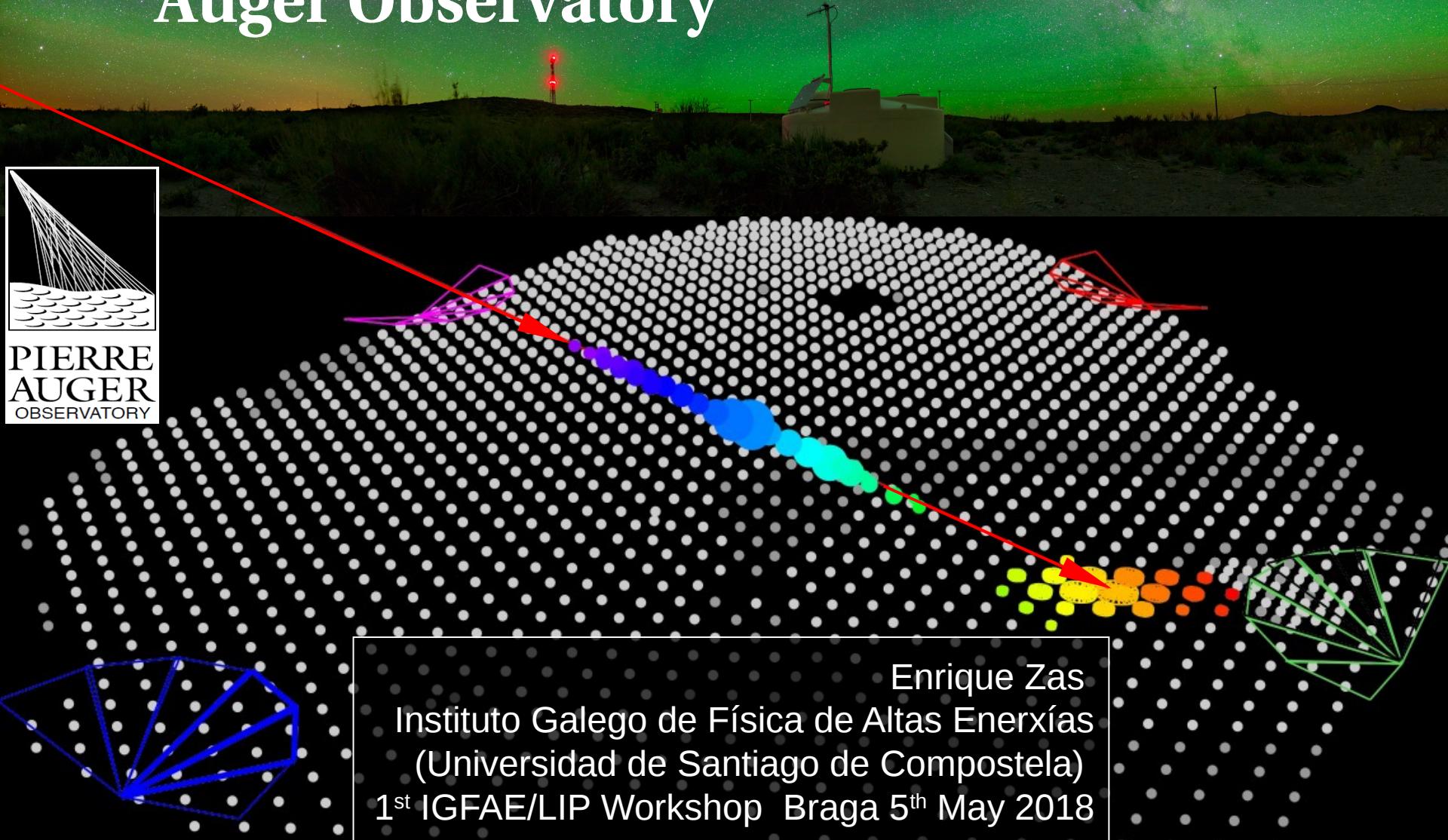
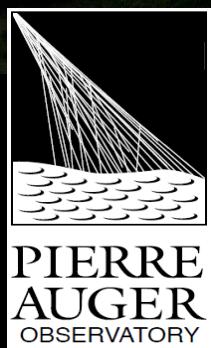


# Cosmic ray showers and neutrinos at the Pierre Auger Observatory

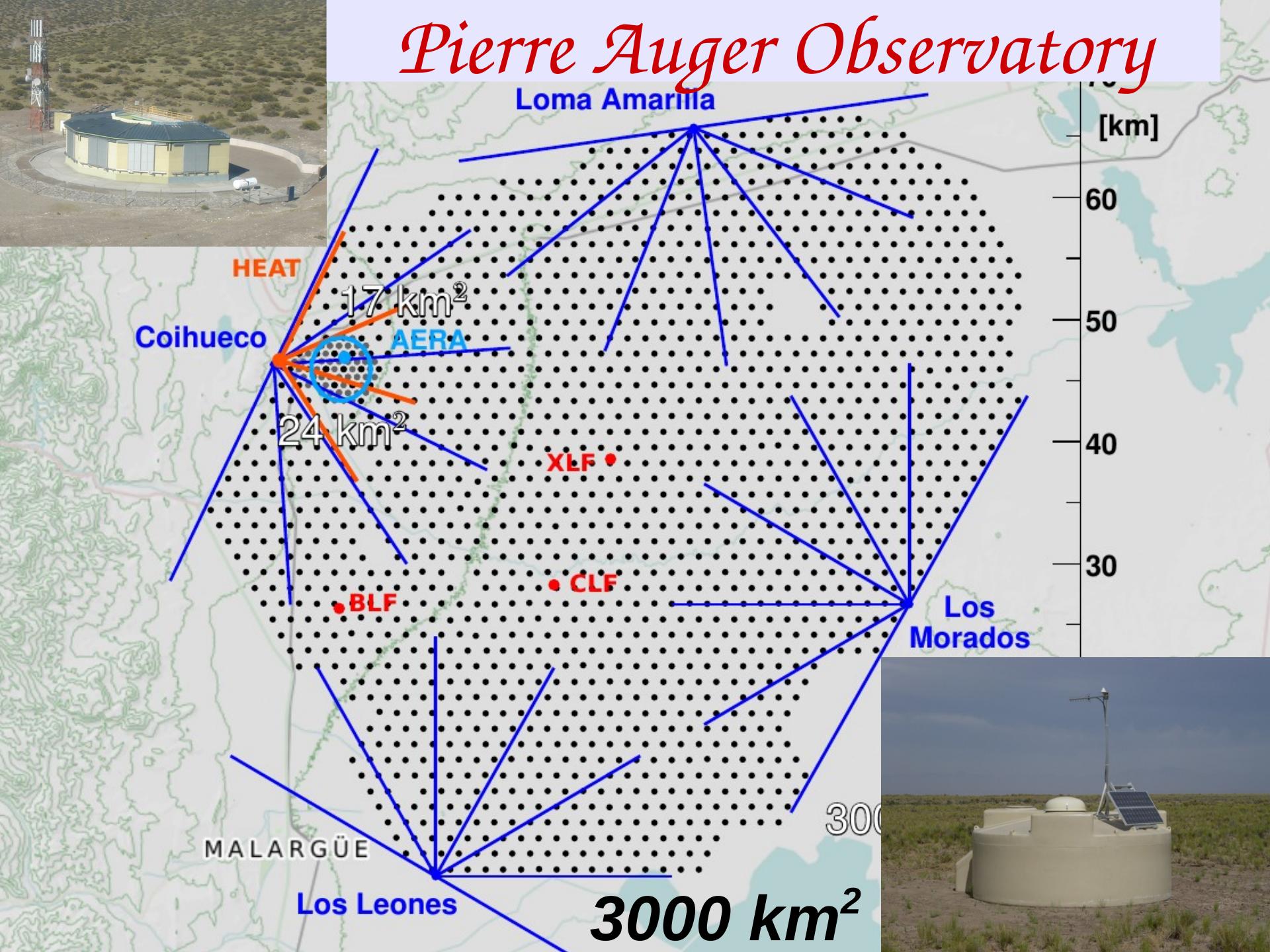


Enrique Zas

Instituto Galego de Física de Altas Enerxías  
(Universidad de Santiago de Compostela)

1<sup>st</sup> IGFAE/LIP Workshop Braga 5<sup>th</sup> May 2018

# Pierre Auger Observatory



Auger

This image is a satellite map of the Iberian Peninsula (Spain and Portugal) and surrounding areas. A large red polygon outlines the Auger detector's coverage area, which includes most of Spain and extends into parts of France and Portugal. A smaller blue polygon, containing a hatched pattern, outlines the TA detector's coverage area, located primarily in the eastern part of Spain. The map shows various land cover types, including urban areas (light green), agricultural fields (orange), and forested areas (green).

