

Brief report on the MARTA detector concept for LATTES

Ruben Conceição

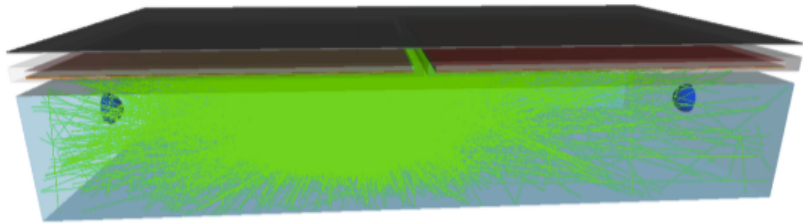
Jakub Vicha, Bernardo Tomé*

**Work done mainly by this author*



Motivation

BASELINE design

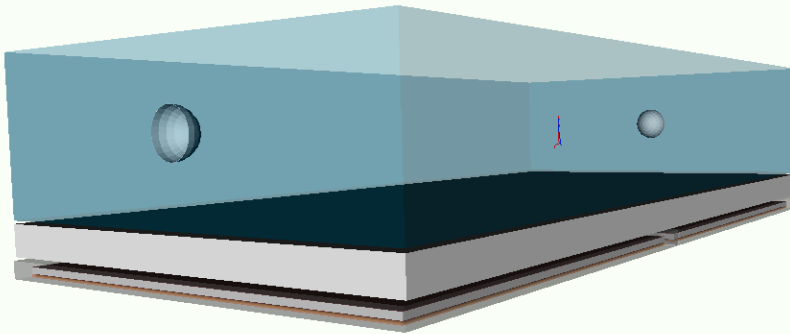


Pb plate 0.5 cm $\sim 1 X_0$

RPCs - shielded by $\sim 1 X_0$

WCD (50 cm of water) - shielded by $\sim 1 X_0$

MARTA design



Shielding generally:

- absorbs low-energy electrons
- converts high-energy photons

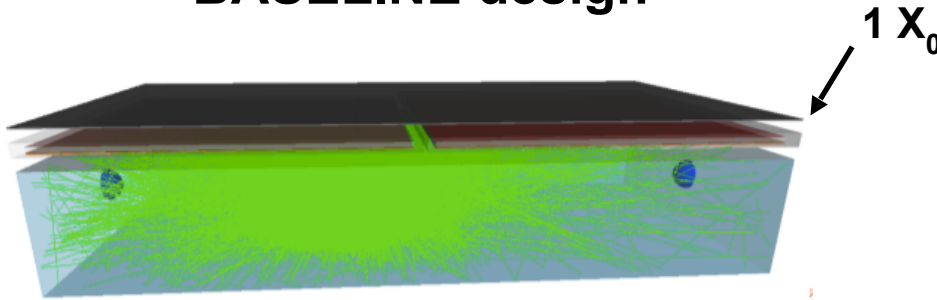
WCD - **unshielded**
(40 cm of water $\sim 1 X_0$)

~~Concrete precast 10 cm $\sim 1 X_0$~~

RPCs - shielded by $\sim 1 X_0$

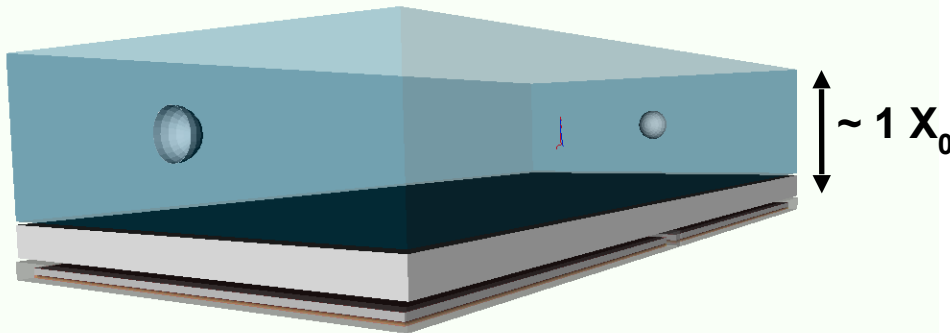
Motivation

BASELINE design



- In principle, both designs are ~ equivalent
-> need to be tested with simulations

