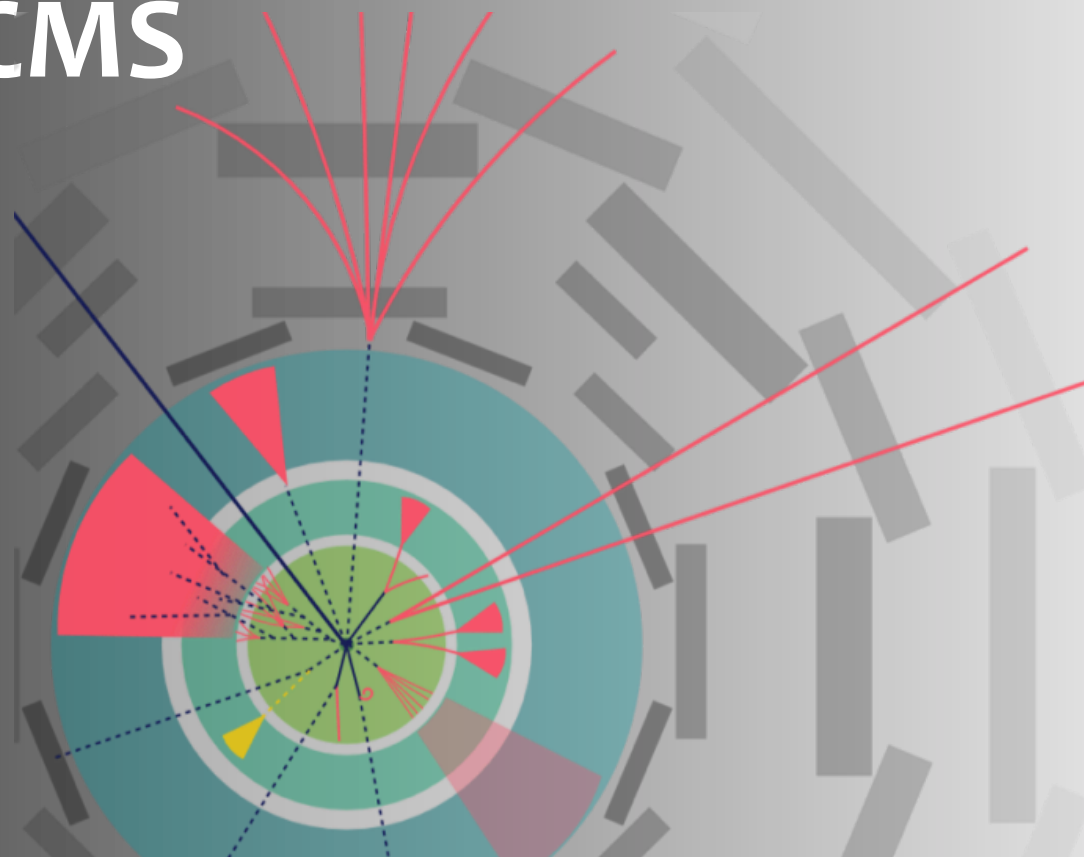


Searches for long-lived particles at CMS

Małgorzata Kazana
CMS Collaboration



NCBJ National Centre
for Nuclear Research



Compact Muon Solenoid
experiment at the CERN's LHC

22th PANIC
Particles and Nuclei International Conference
5-10 September 2021
(Virtual) Lisbon, PT



Long Lived Particles (LLPs)

- Particles with a **macroscopic lifetime**, $c\tau \gtrsim 1 \text{ mm}$

- Particles have: **mass (M)** and **width (Γ)**

- Γ is determined by how the particle decays

 - proper lifetime: $\tau \sim 1/\Gamma$

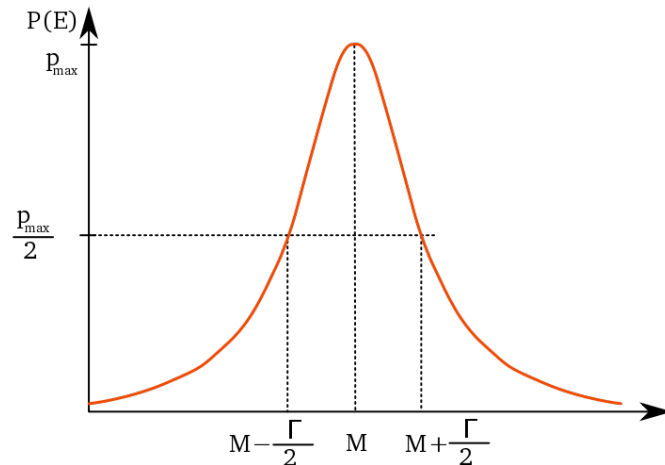
- Particles can gain a large lifetime (small Γ)

whenever a particle decays via:

 - **small couplings (ϵ)**,

 - **high scale operators (Λ) (heavy mediator)**

 - **small phase space (Φ) (compressed spectra)**



$$\Gamma \sim \epsilon^2 \left(\frac{m}{\Lambda} \right)^{2n} \Phi$$

- Many BSM (SUSY, RPV, Hidden Sectors, etc.) models predict **LLPs**

- **LLPs** have **unusual** final states that require **innovative** techniques

- **Challenging** from the experimental point of view

- Difficult to simulate **background** – have to be estimated from data



Searches for long lived particles

- LLPs have many possible exotic **signatures** (model independent analyses) studied by the CMS detector and more challenging ones are under consideration

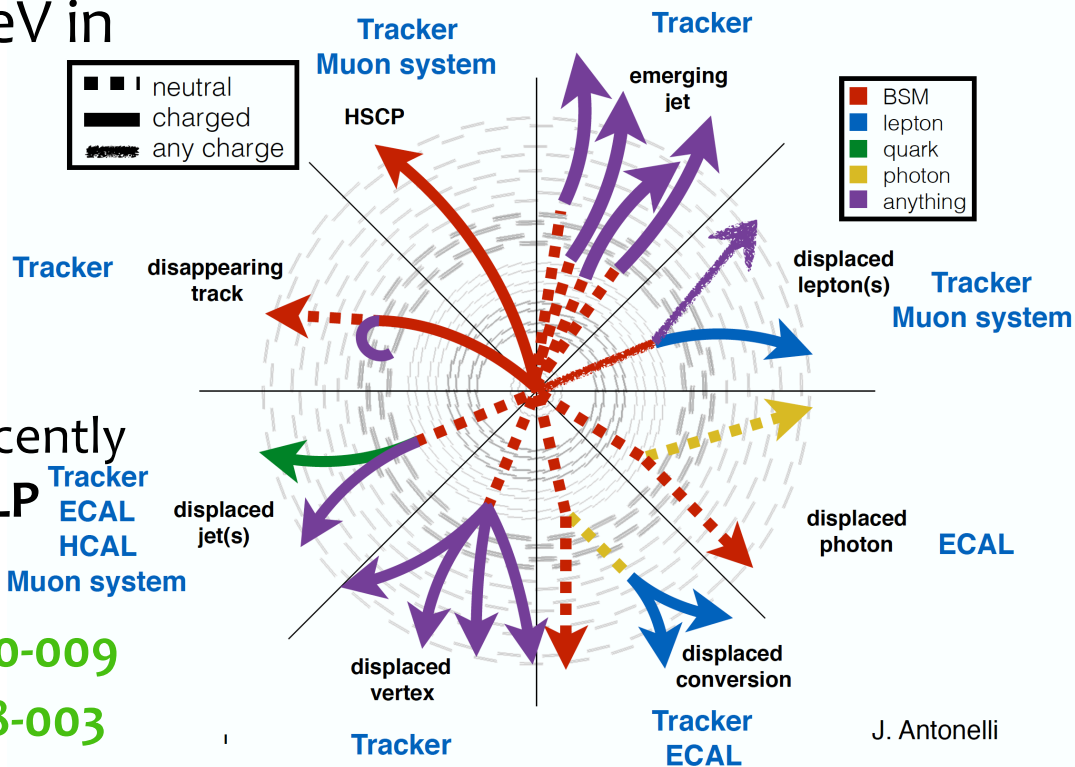
- Using data collected at 13 TeV in

Run II up to 137/fb:

- 2016 – 36/fb,
- 2017 – 41/fb,
- 2018 – 60/fb

- In this talk, the focus is on recently published **by CMS** searches for **LLP** decaying in the tracker:

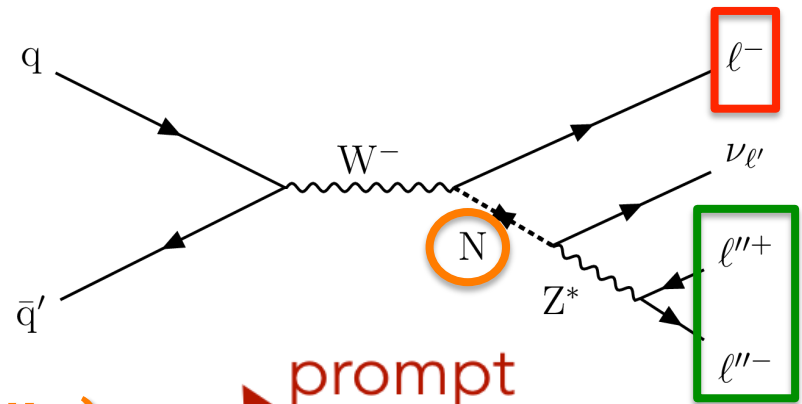
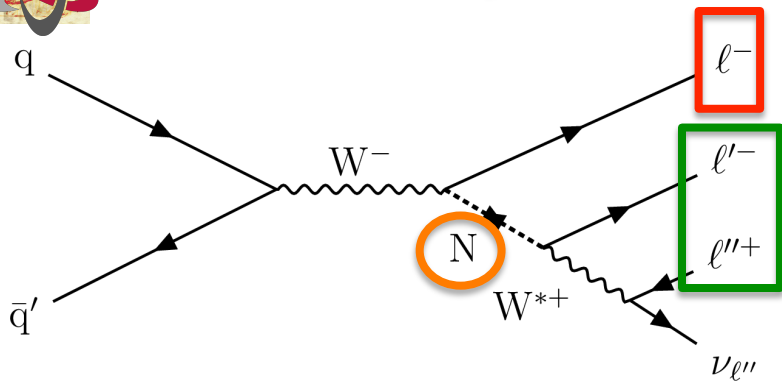
- Heavy neutral leptons **EXO-20-009**
- Displaced leptons **EXO-18-003**
- Di- μ displaced vertex **EXO-20-014**
- Displaced jets + Z **EXO-20-003**



J. Antonelli



Heavy neutral leptons (HNL)



Majorana or right-handed Dirac neutrinos (HNLs)