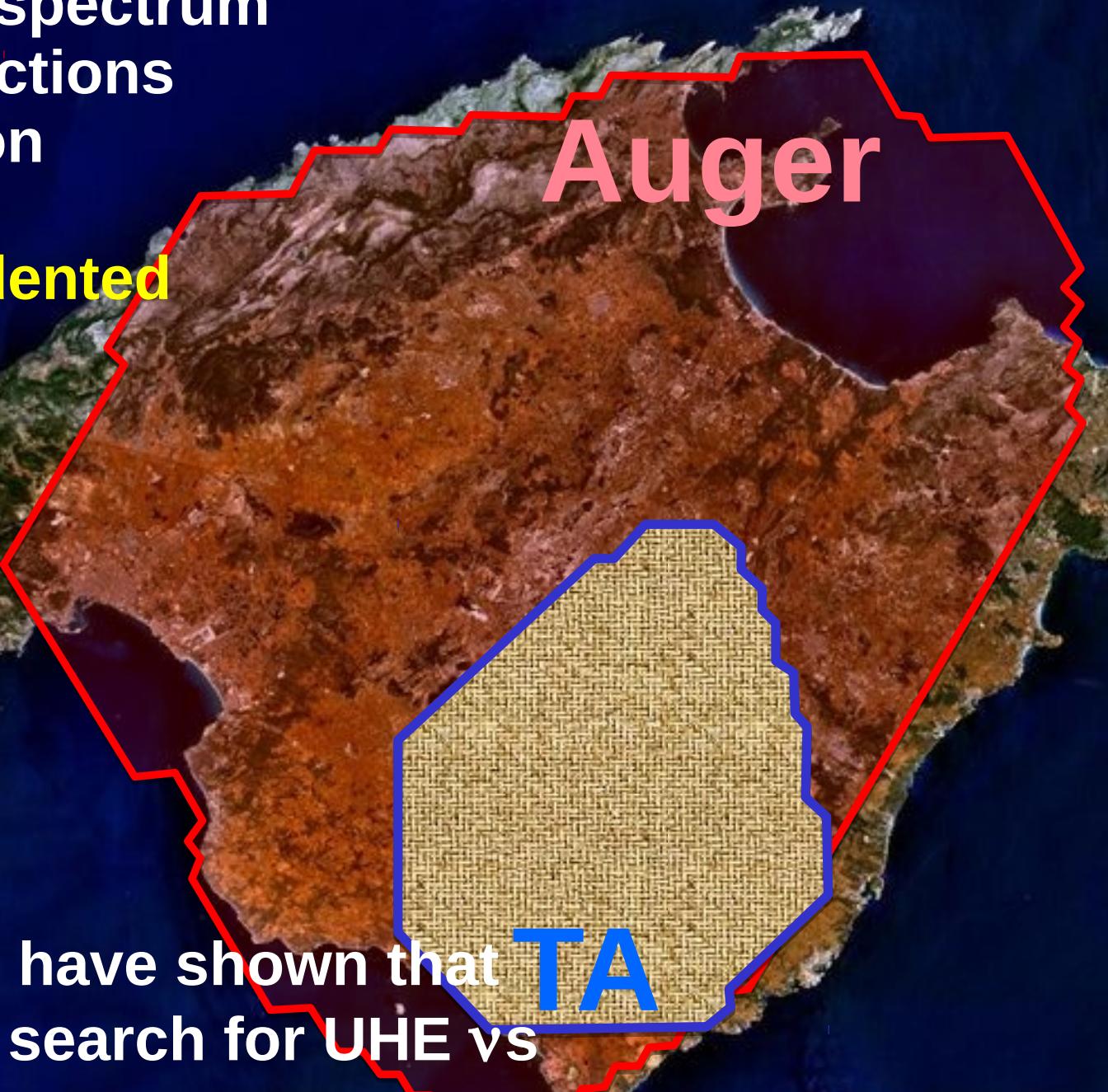
TA

Designed to find the sources of UHECRs

Measuring spectrum

Arrival directions

Composition



Auger

with unprecedented  
precision

TA

In addition we have shown that it is good to search for UHE vs

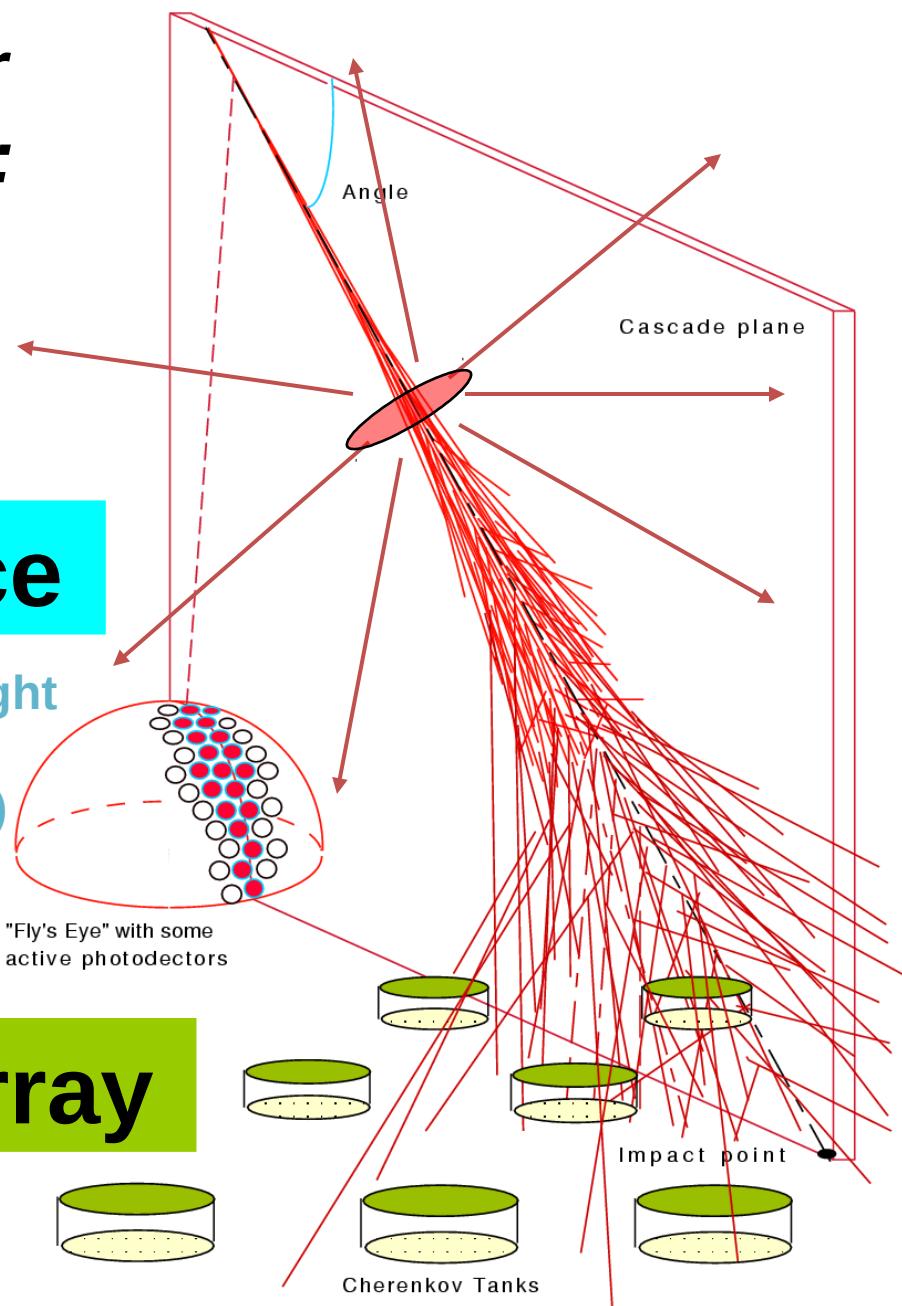
*Spectrum*

*TA and the Pierre Auger Observatory are **Hybrid**:  
Combine the two  
successful techniques*

