eASTROGAM Optimizations and polarization study of eAstrogam

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COSIMA INPUTS:

Number of triggers: 500000 x 8

Mono Spectrum:

Energies: 300, 500, 1000, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000, 5000 keV Zenith angles: 0, 30, 60, 90 degrees



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Optimization parameters:

- Thickness: 100, 250, 400, 450, 500, 550 μm
- Number of Layers: 56, 70, 112
- Distance between Layers: 0.5, 0.75, 1.0 cm

Thickness(μ m), Layers, $\Delta Z(cm)$

250, 112, 0.5 400, 70, 0.75 \longrightarrow 0.3 X₀ on axis 500, 56, 1.0

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MIMREC INPUTS:

- No cuts for Energy Resolution.
- Compton events for ARM resolution:
 - All events
 - No electron tracking
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Compton event

MIMREC Results:

Energy & Angular Resolution:

Comptons events: - electron tracking - no electron traking

PhotoPeak Energy Resolution, Layers=56, Theta=0⁰



Angular Resolution, Layers=56



Angular Resolution, Layers=56, Theta=0⁰



Angular Resolution, Theta=0°



Angular Resolution, Theta=0°



Angular Resolution, Layers=56, Theta=0⁰



Angular Resolution, Theta=0°



ARM Effective Area, Layers=56, Theta=0°



ARM Effective Area, Theta=0⁰



MIMREC Results:

Sensitivity & Background rate:

Comptons events: - electron tracking - no electron traking

Expected Background



Expected Background



Sensitivity



Sensitivity



Best Sensitivity



Background Rate



Background Rate (Best Sensitivity)



Angular Resolution



Angular Resolution (Best Sensitivity)



Effective Area



Effective Area (Best Sensitivity)



- Using Geant4/MEGALib we have simulated the mass model for eASTROGAM telescope.
- The main objective is the optimization of the Si-tracker geometry parameters:
 - Thickness
 - Number of Layers
 - Distance between Layers
- We have studied in the compton regime:
 - The energy & angular resolution
 - The effective area
 - Sensitivity



Visit of André Cortez from 12 to 16 of February to work with us

- The energy resolution is independent of the geometry parameters choices.
- For the angular resolution:
 - We have to apply rec. CUTs to obtain a good AR.
 - Without e⁻ tracking approx. $E_0 \ll 1.5 \text{ MeV}$
 - With e⁻ tracking approx. $E_0 > \approx 1.5 \text{ MeV}$
 - Where E_0 depends on the thickness.
 - We have found better performance when we keep the radiation lenght constant $(0.3 X_0)$ almost independent of the geometry.
- We have found the same conclusions when we have studied the sensitivity.

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TOBE DONE

- Move to the Science simulations.
- Perform same analysis for the pair-production regime