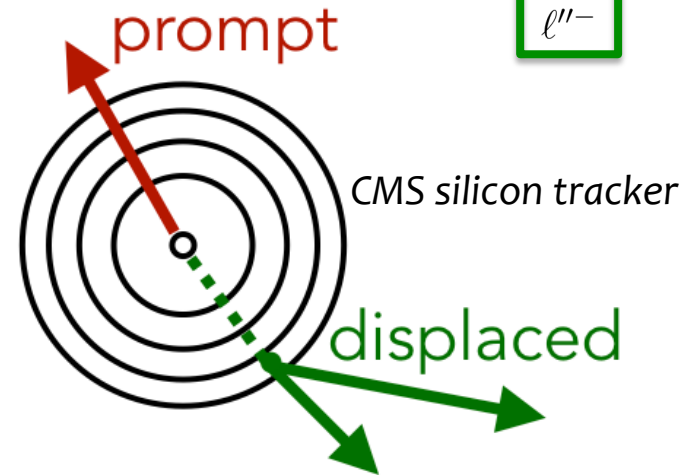
interact only with SM neutrinos

$$\text{HNL } (M_N, |V_{\ell}|^2)$$

Difficult region of parameter space:

- HNL production: in decays of W bosons
- HNL decays: $N \rightarrow Wl, N \rightarrow Z\nu$
- HNL lifetime: smaller is the mass ($< 20 \text{ GeV}$) or neutrino-mixing ($V \sim 10^{-7} - 10^{-2}$)

→ long-lived HNL



Signature: 3 lepton final state with:

- 2 displaced soft leptons that form a **common vertex**
- 1 **prompt lepton**
- Final states: **eeX** or **μμX** where $X = \{e, \mu\}$



Heavy neutral leptons

Trigger:

- Single (or double) lepton trigger on **prompt lepton** to enable sensitivity to **low-pT displaced leptons**

Discriminating variables:

design to reflect HNL decay kinematics:

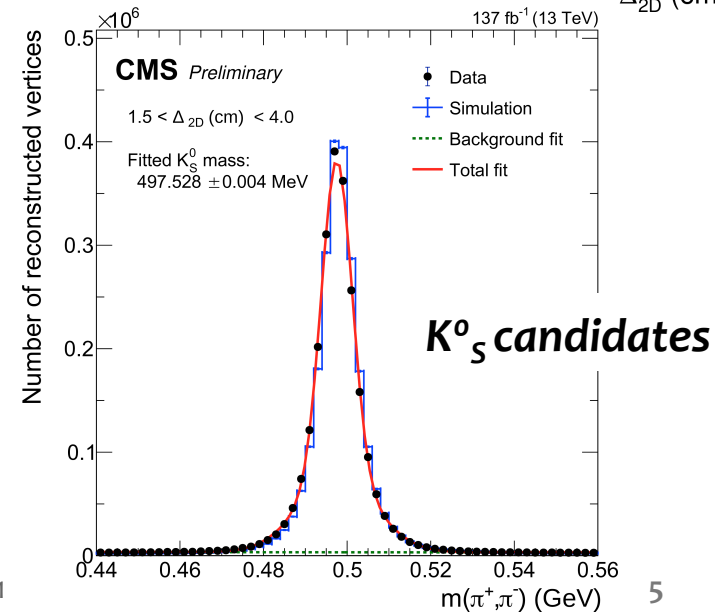
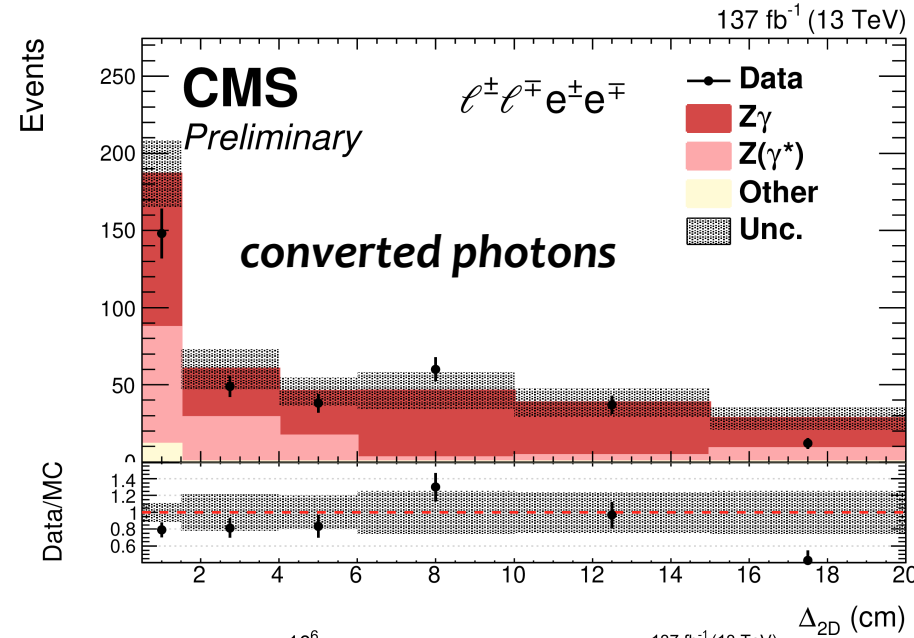
- Distance between **primary and secondary vertices** ($\Delta_{2D} < 20$ cm)
- Displaced **di- ℓ invariant mass**

Backgrounds:

- Unidentified **photon conversions**
- Misidentified hadrons (K_S^0)

Data-driven estimation of background:

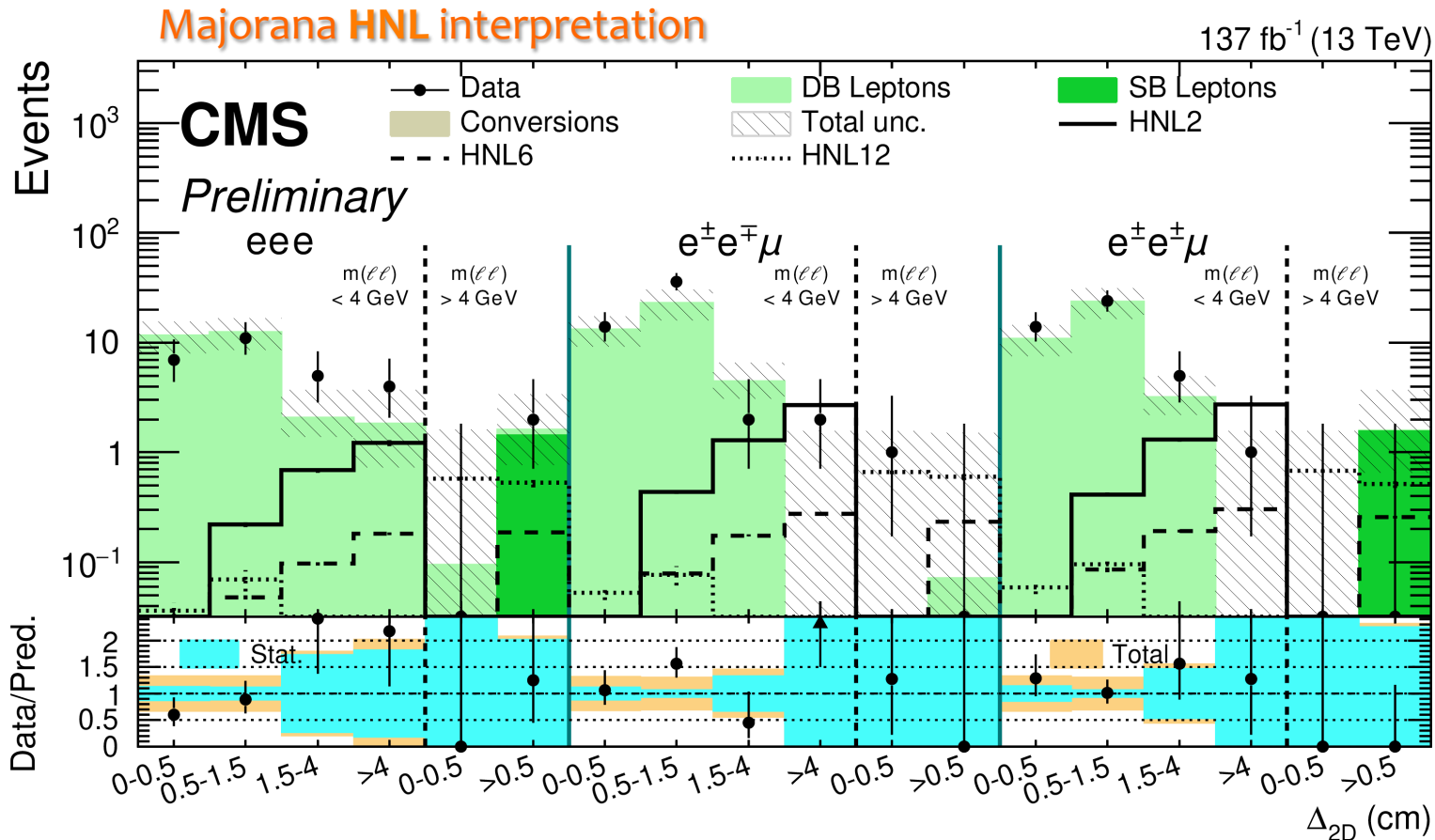
- “tight-to-loose” method in data control regions
- Validate with closure tests in sideband regions





Heavy neutral leptons – eeX results

- Events are categorized in SRs by lepton flavor, invariant mass and vertex displacement