## Fluorescence

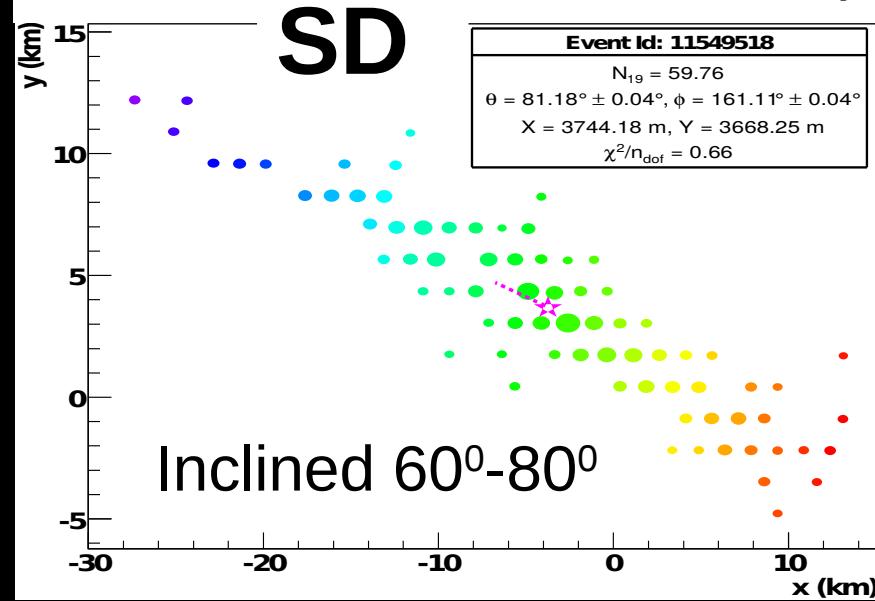
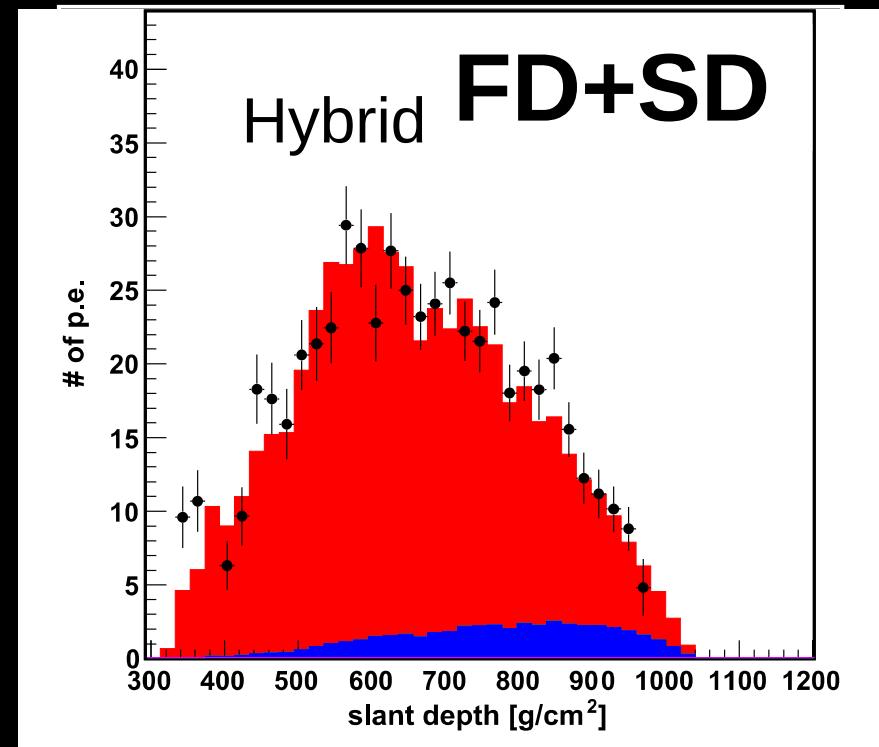
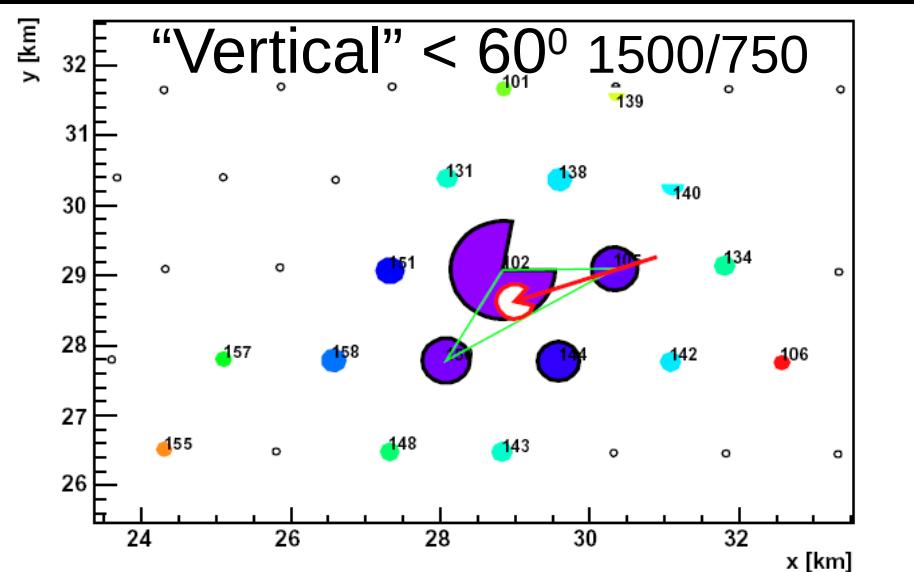
Isotropic Fluorescence light  
from nitrogen  
(~4  $\gamma$  per meter of track)

