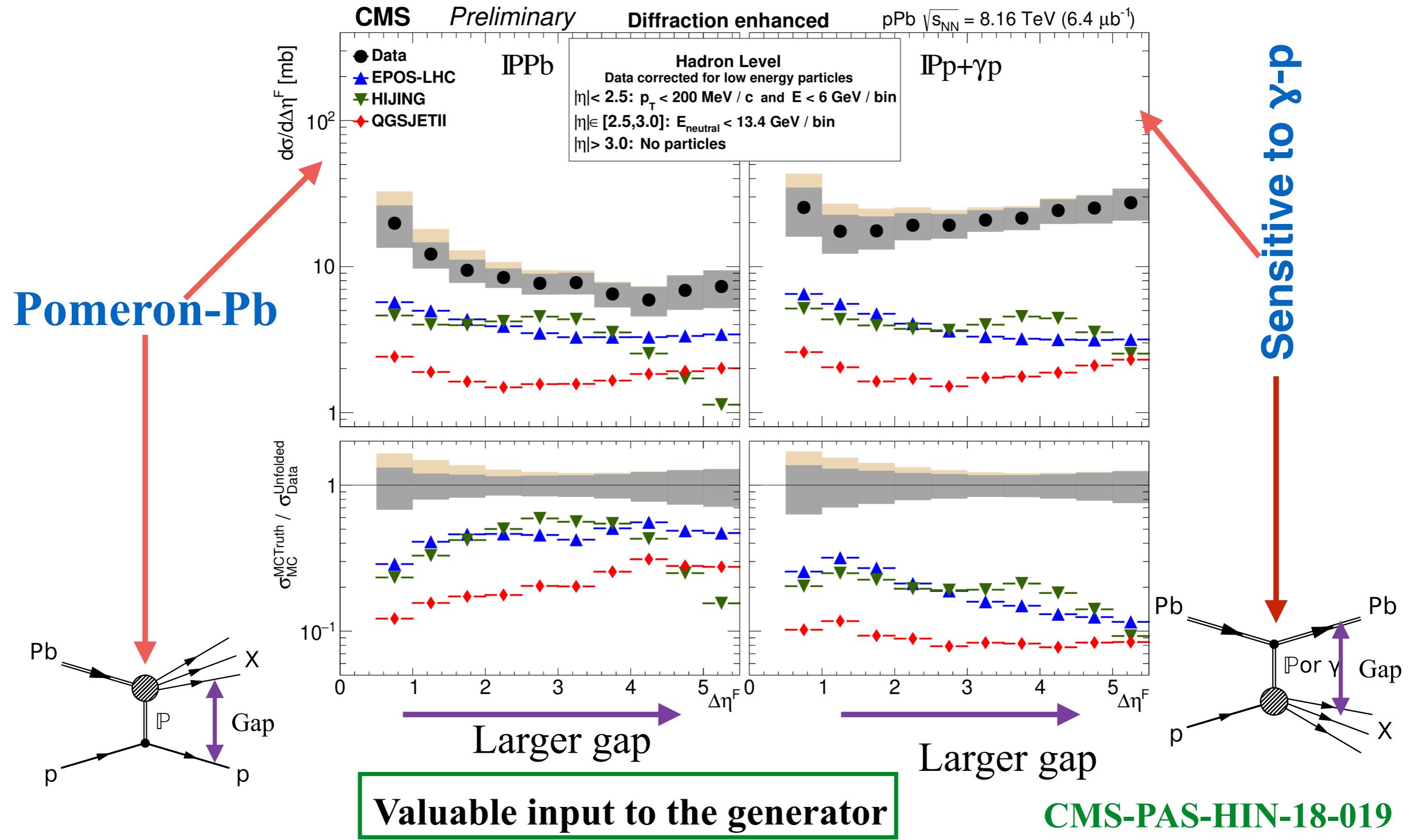
CMS-PAS-HIN-18-008

BACKUP



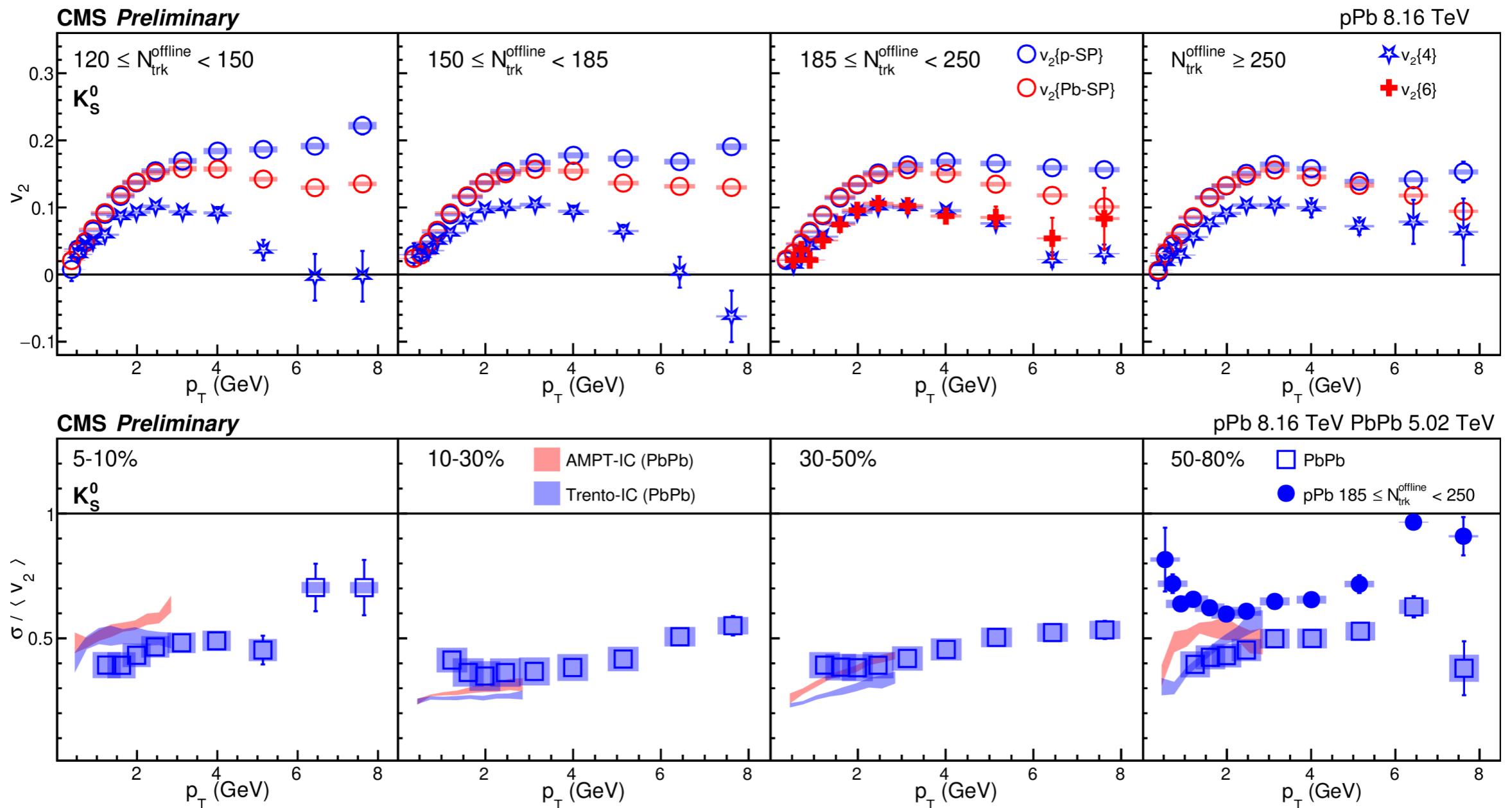
- Single-particle azimuthal anisotropy v₂ versus N_{trk} for γp enhanced and minimum-bias samples in two different pT regions.