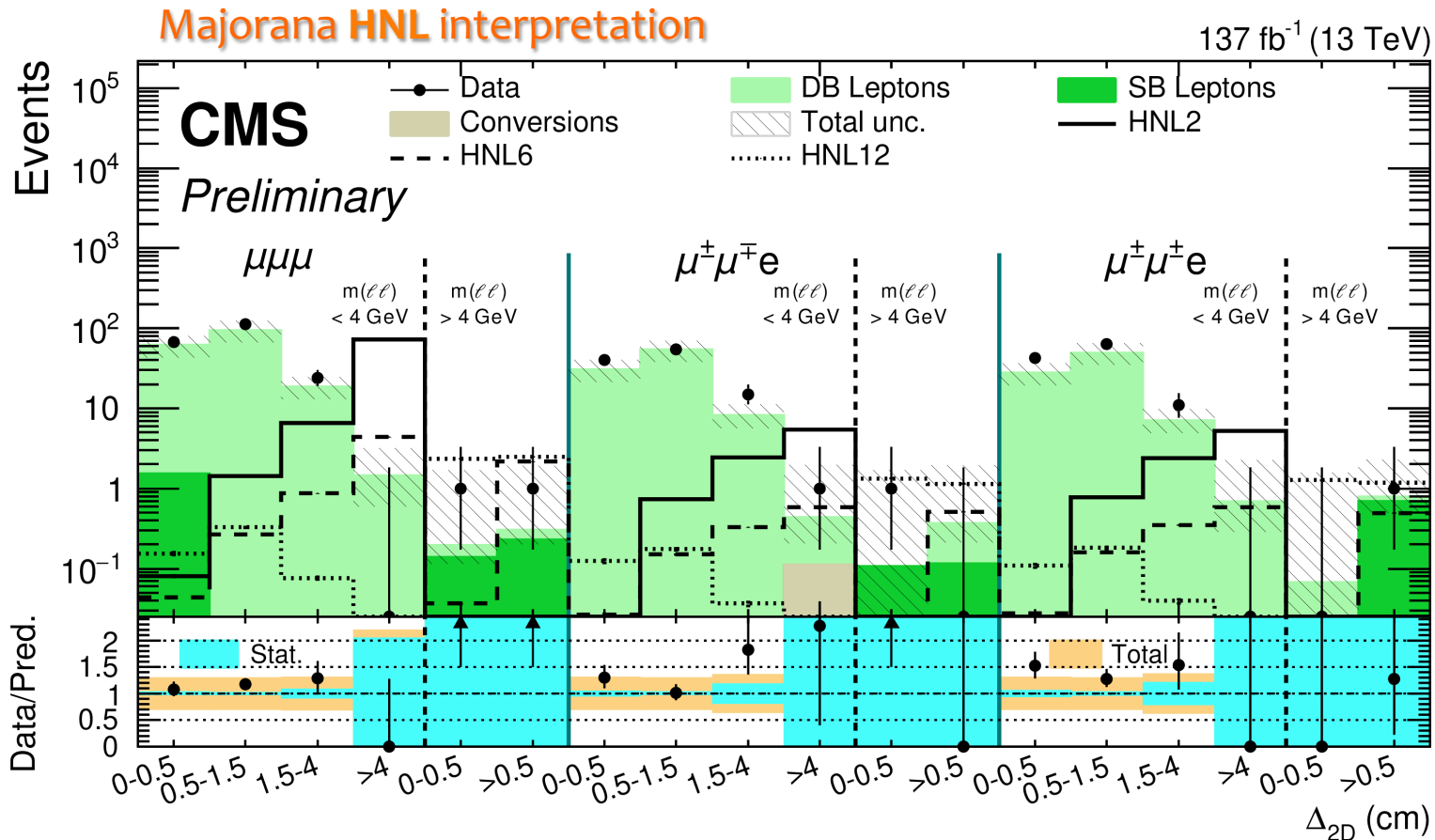
Majorana HNL: $m_N = 2 \text{ GeV}$ and $|V_{N\ell}|^2 = 0.8 \times 10^{-4}$ (HNL2), $m_N = 6 \text{ GeV}$ and $|V_{N\ell}|^2 = 1.3 \times 10^{-6}$ (HNL6), $m_N = 12 \text{ GeV}$ and $|V_{N\ell}|^2 = 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ (HNL12).

- No significant deviations from the SM expectations are observed for eeX and μμX final states



Heavy neutral leptons – $\mu\mu X$ results

- Events are categorized in SRs by lepton flavor, invariant mass and vertex displacement



Majorana HNL: $m_N = 2 \text{ GeV}$ and $|V_{N\ell}|^2 = 0.8 \times 10^{-4}$ (HNL2), $m_N = 6 \text{ GeV}$ and $|V_{N\ell}|^2 = 1.3 \times 10^{-6}$ (HNL6), $m_N = 12 \text{ GeV}$ and $|V_{N\ell}|^2 = 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$ (HNL12).

- No significant deviations from the SM expectations are observed for eeX and $\mu\mu X$ final states

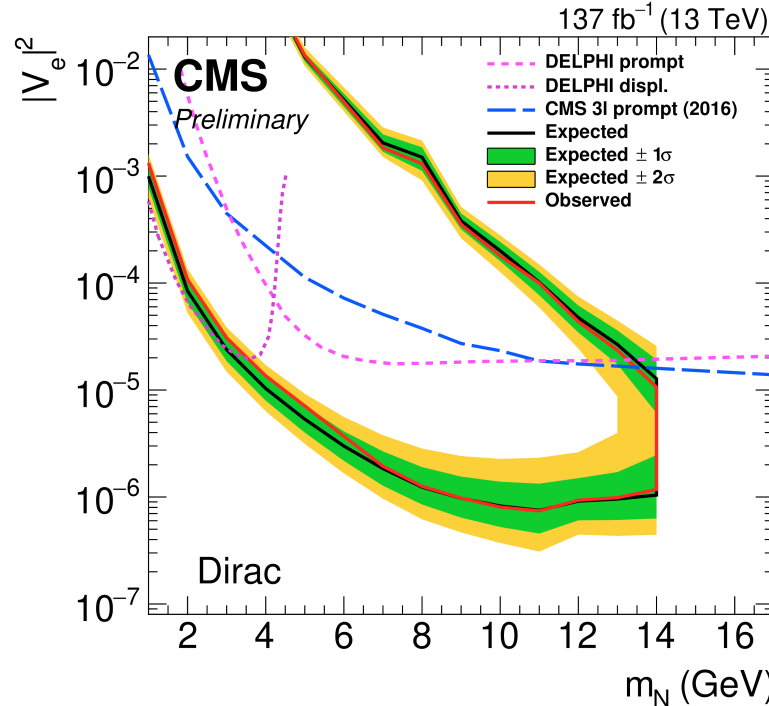
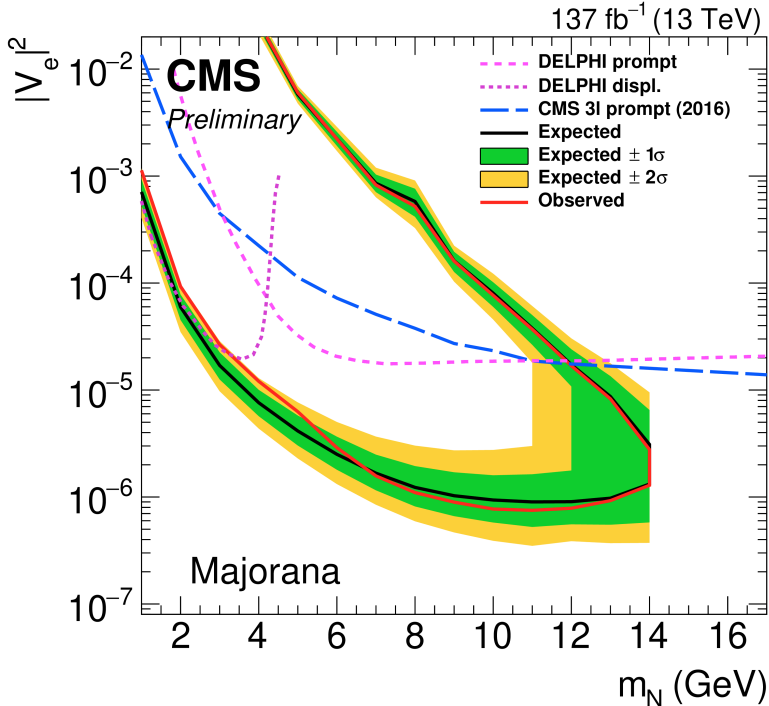


Heavy neutral leptons – limits

Constraints are obtained for HNL Majorana and right-handed Dirac neutrinos

- on the mass and coupling strength parameters (for electrons and muon)
- extending the exclusion limits from previous searches (back to **Delphi LEP times**)
- and (extending) **mixing parameter** values in the range of $10^{-7} - 10^{-5}$

for electron mixing from **eeX** channels



$$CT \propto \sum_i |V_{2iN}|^{-2} m_{N_i}^{-5}$$

- Results represent the *world best limits to date* on this type of processes in the explored parameter space of the HNL production at the LHC

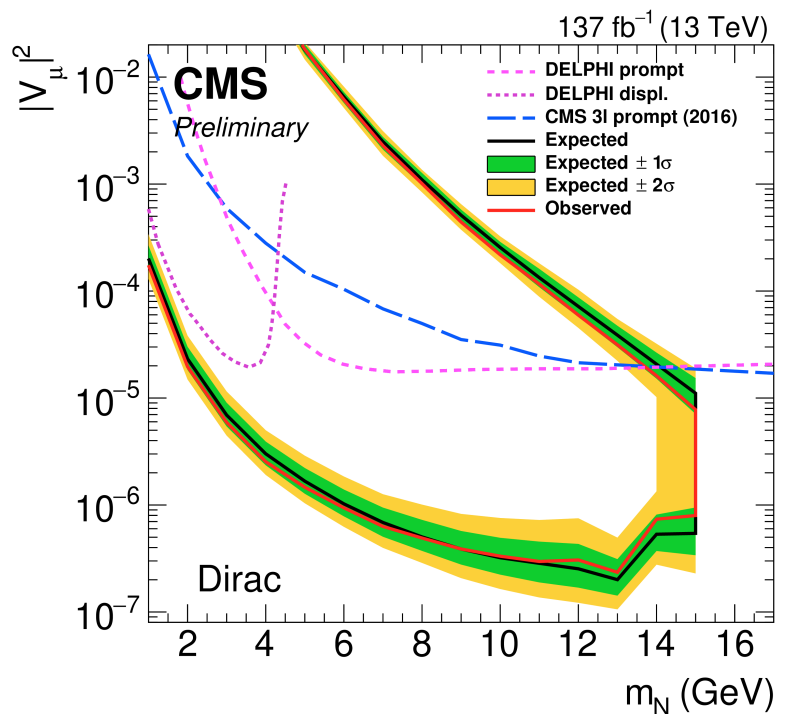
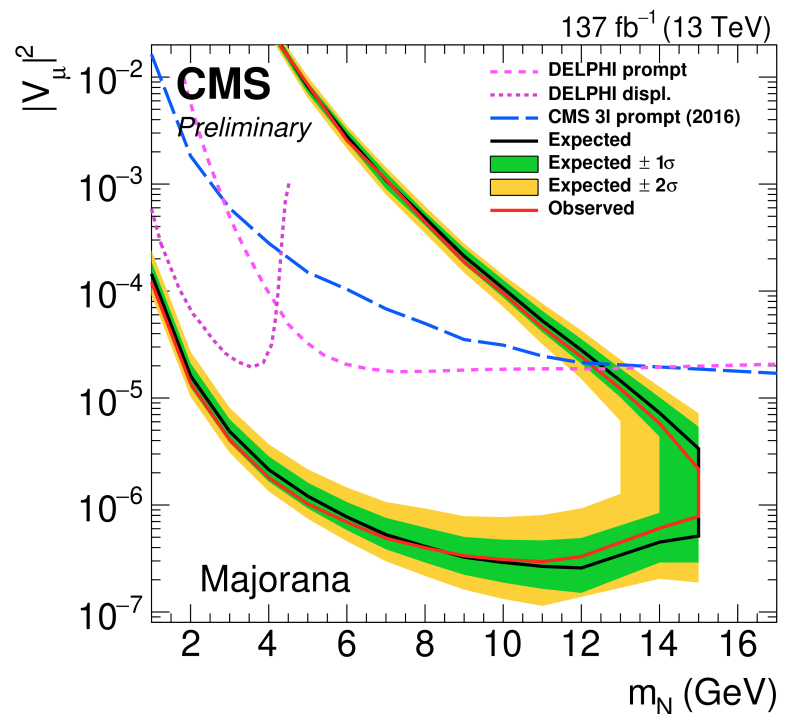