MARTA design



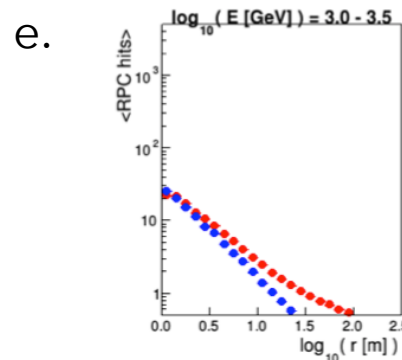
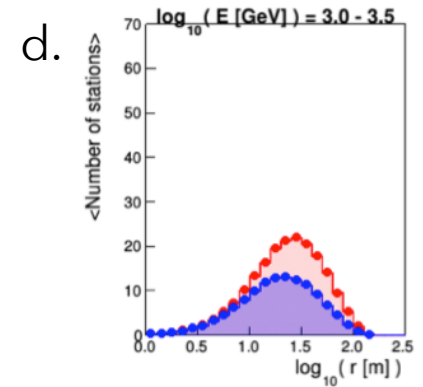
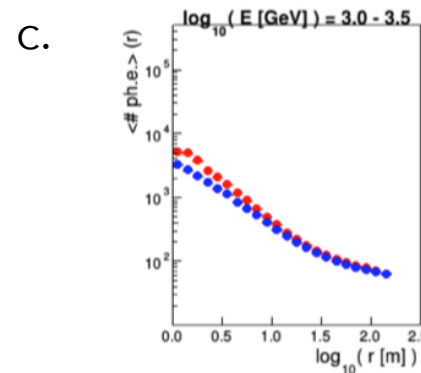
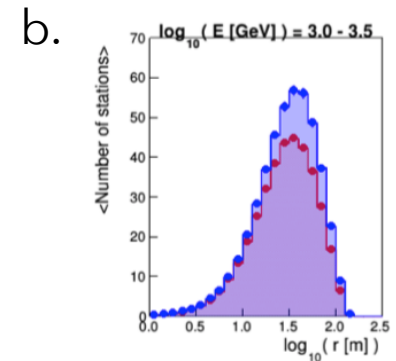
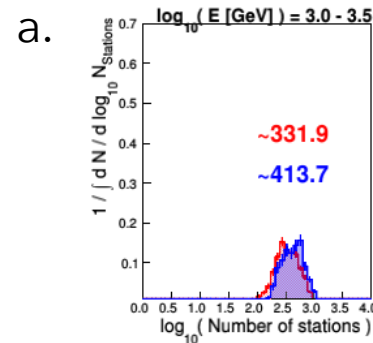
- No need for Pb plate (~200 kg) in the MARTA design
-> **less demanding on cost and deployment, smaller temperature variations in RPCs**

Summary of results at station level

- Many tests at the station level and at different shower energies
(**BASELINE** / **MARTA**)

- WCD total number of stations
- WCD number stations vs core distance
- WCD LDF
- RPC number stations vs distance
- RPC LDF
- ...

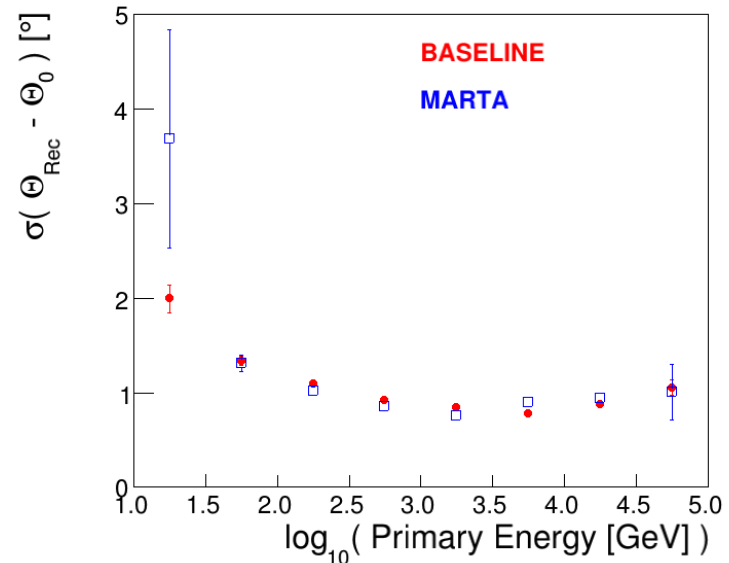
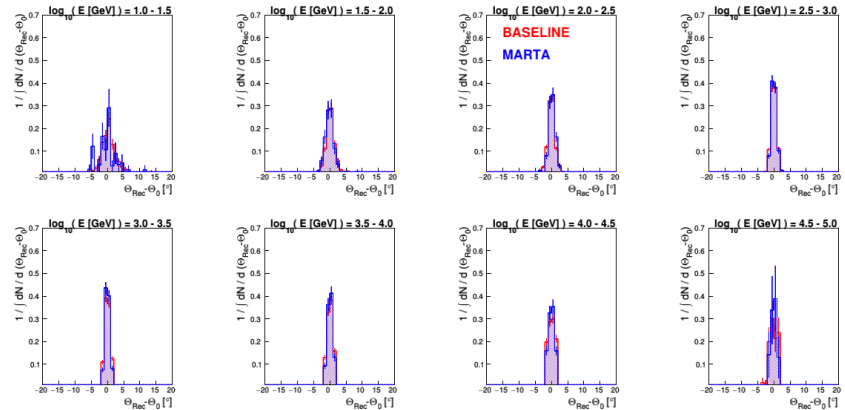
- We currently believe that we understand all these features
- Document describing all finding to be produced soon