Forward Rapidity Gap



Strange particle collectivity

CMS-PAS-HIN-19-004



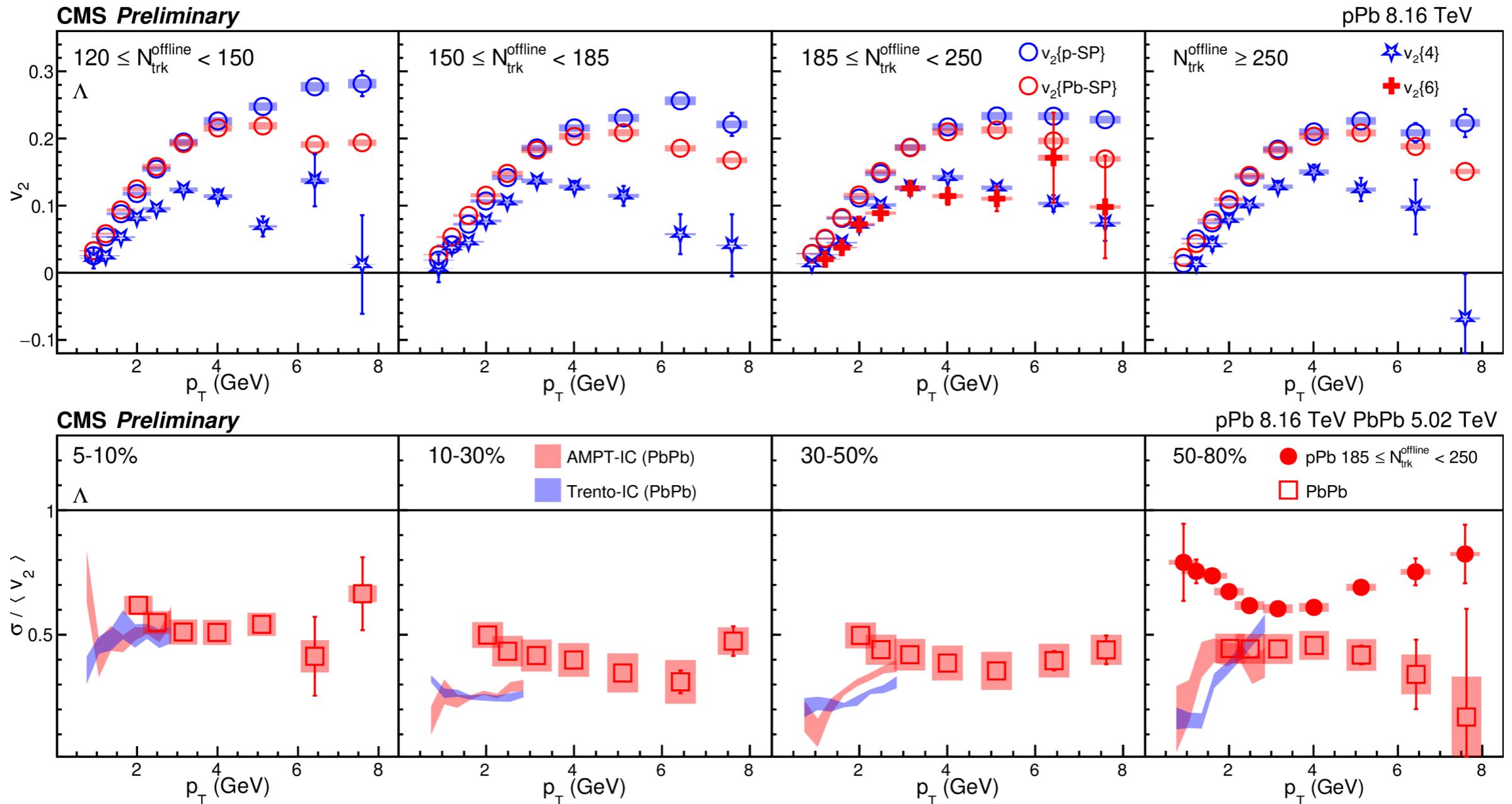
- Fluctuations are stronger in pPb than PbPb.
- Model do not describe the data.

$$\frac{\sigma}{\langle v_2 \rangle} = \sqrt{\frac{v_2\{\text{SP}\}^2 - v_2\{4\}^2}{v_2\{\text{SP}\}^2 + v_2\{4\}^2}}$$

[Raghunath talk, 15:08 PM]