Heavy neutral leptons – limits

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- and (extending) **mixing parameter** values in the range of $10^{-7} - 10^{-5}$

for muon mixing from $\mu\mu X$ channels



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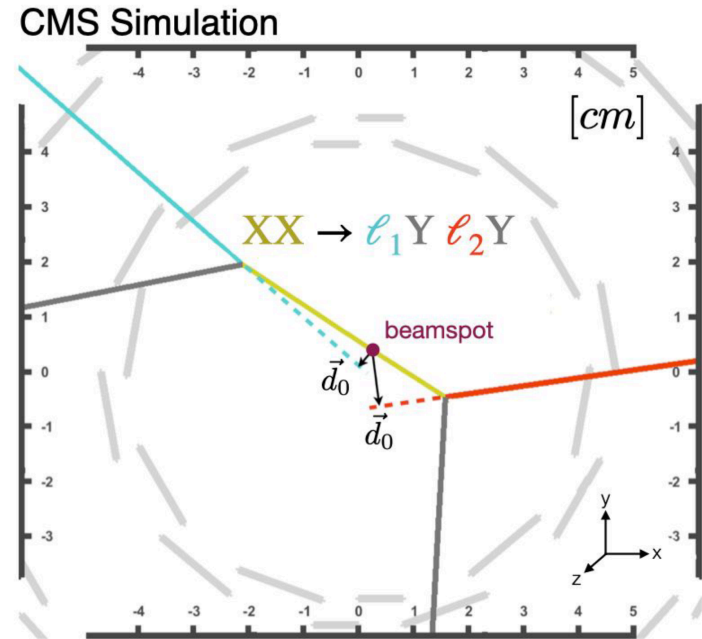


Displaced leptons

- **Signature:** displaced lepton pair

where both leptons have a **large transverse impact parameter (d_0)**

- d_0 is an effective discriminating variable:
- Leptons are expected to come from **different secondary vertices**, but no such explicit requirement is introduced
- $|d_0| > \sim 100 \mu\text{m}$ eliminates significantly the SM background



- **Analysis strategy:** VERY INCLUSIVE SEARCH for LLPs

- Look for $e\mu$, ee , $\mu\mu$ final states with both large d_0
- No explicit constraints on non-lepton physics objects
 - Sensitivity to **large range of lifetimes $c\tau$ (10 mm to 1 m)**
- Kinematical cuts to reject SM bkg that produce displaced leptons

- **Triggering:**

- Muon and photon (sensitive to displaced electrons) double triggers (no cuts on vrt)

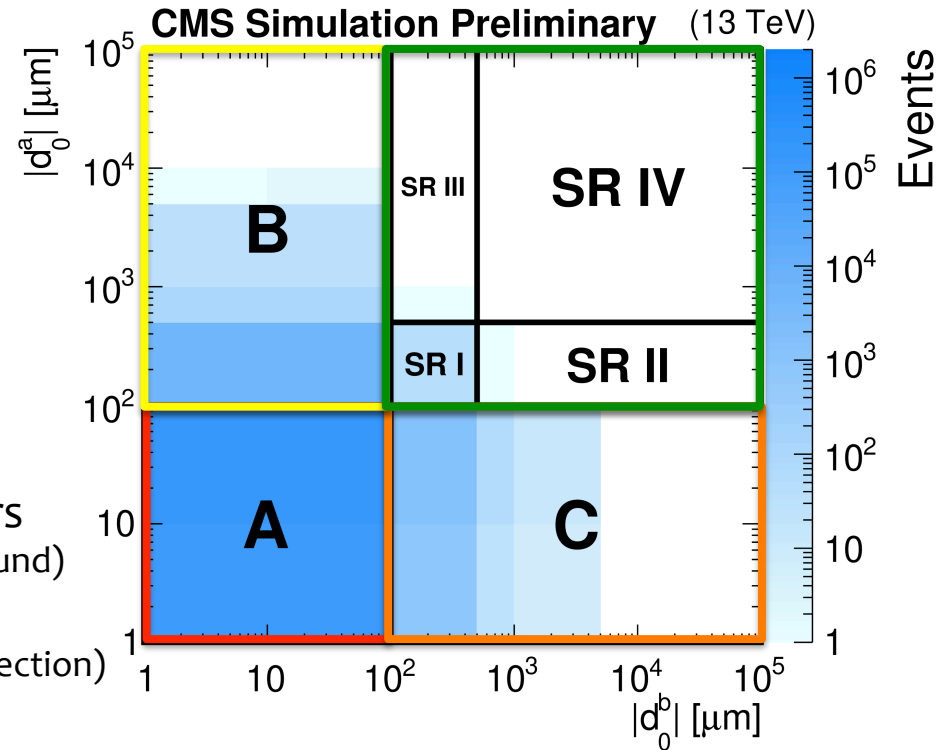


Displaced leptons

- Inclusive event selection:
 - ≥ 2 isolated, high-momentum, well-measured leptons
 - p_T set by trigger turn on (35–75 GeV depending on channel/year)
 - $|\eta| < 1.5$ (for d_0 resolution)
 - No constraints on other event parameters such as missing energy, jets, etc

- Lepton d_0 is used to define the **signal regions (SRs)**
 - **SR: $100\mu\text{m} < |d_0| \leq 10\text{cm}$** for both leptons

- Main backgrounds:
 - Poorly measured leptons
 - Semileptonic decays of tau leptons pairs (correction to account for irreducible tau background)
 - Heavy-flavor hadron decays (negligible due to isolation requirements at preselection)

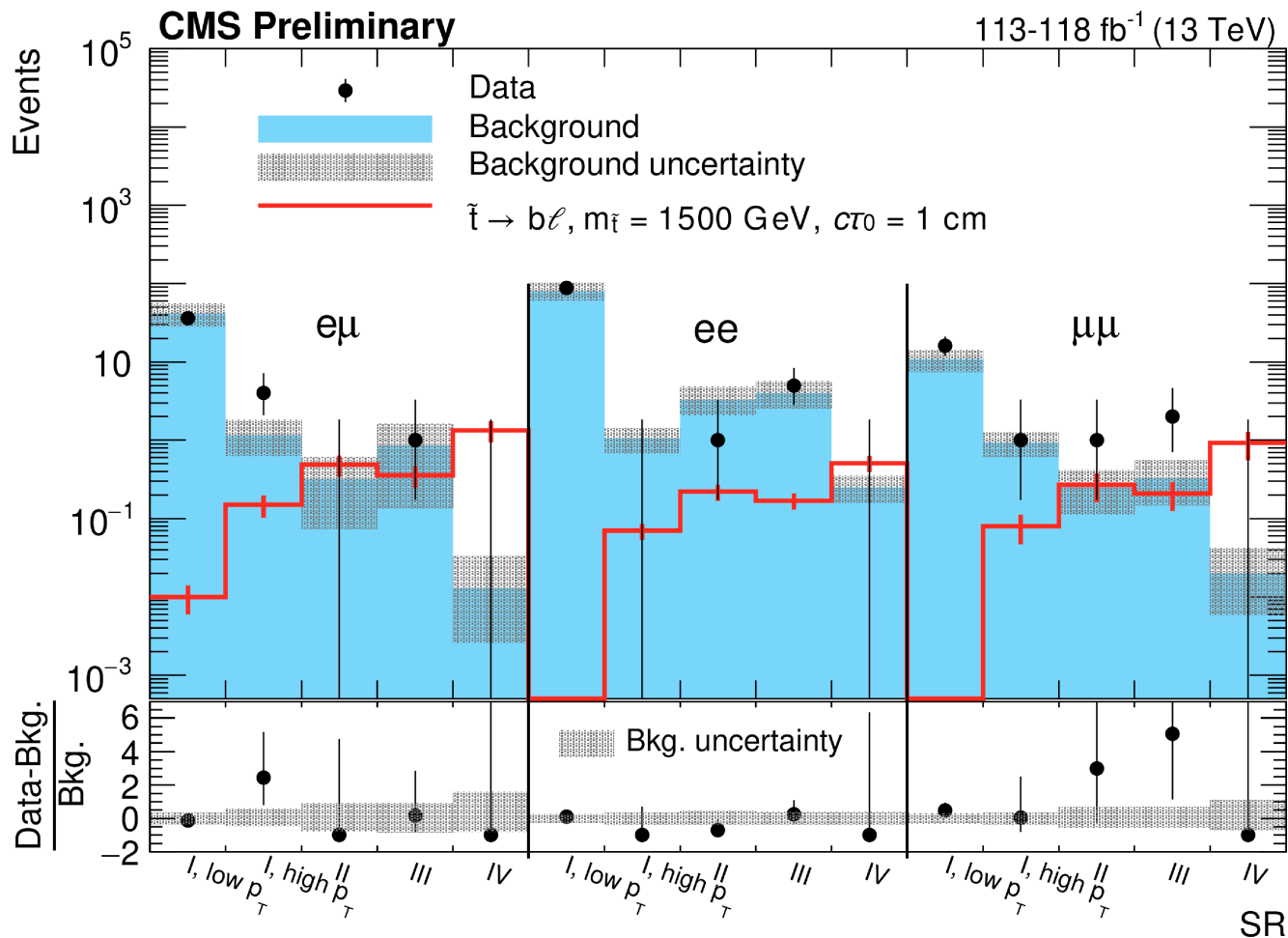


- Data-driven estimate of background
 - $N_{SR_i} \approx (N_{B_i} \times N_{C_i}) / N_{A_i}$ for $i \in \{I, II, III, IV\}$