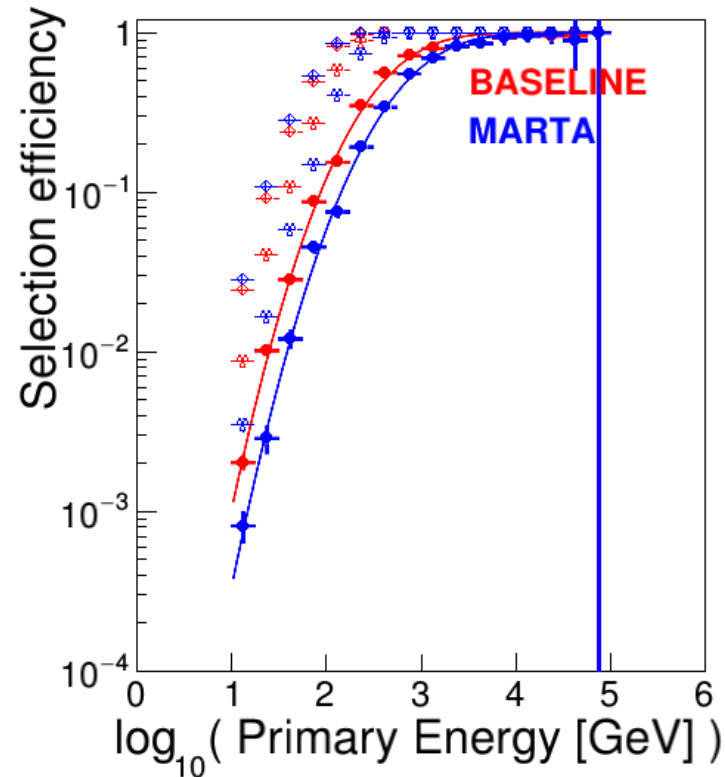
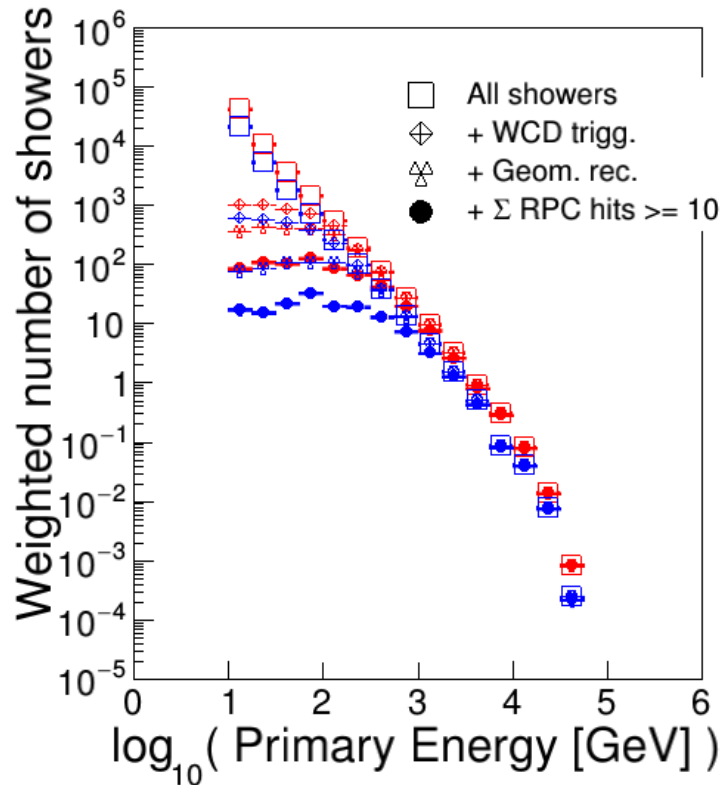
Going directly to
impact on shower
reconstruction