Strange particle collectivity

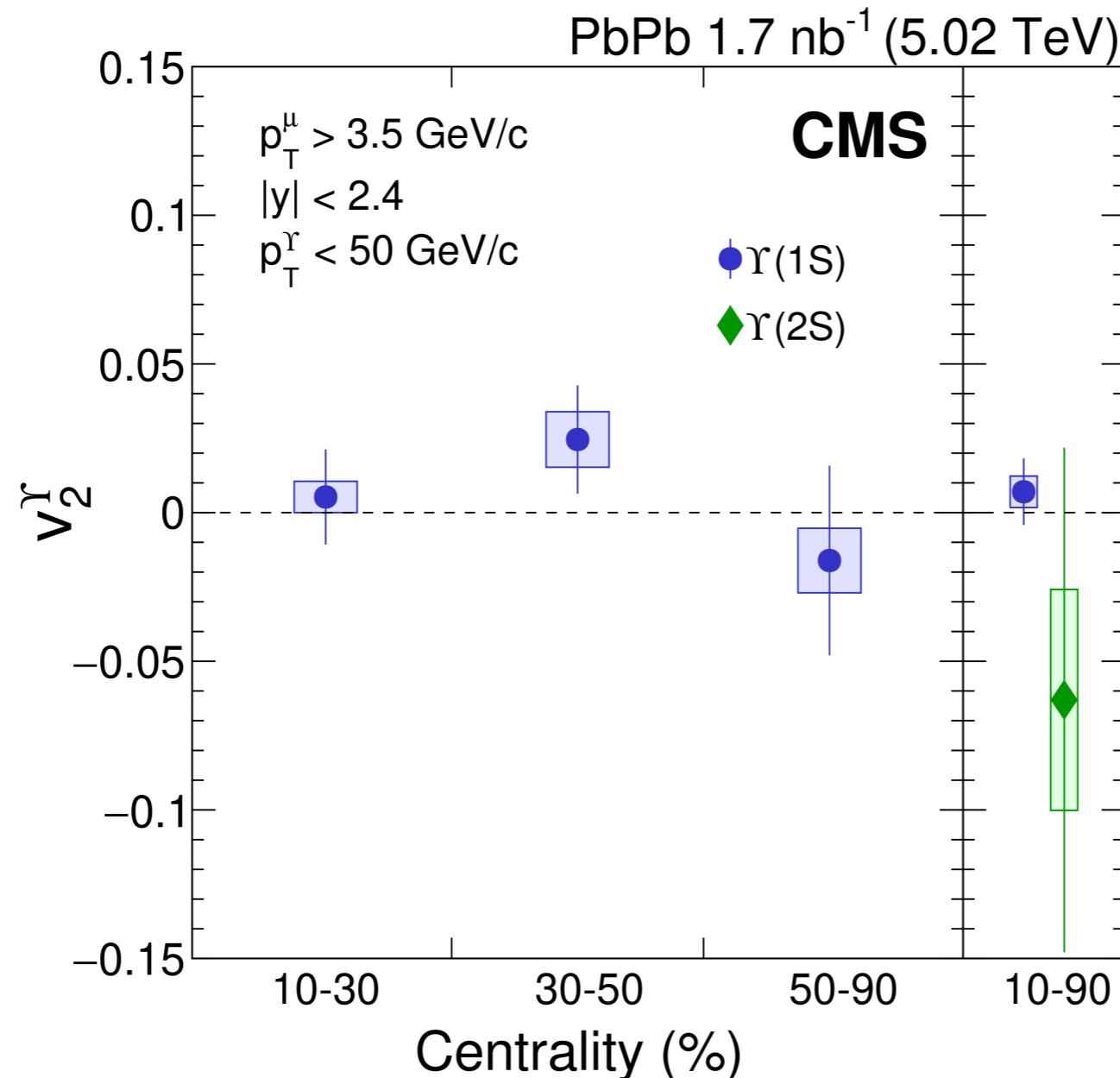
CMS-PAS-HIN-19-004



- Fluctuations are stronger in pPb than PbPb.
- Model do not describe the data.

[Raghunath talk, 15:08 PM]

Collectivity in $\Upsilon(1S), \Upsilon(2S)$



PLB 819 (2021) 136385.

**First time measurement
of v_2 $\Upsilon(2S)$**

- The $\Upsilon(1S)$ v_2 values are consistent with zero within the uncertainties.

[Raghunath talk, 15:08 PM]