Displaced leptons – results

- Events are categorized in SRs by lepton flavor and d_0 and momentum p_T



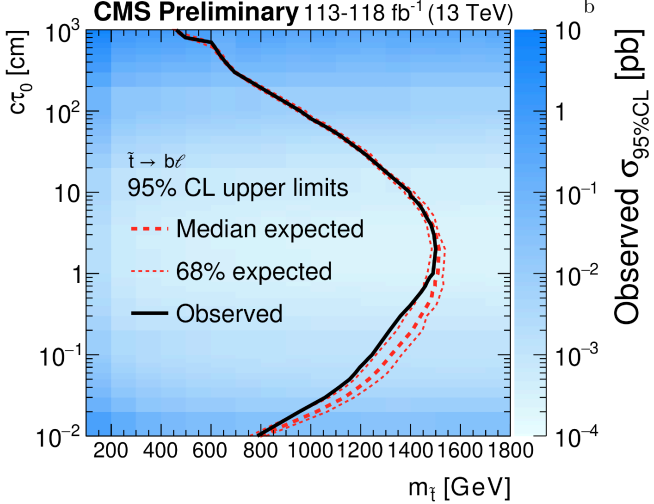
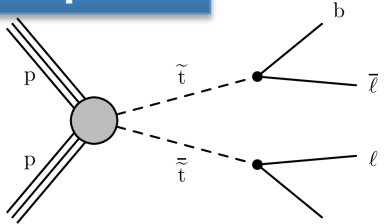
- Observation consistent with bg-only hypothesis



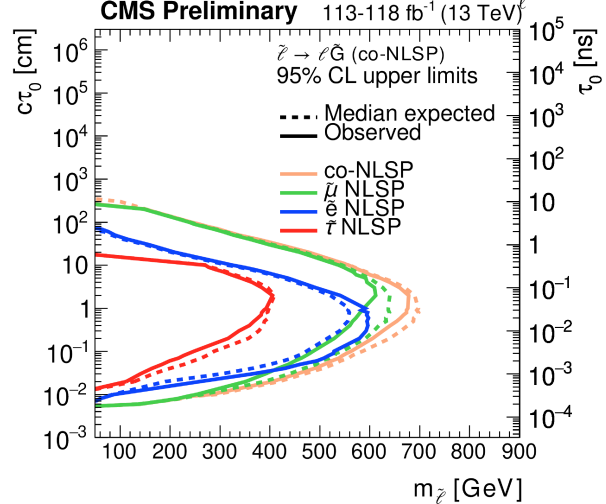
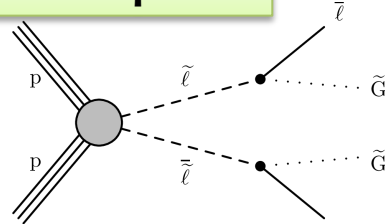
Displaced leptons – limits

- Mass and cross sections constrains over wide range of lifetimes

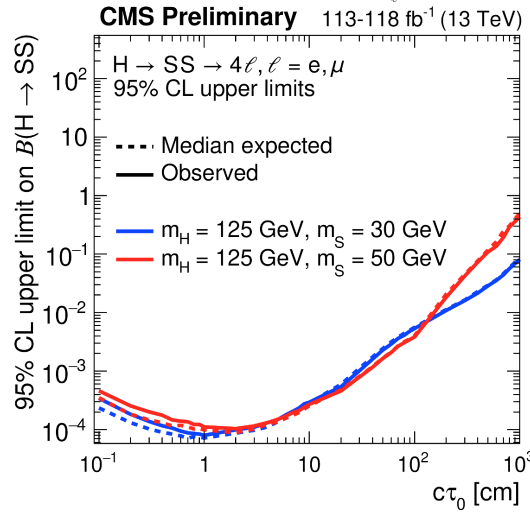
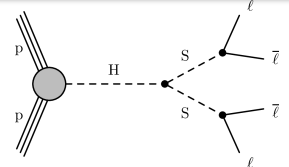
RPV top squarks



GMSB sleptons



Higgs boson decaying to long-lived scalars



~600 GeV improvement wrt. previous displaced lepton limits

Similar reach as ATLAS-2011.07812
exclusive sensitivity $\lesssim 10^{-1}$ cm

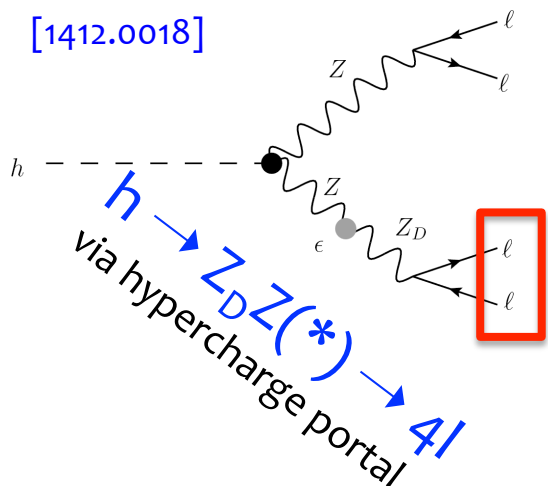
Most stringent limits to date for $c\tau \lesssim 50$ cm



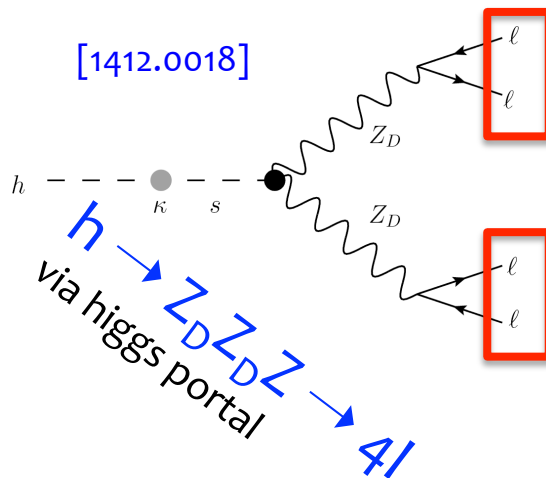
Dimuon resonances

Higgs boson decays to a pair of long-lived dark photons

[1412.0018]

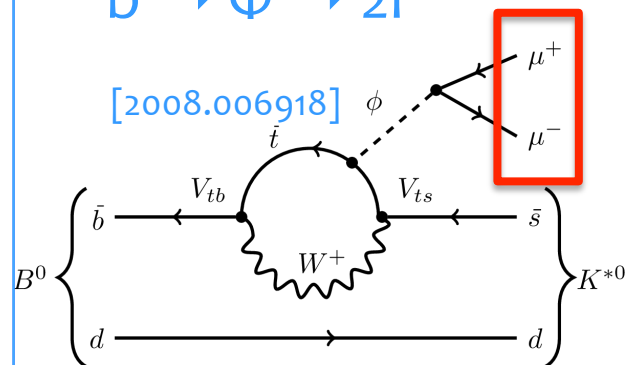


[1412.0018]



$b \rightarrow \Phi \rightarrow 2l$

[2008.006918]



Long-lived scalar resonance arises from the decay of a B hadron

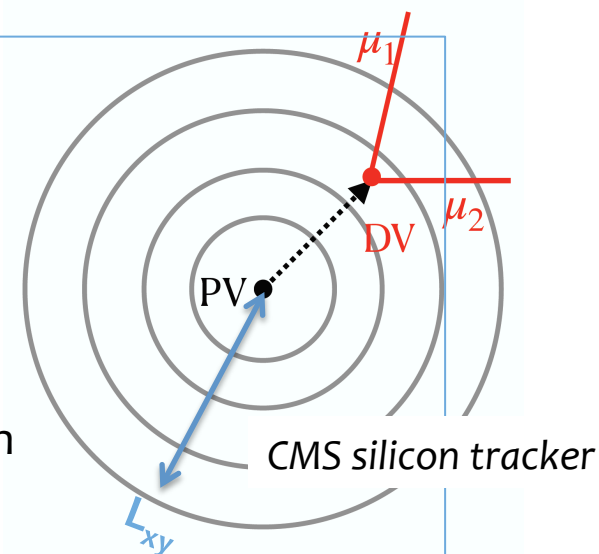
Very low mass search

for a muon pair with **displaces vertex (DV)**

- masses **down to $\sim 2m_\mu$** and **displacements L_{xy} up to 11 cm**

Benchmark models

- Z_D : $0.5 \text{ GeV} \leq m(Z_D) \leq 50 \text{ GeV}$ $0.1 \text{ mm} \leq c\tau_0(Z_D) \leq 1000 \text{ mm}$
- Φ : $0.3 \text{ GeV} \leq m(\Phi) \leq 5 \text{ GeV}$ $0.1 \text{ mm} \leq c\tau_0(\Phi) \leq 100 \text{ mm}$

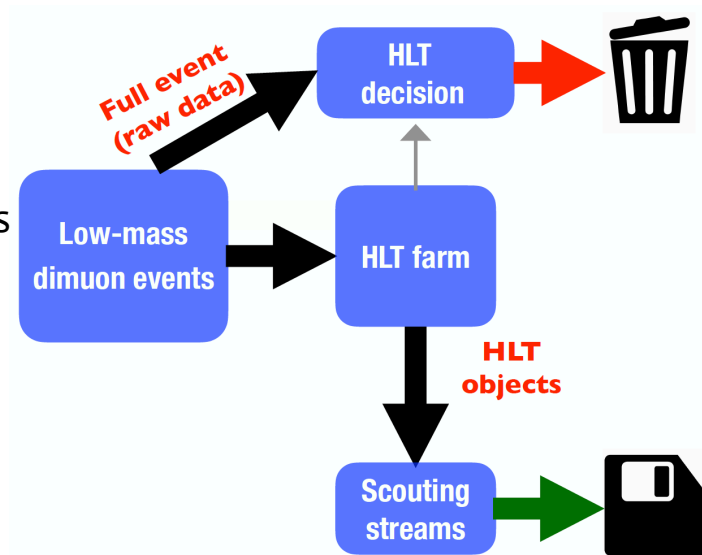




Dimuon resonances w/scouting

High rate triggers (scouting):

- Bypass the high-level trigger (HLT) thresholds by directly sending HLT objects to disk instead of saving raw data
- Reduced event info compared to offline reconstructed objects
- **DoubleMu trigger path** allow sensitivities to **otherwise inaccessible low-mass** events



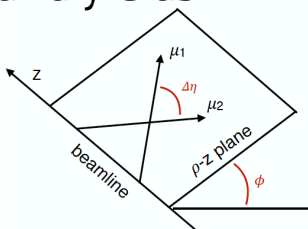
Signature :

- At least 2 opposite sign muons ($p_T > 3 \text{ GeV}$, $|\eta| < 2.4$) and **1 displaced vertex**