Shower geometry reconstruction

- ✧ Caveats:
 - ✧ Using simulated energy instead of reconstructed energy
 - ✧ Use LATTESrec to rec showers
 - ✧ Shower geometry reconstruction is not affected



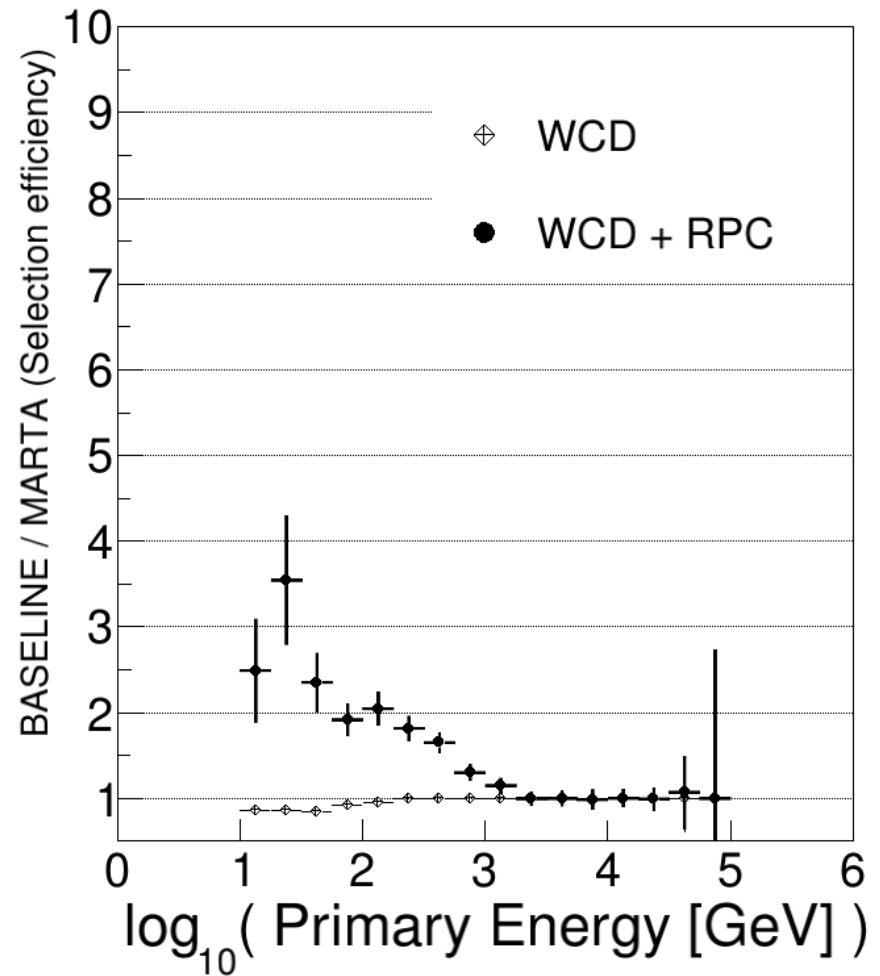
Shower selection efficiency



- ✧ When only WCD trigger considered, there are small differences in the selection efficiency
- ✧ Differences increase when additional conditions on geometry reconstruction (using RPC) are applied (consequence of steeper RPC $\langle \text{LDF} \rangle$ in case of MARTA)

Shower selection efficiency ratio

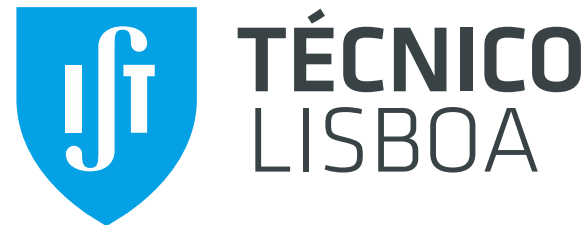
- ✧ Similar performance above 1 TeV (simulated energy)
- ✧ MARTA is slightly better at the WCD level
- ✧ LATTES baseline better at the RPC level
- ✧ As a consequence, LATTES baseline is a better detector when targeting lower energies



Summary

- ✧ Study of MARTA-like detector concept for LATTES
 - ✧ Features/differences understood
- ✧ Test with more inclined showers to be done
- ✧ Draft of a paper with these results to be produced as soon as possible