## Particle array



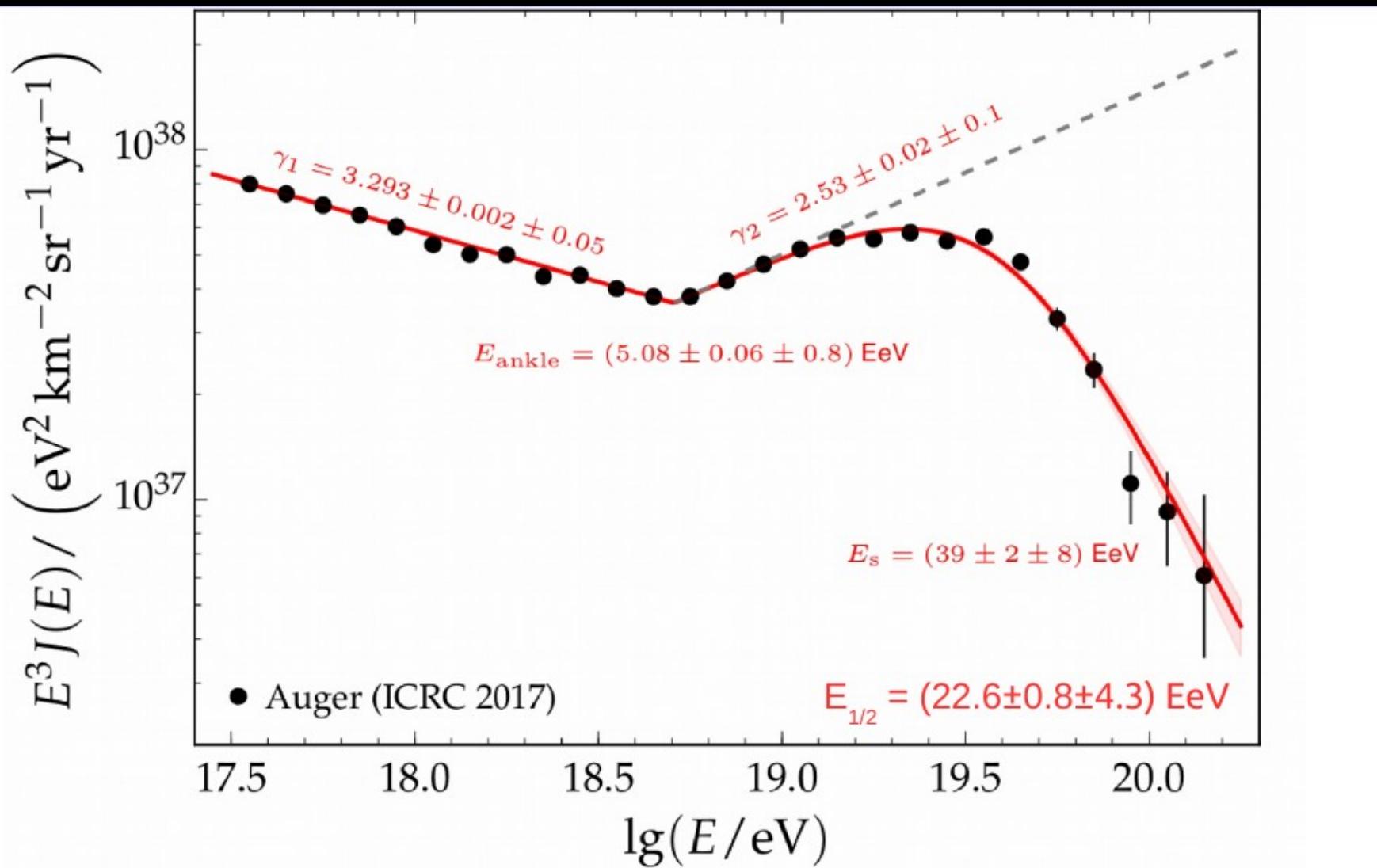
# *Four independent spectra*

Example Event ( $48^\circ$ , E~70 EeV)

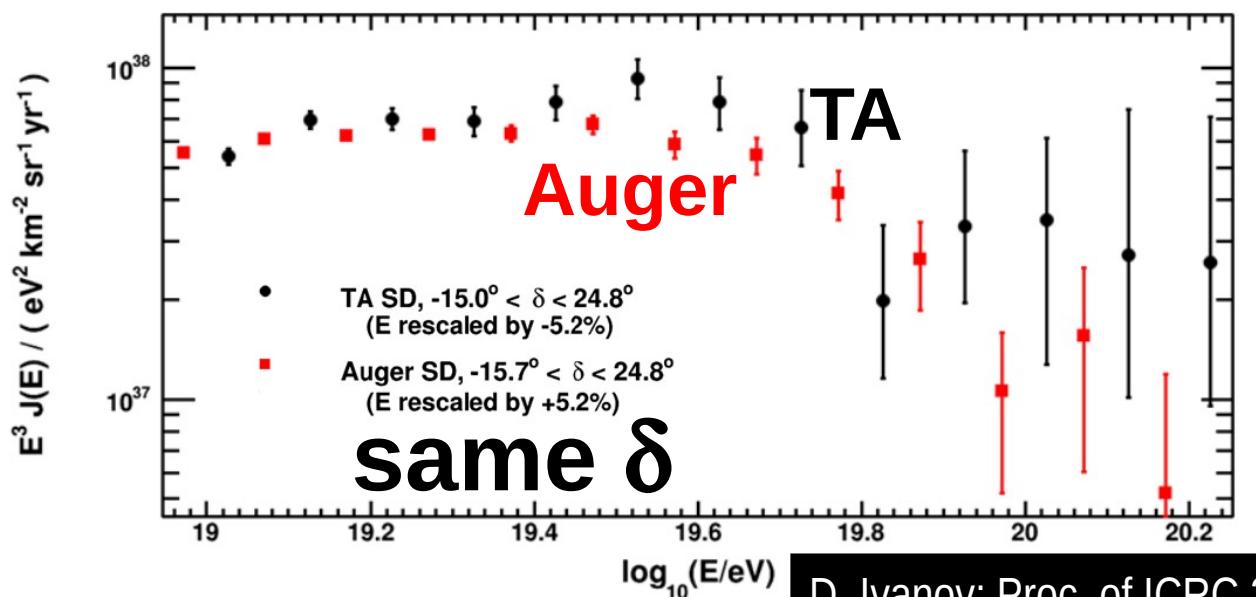
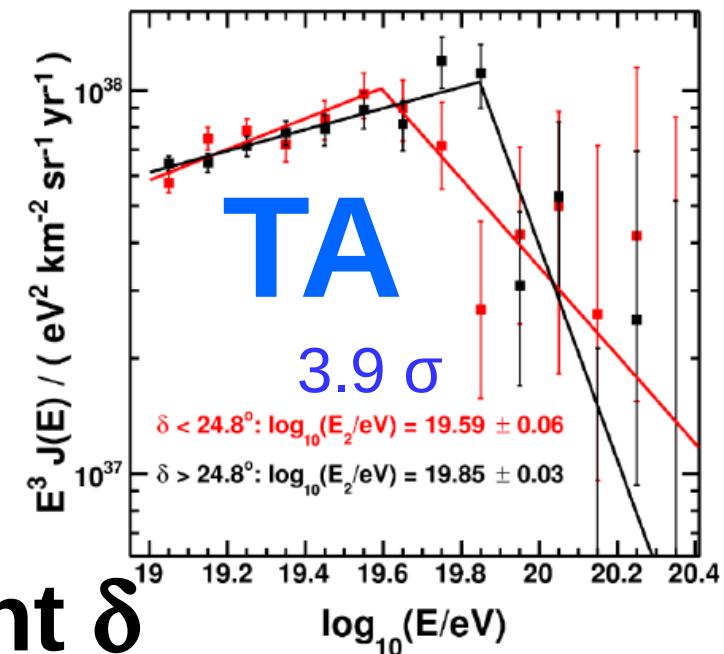
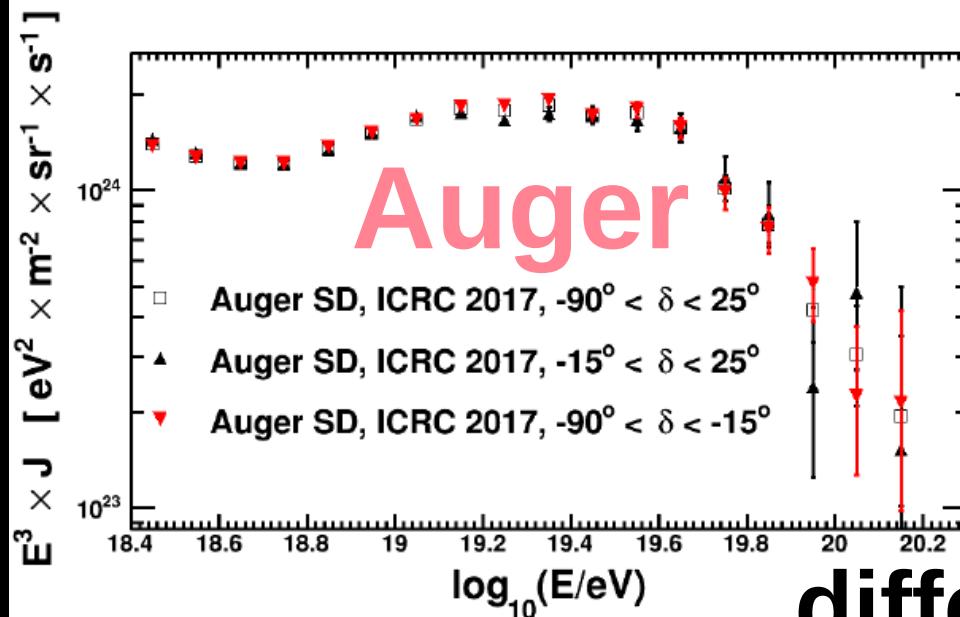