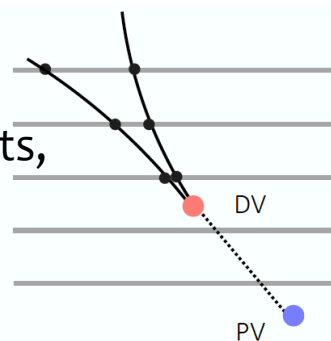
Backgrounds:

- Controlled with a set of kinematical cuts
- DV/dimuon kinematics & displacement requirements, material veto to reduce background yields:

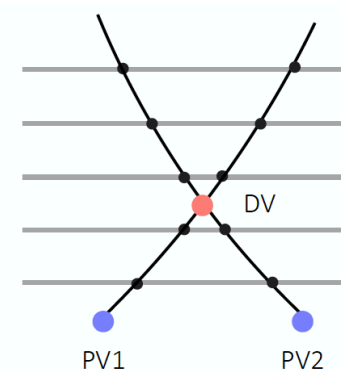
- Sophisticated cuts:
 - $\log_{10}(\Delta\eta/\Delta\phi) < 1.25$
 - # excess pixel hits ≤ 0



signal LLP



PU tracks

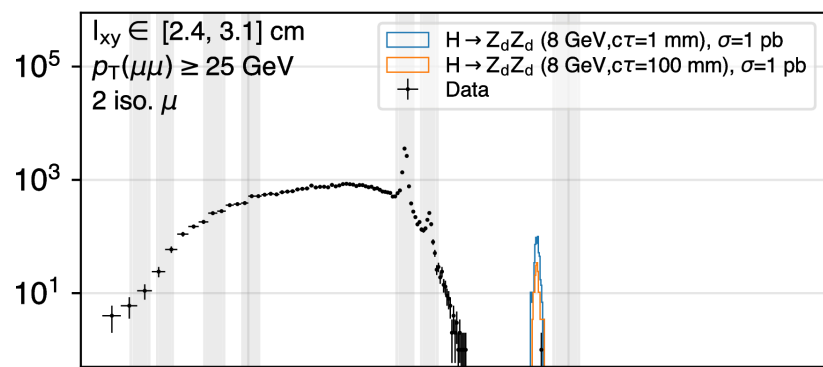




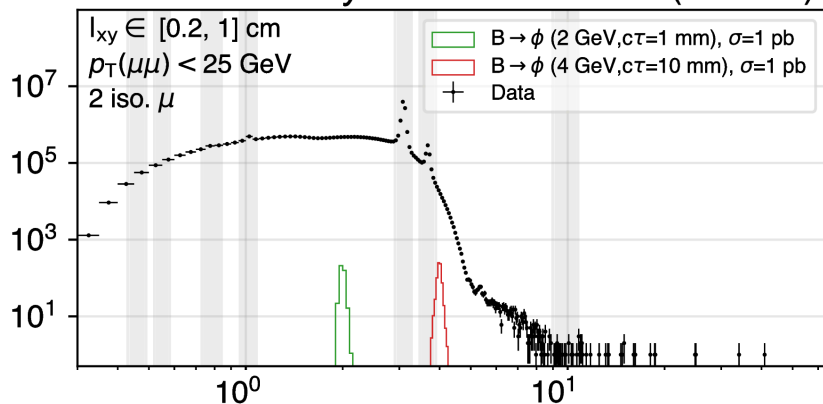
Dimuon resonances – results

Strategy:

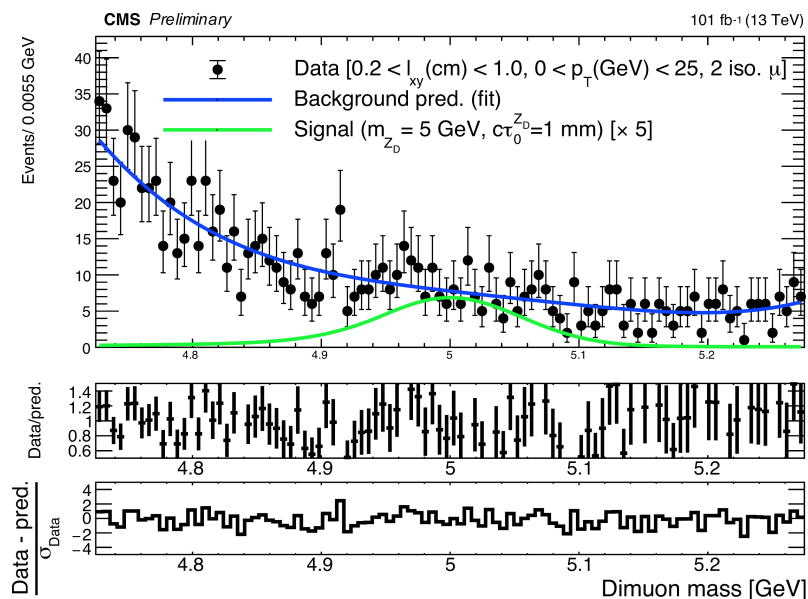
- Search for a **narrow peak** in dimuon invariant mass spectrum
- SM bkg estimated directly from data can be parameterized by analytical functions
 - SM resonances are masked ($\pm 5\sigma_{res.}$ window) for the result
- Events are **categorized in bins** of muon isolation (2,1,0 iso- μ), di-mu momentum $p_T(\mu\mu)$ and displacement L_{xy}



CMS Preliminary 101 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)



- **Simultaneous fit** in all search bins either bkg-only or bkg+signal hypotheses

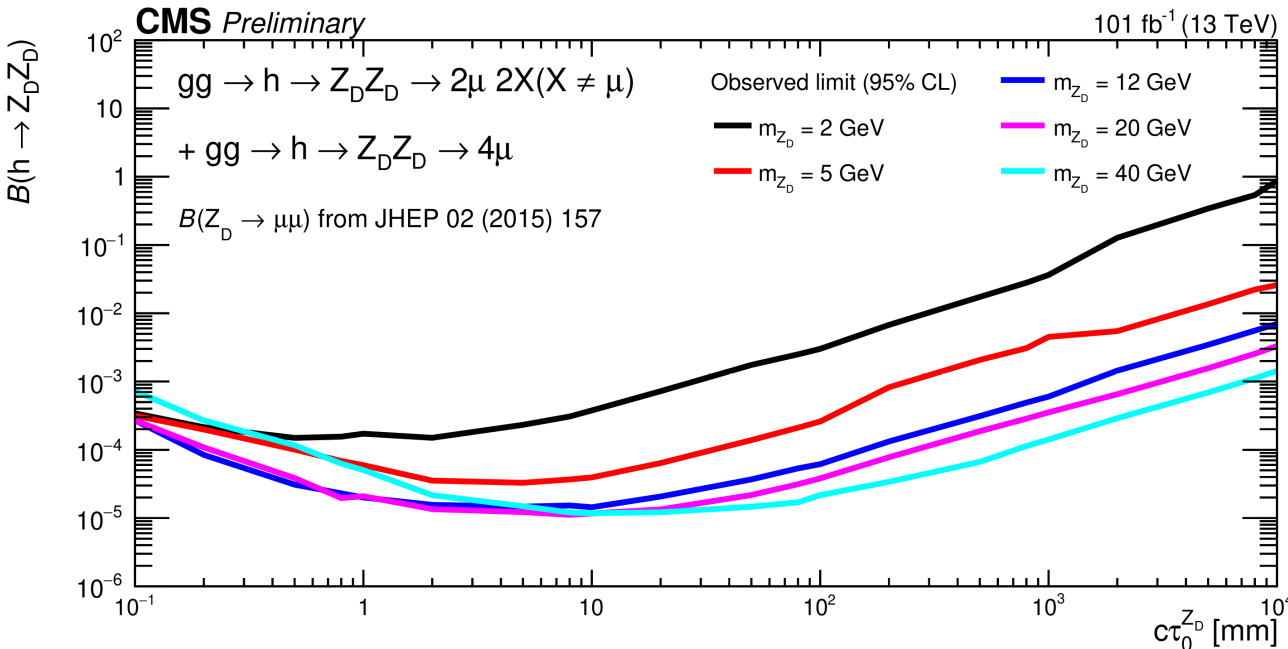
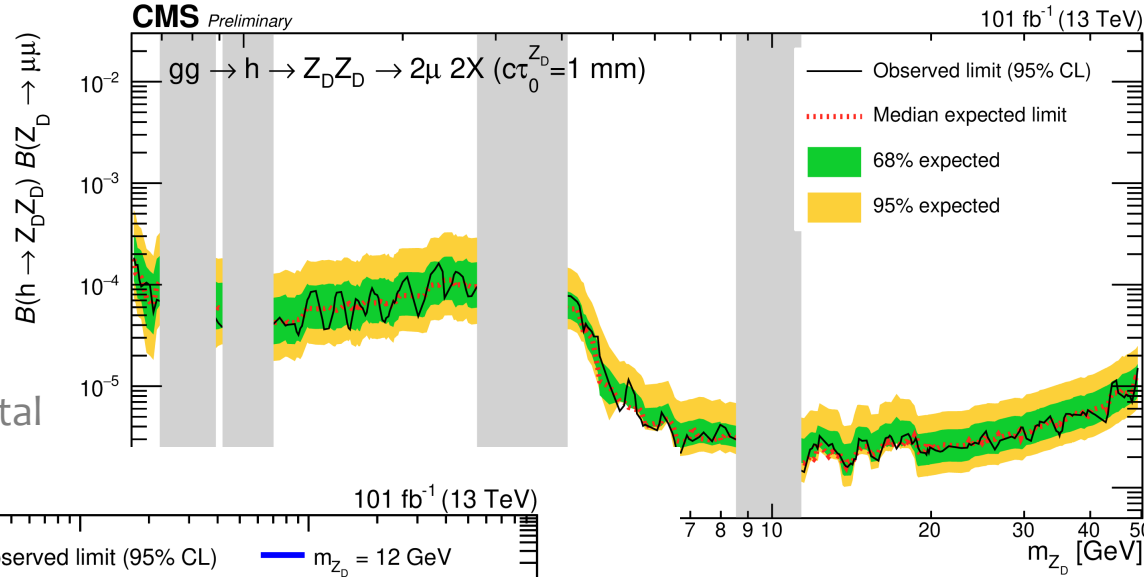




Dimuon resonances – limits

- No significant excess is observed
- Bkg+signal fits are used to set limits signal models

SM-like Higgs boson decay to leptons via one or two intermediate Z_D through the hypercharge or Higgs portal