Acknowledgements



Backup slides

Summary

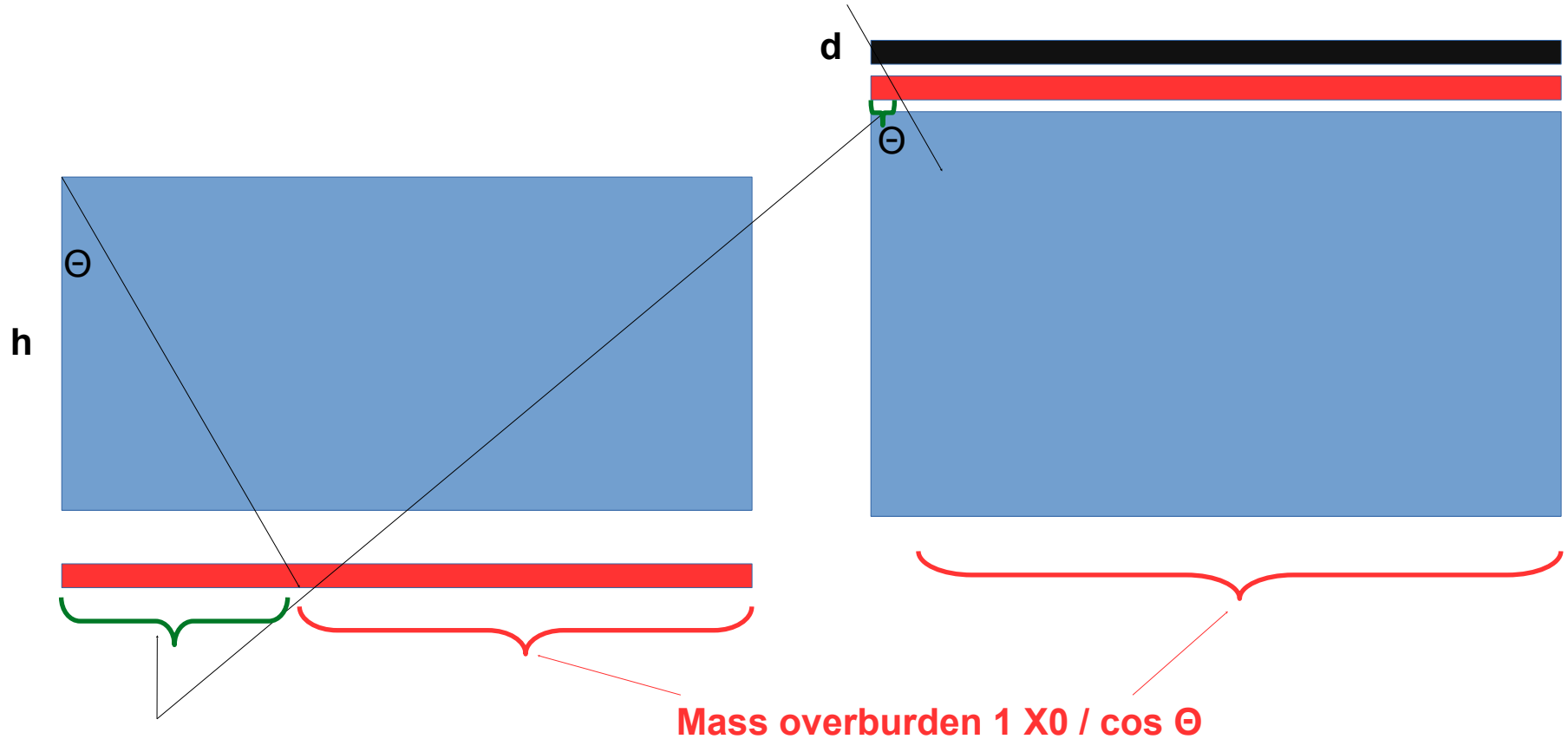
- **Above 1 TeV**

- at the WCD level, Marta and Baseline equivalent
- at the RPC level, about 20% less RPC hits in case of MARTA, but not affecting the angular resolution
- selection efficiency ~ the same

- **Going below 1 TeV**

- at the WCD level, Marta triggers events with more stations farther from the core -> more total ph.e. collected - effect on energy resolution yet unknown
- at the RPC level, Baseline collects more hits, but again does not seem to affect angular resolution
- selection efficiency is by 2-3 times better in case of Baseline due to more hits collected (trigger 10 hits)

Geometry effect



“Antifiducial area” with smaller mass overburden than the rest - are we losing the subshower content (photon conversions)?

Ratio “Antifiducial area” / Total area for $\Theta=30^\circ$:

- Marta: $(h \cdot \tan \Theta) \times 1.5\text{m} / 1.5\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m} = \sim 15\%$
- Baseline: $(d \cdot \tan \Theta) \times 1.5\text{m} / 1.5\text{m} \times 1.5\text{m} = \sim 0\%$

What are the production points of particles? Are $\Theta=30^\circ$ possible farther from the core?