TA SD 2013  
4,580 km<sup>2</sup> sr y  
Auger SD  
40,000 km<sup>2</sup> sr y

# Combined Results



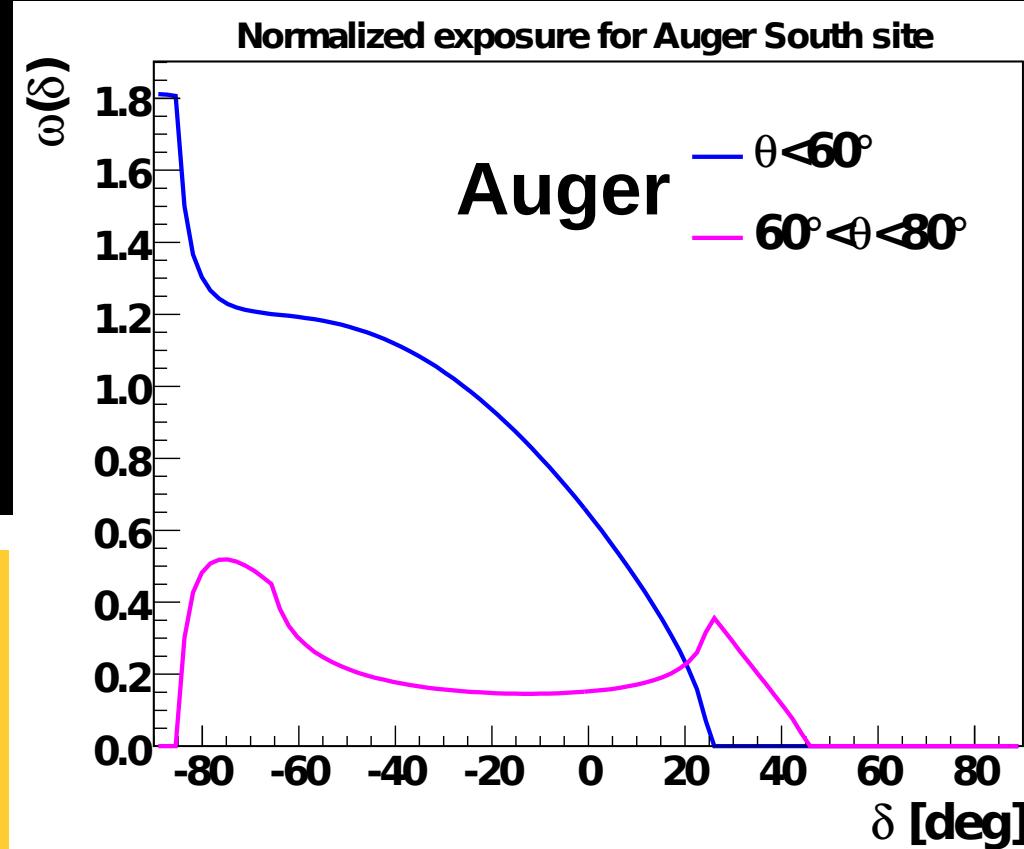
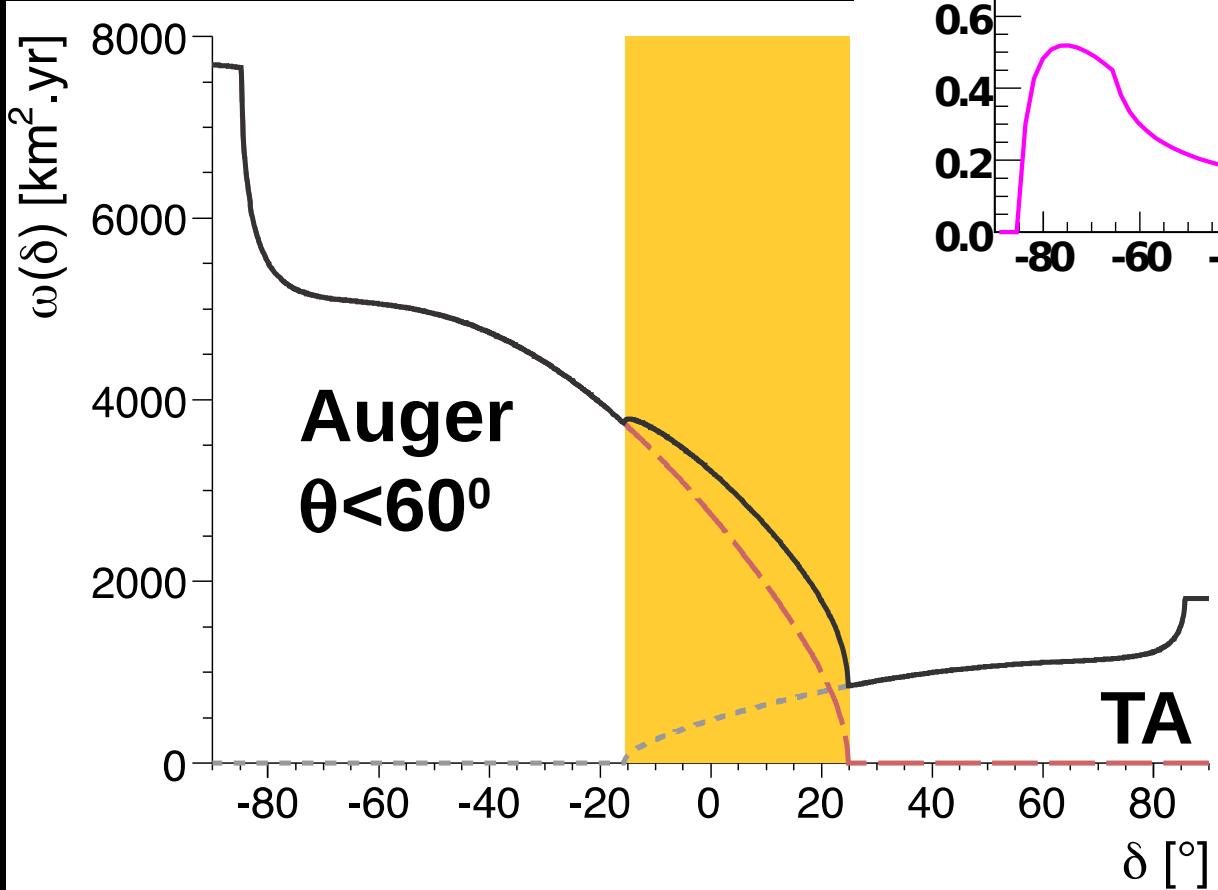
# $\text{TA Auger}$ : anisotropy issues?



3.9  $\sigma$  discrepancy  
(broken power law fit)  
Not due to biases in  
energy or exposure