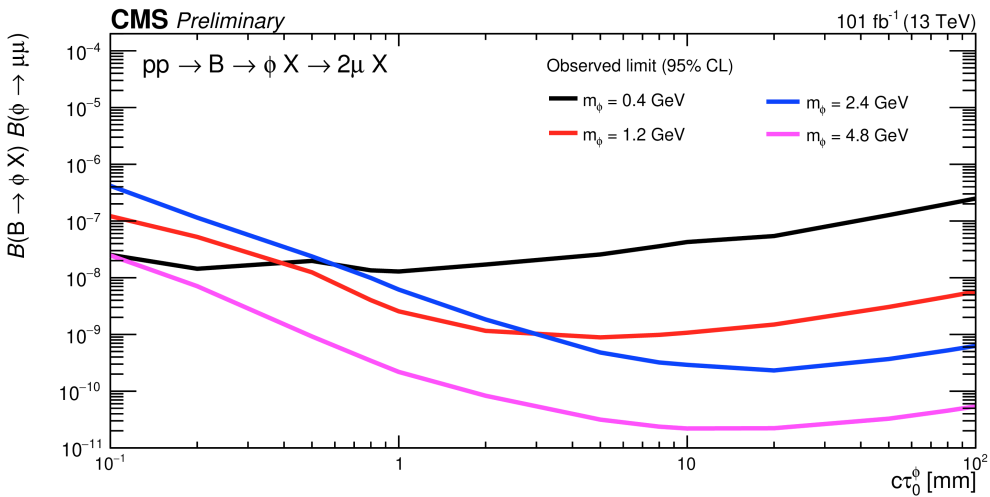
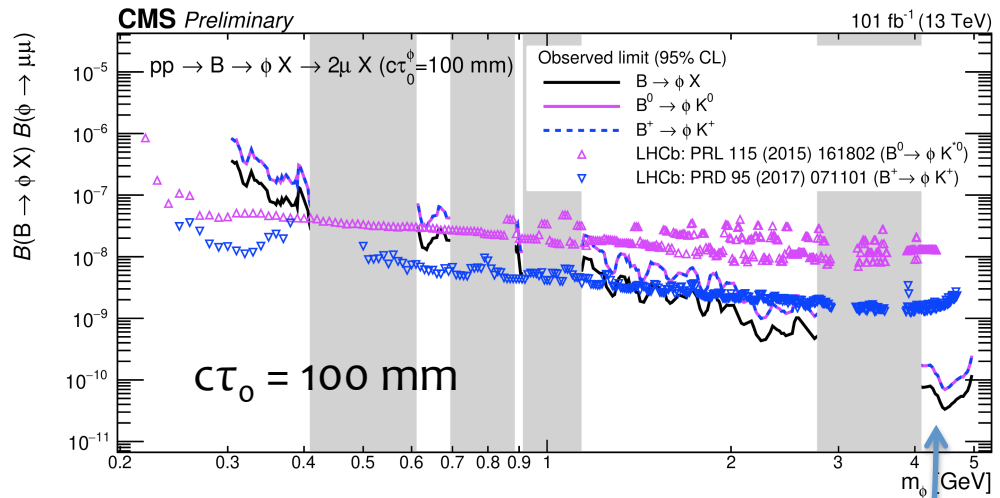
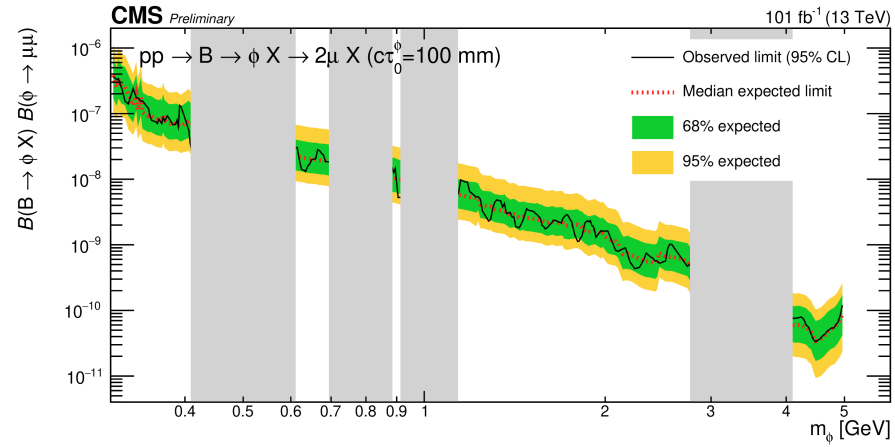


The most stringent constraints to date in a wide range of signal mass (2-40 GeV) and lifetime hypotheses



Dimuon resonances – limits

- No significant excess is observed
- Bkg+signal fits are used to set limits signal models



- Upper limits on $BR(B \rightarrow \phi X) \cdot BR(\phi \rightarrow \mu\mu)$
- CMS reached sensitivity comparable with LHCb especially at higher mass and higher lifetime



Displaced jets with Z boson

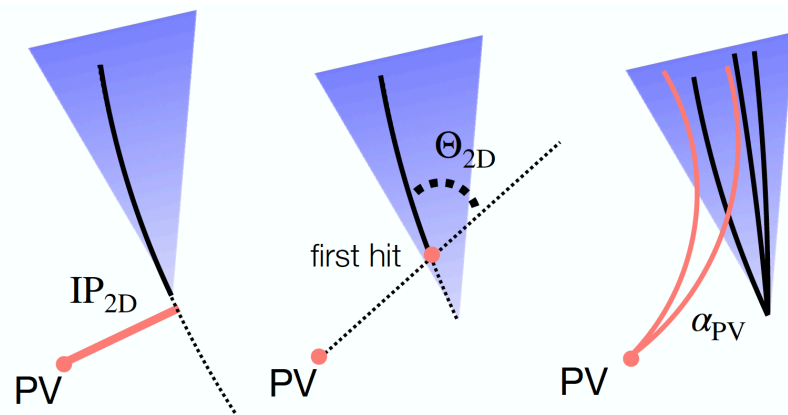
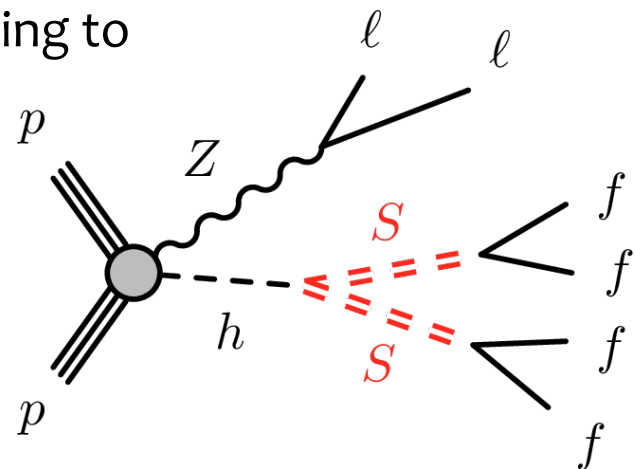
- **Search for:** SM-like (125GeV) **higgs** boson decaying to **light scalar LLPs** which **decay to b-jets** or **d-jets** and produced with **Z boson** association

- **Trigger** and selections based on **Z boson** decays to **electron or muon** pairs provide sensitivity to **light (15 GeV or less) LLPs**, which have up to now been difficult to access

- **Cut-based displaced-jet tagging** using the properties of the tracks associated with each jet

- **Selections:**

- events with at least 2 displaced jets
- no displaced vertex required

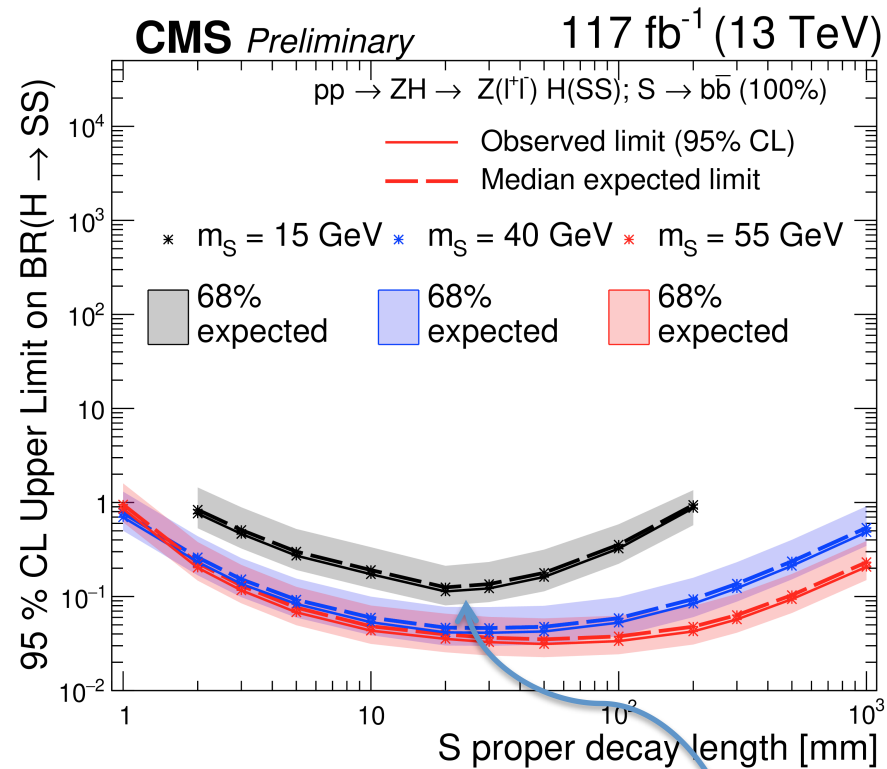
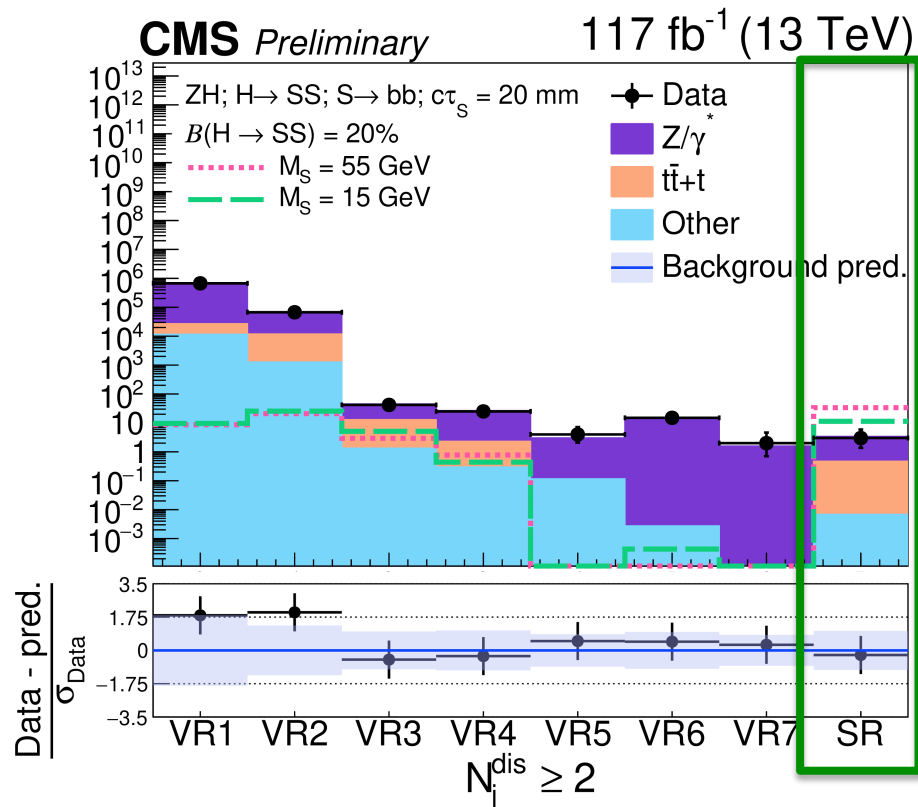