Common declination  
band agreement  
same break points

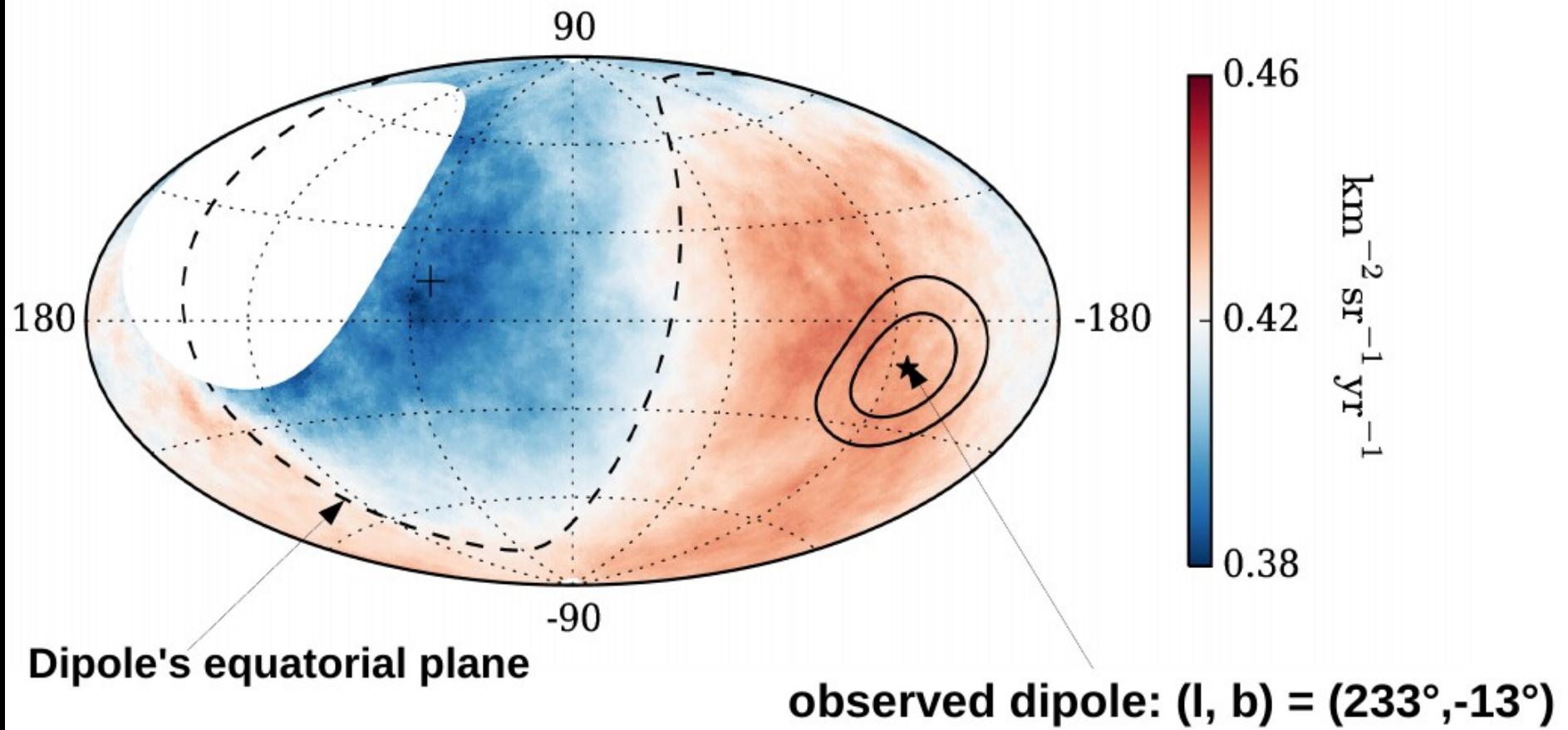
# Sky coverage



# Anisotropy searches: dipole $E > 8$ EeV!

Auger Collab. Science 2017) 357 (2017) 1266-1270

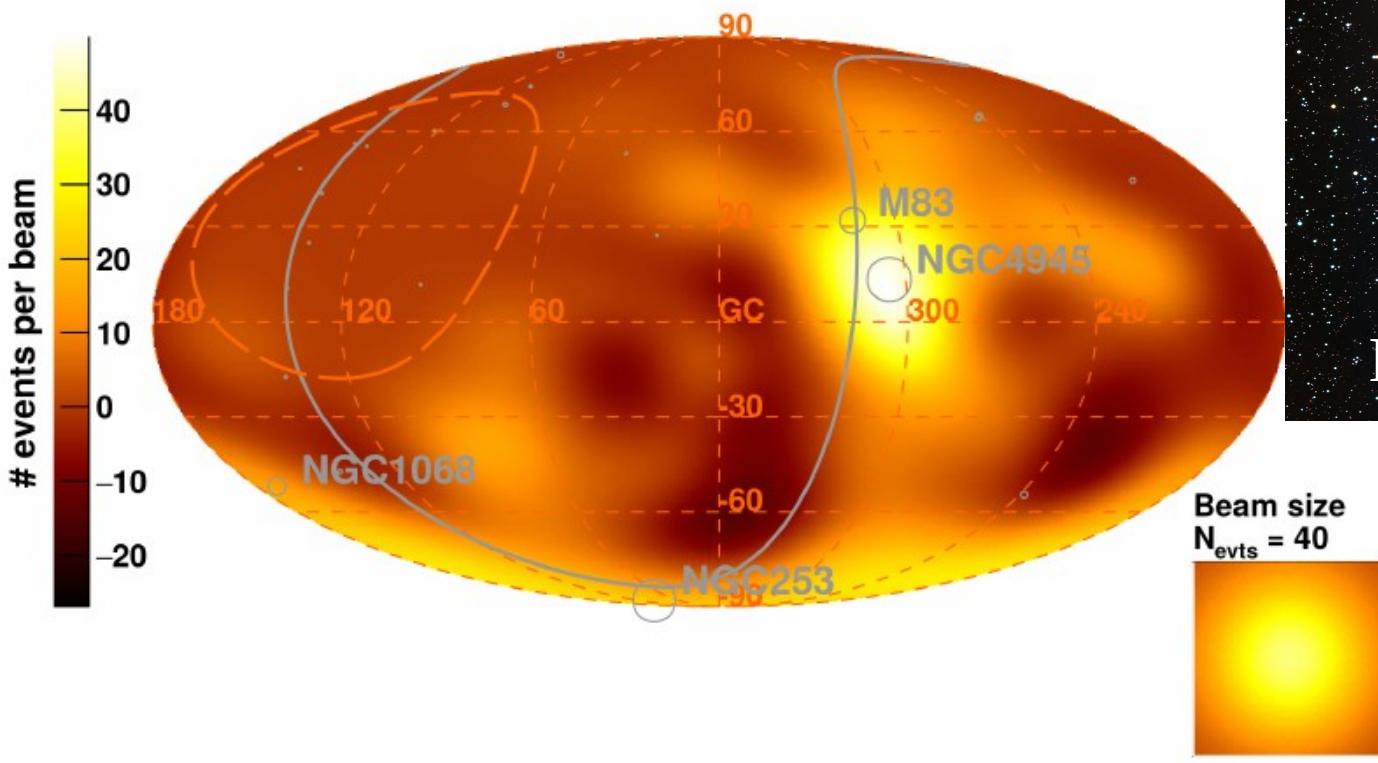
Flux map above 8 EeV- Galactic coordinates



More details to appear soon

# *Other signs of smaller angle correlations*

Observed Excess Map -  $E > 39$  EeV



NGC4045

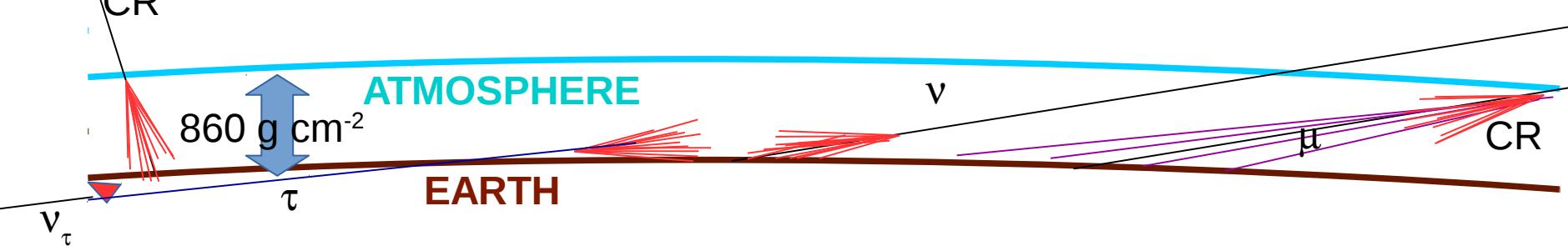
Highest Energy CR  
and  $\gamma$  ray sources,  
particularly  
Star Burst Galaxies

**Starburst Galaxies**  $\rightarrow 39^0$   
 $f = 10\%$ ,  $\psi = 13^0$   
pre-trial\* p-value:  $4 \times 10^{-6}$   
post-trial\*\* p-value:  $4 \times 10^{-5}$   
post-trial\*\* significance:  $3.9 \sigma$

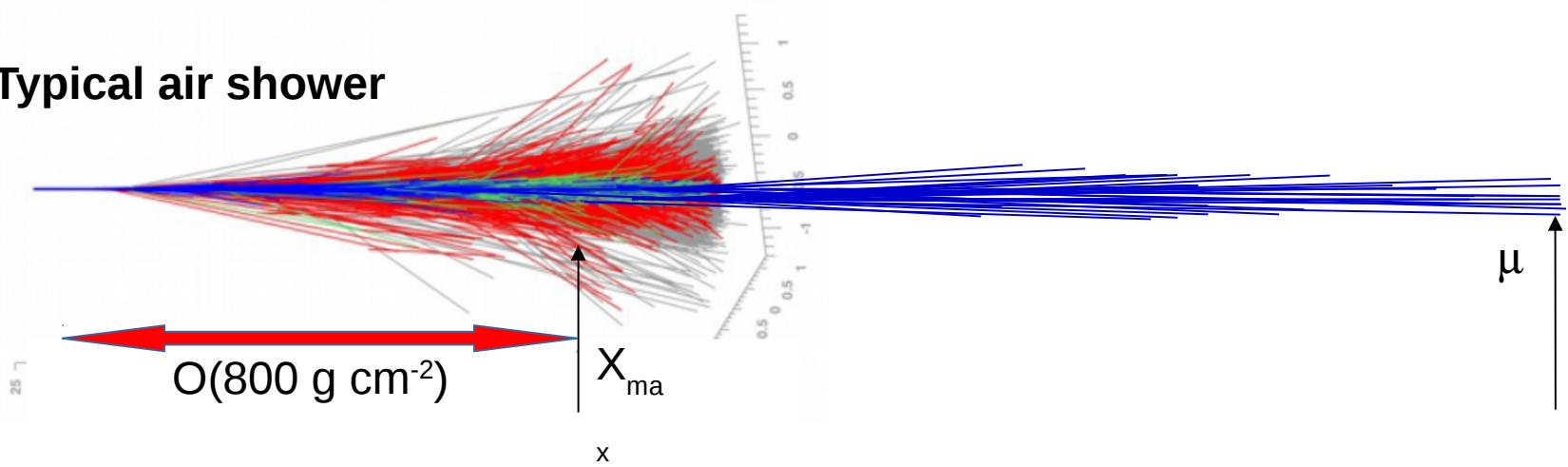
**AGN Swift-BAT Catalogue**  $\rightarrow 60^0$   
 $f = 7\%$ ,  $\psi = 7^0$   
pre-trial\* p-value:  $5 \times 10^{-4}$   
post-trial\*\* p-value:  $3 \times 10^{-3}$   
post-trial\*\* significance:  $2.7 \sigma$

# *Multi-messenger: Neutrino search potential*

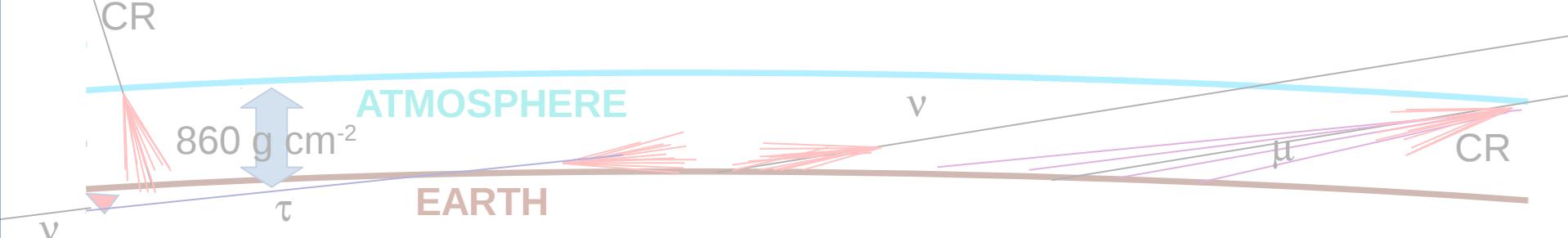
# Suitable for EeV $\nu$ search



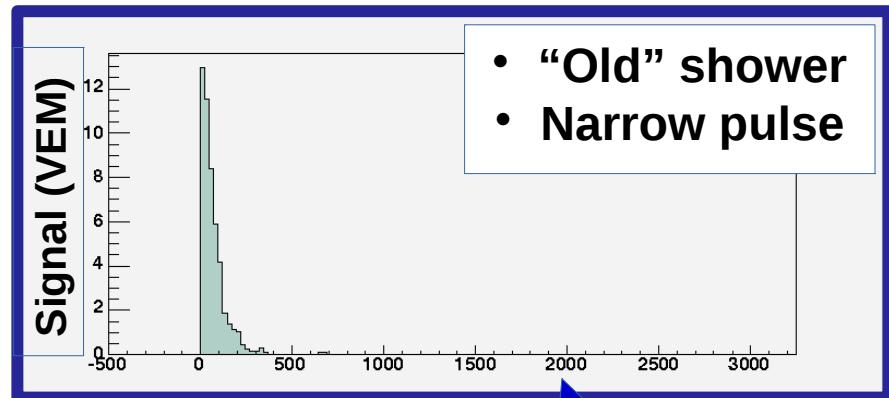
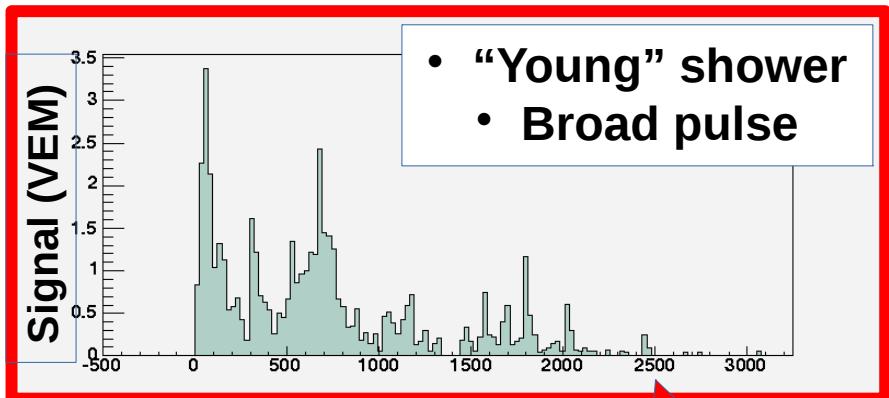
Typical air shower