Displaced jets in the CMS silicon tracker



Displaced jet + Z – results & limits

- Events categorized to validate bkg estimate and define a SR region
- Results:** 3 events observed wrt 3.5 ± 1.8 events expected

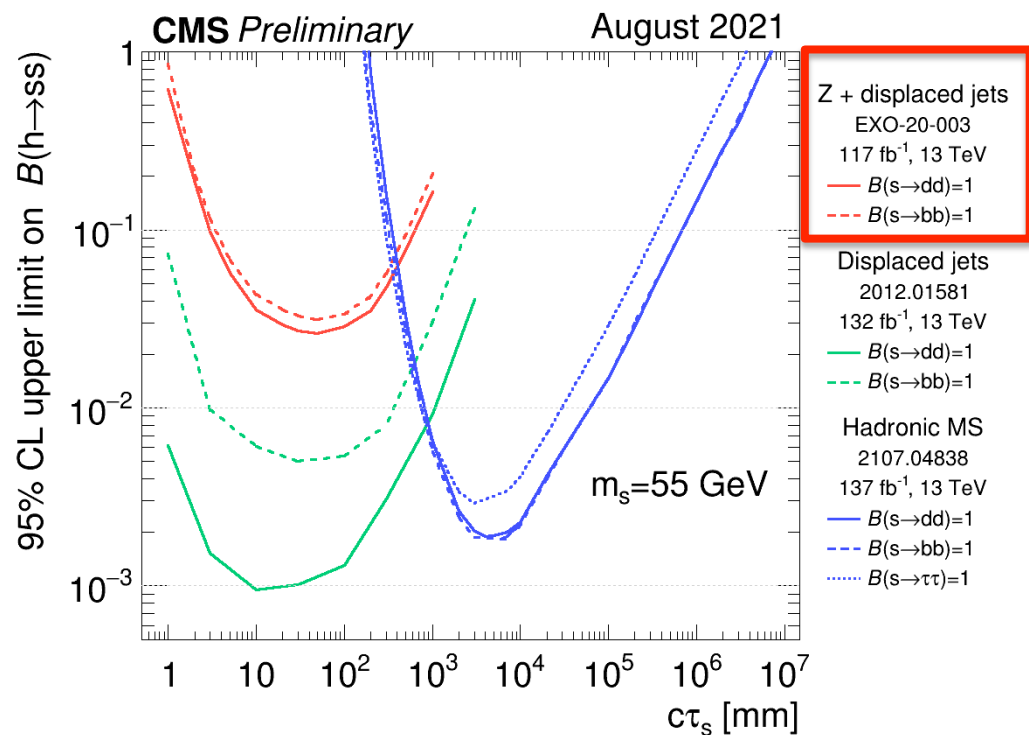
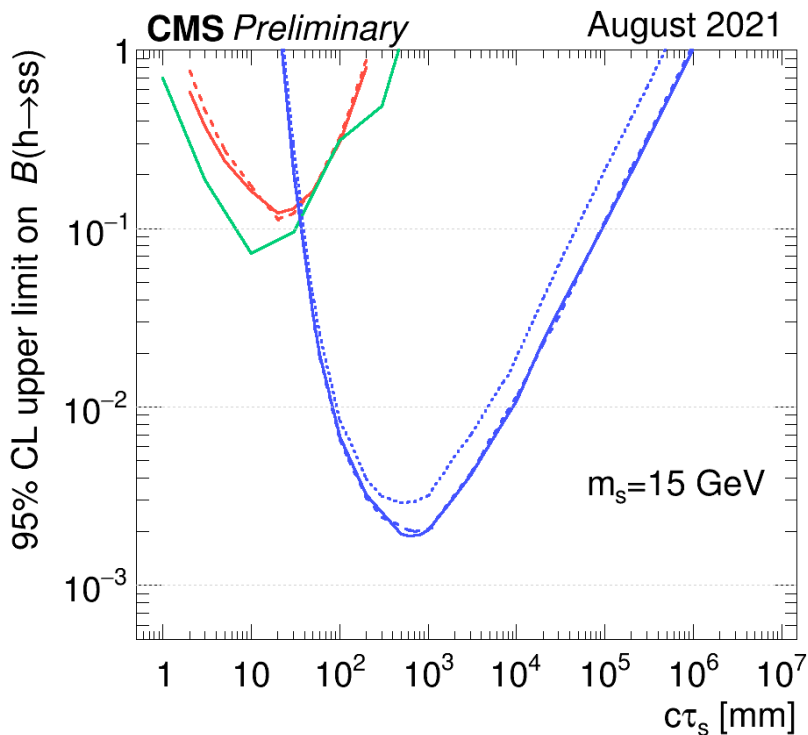


Most stringent CMS limits for the branching fractions (H→SS) for low mass scalars of around 15 GeV with mean proper decay lengths of 2-30 mm, where the scalars decay to a pair of b quarks



Displaced jet + Z vs other searches

- Observed exclusion limit from different CMS hadronic long-lived particle analyses on the branching fraction of the SM- higgs boson to two neutral long-lived scalars



- Complementary results for CMS
 - Z+displaced jets: added a sensitivity to low mass LLP for 15 GeV, $S \rightarrow bb$

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/SummaryPlotsEXO13TeV>



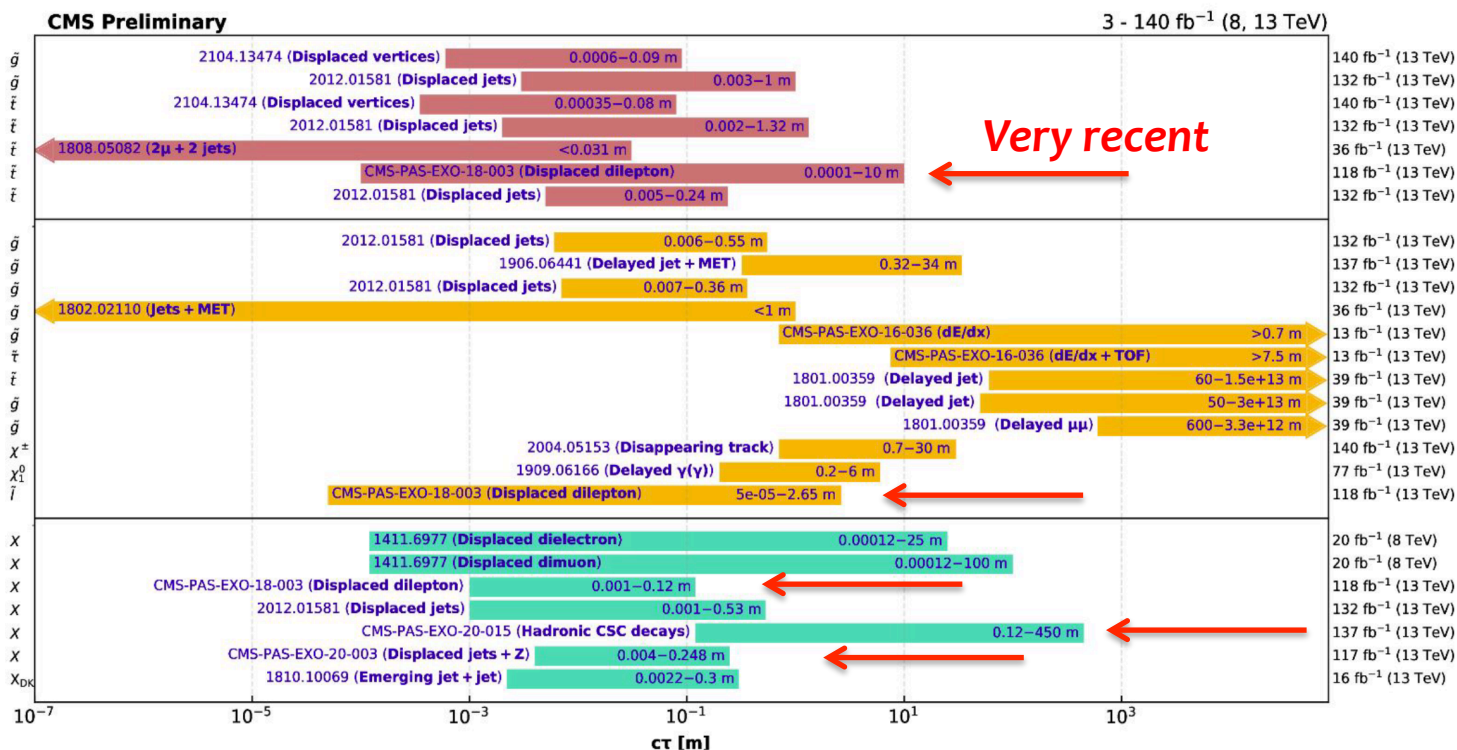
LLP at CMS summary

- Unconventional signatures of displaced leptons or jets are powerful tools in searches for different LLPs in *a model independent way*
- **New results for full Run 2 data pushed limits on LLPs**
 - Explore challenging the low mass LLPs
 - Sensitive to wide range of decay lengths
 - Searches complement each other
- Any detected signal of LLP would be a clear indication of a new physics
 - Therefore, the CMS experiment make an effort for LHC Run 3 to enhance his sensitivity to catch the LLPs by **new algorithms of reco and triggering especially at the L1**
- EXO CMS public results:
<http://cms-results.web.cern.ch/cms-results/public-results/publications/EXO/LLP.html>



Thank you!

Selection of LLP searches at CMS



<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/SummaryPlotsEXO13TeV>

Supported by grant: DIR/WK/2016/2019/15-1