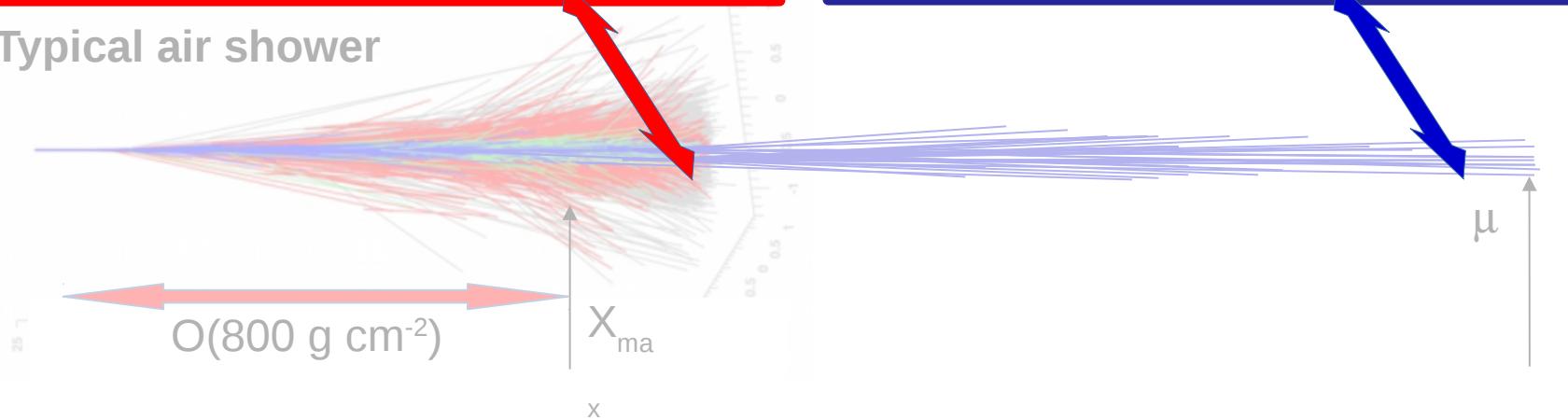
# Suitable for EeV $\nu$ search

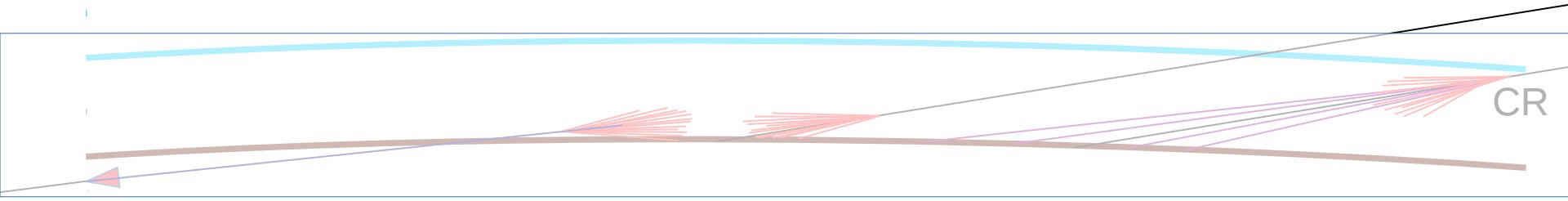


**Neutrino: Inclined air shower with broad component**



Typical air shower





**Three search categories (**different flavor sensitivities for ES and DG**):**

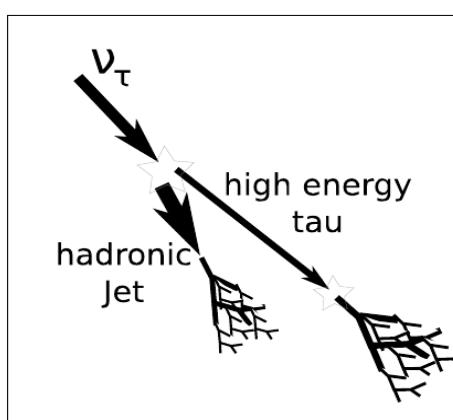
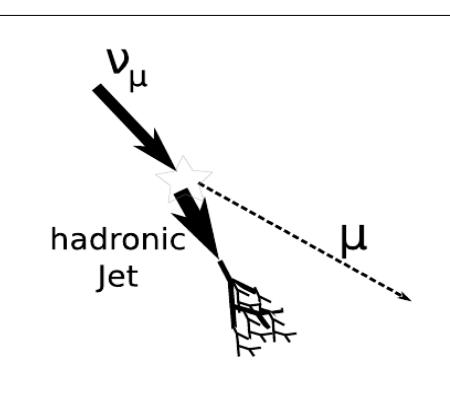
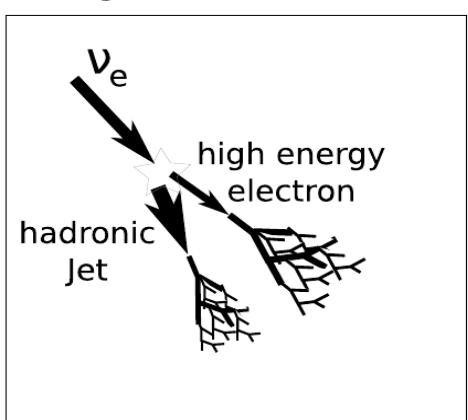
- **(1) ES** Earth skimming tau neutrinos  
Between  $90^\circ$  and  $95^\circ$  (upcoming)  
Decay early

} *To trigger SD array*

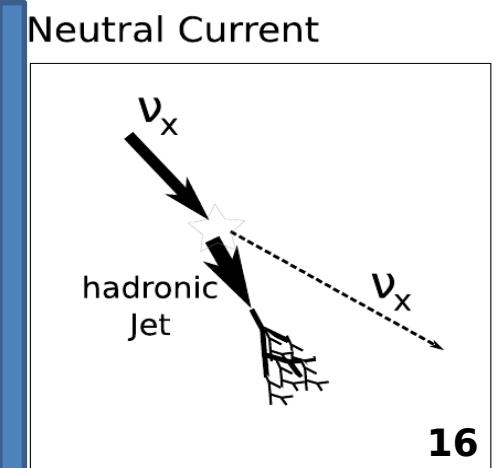
- DG Atmospheric interactions  $(\theta > 60^\circ \rightarrow X_{\text{atm}} > 1700 \text{ g cm}^{-2})$

- + **(2) DGL**  $60^\circ < \theta < 75^\circ$
- + **(3) DGH**  $75^\circ < \theta < 90^\circ$
- } *All  $\nu$  NC &  $\nu_\mu$  CC 20% energy to shower  
 $\nu_e$  CC 100% energy to shower  
 $\nu_\tau$  CC 20% to shower #1 50% to shower #2*

Charged Current

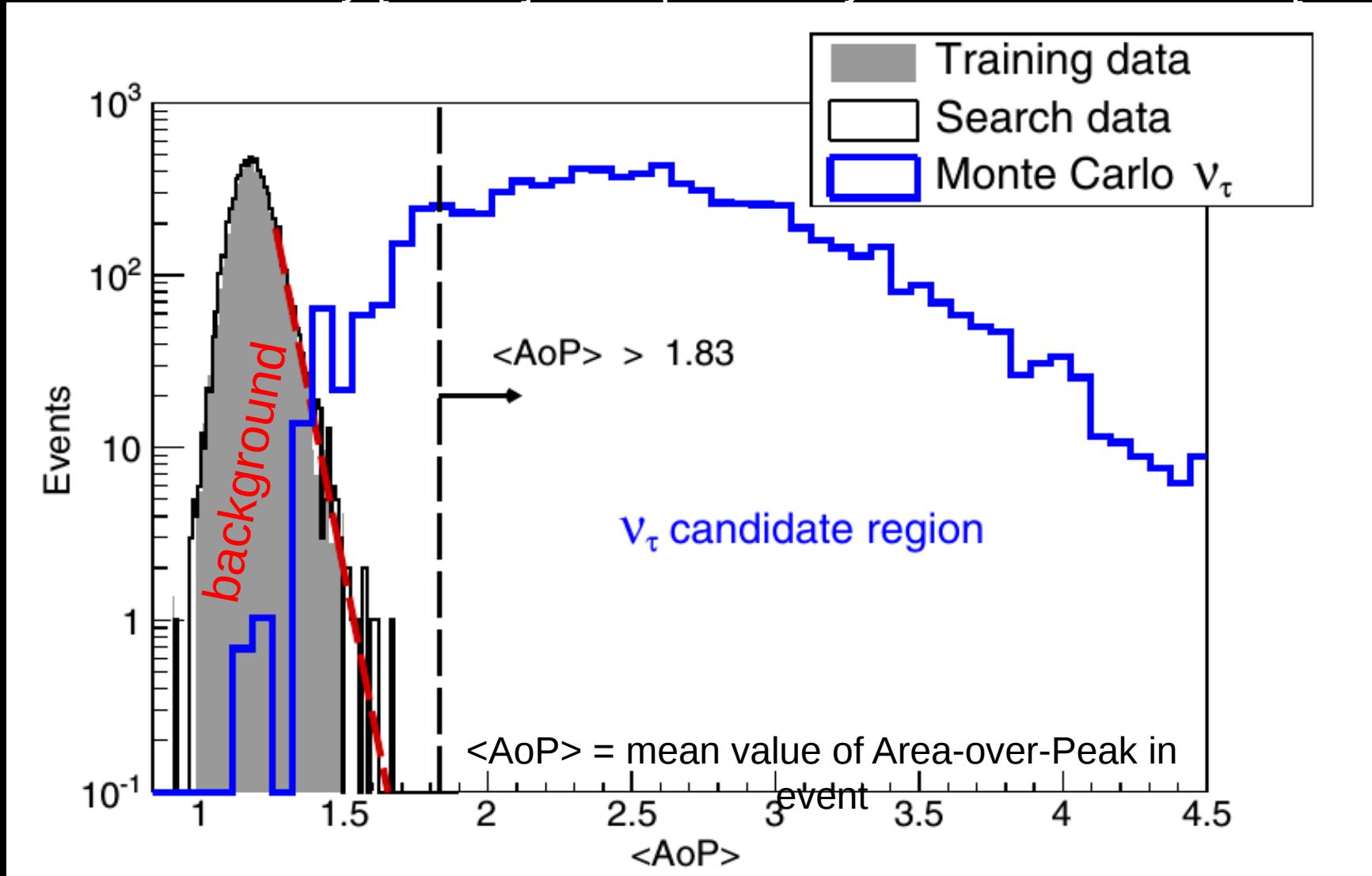


Neutral Current



# *Earth Skimming search*

Most sensitivity [0.2 - 2] EeV practically excluded to zeniths [90°]



# Exposure $\mathcal{E}_{tot}(E_\nu)$

$$N_{\text{events}} = \int_{E_\nu} \Phi_{\text{single flavor}}(E_\nu) \mathcal{E}_{\text{tot}}(E_\nu) dE_\nu$$

Very sensitive to  $\mathbf{ES} \nu_\tau$

1 Jan 04 - 31 Mar 17

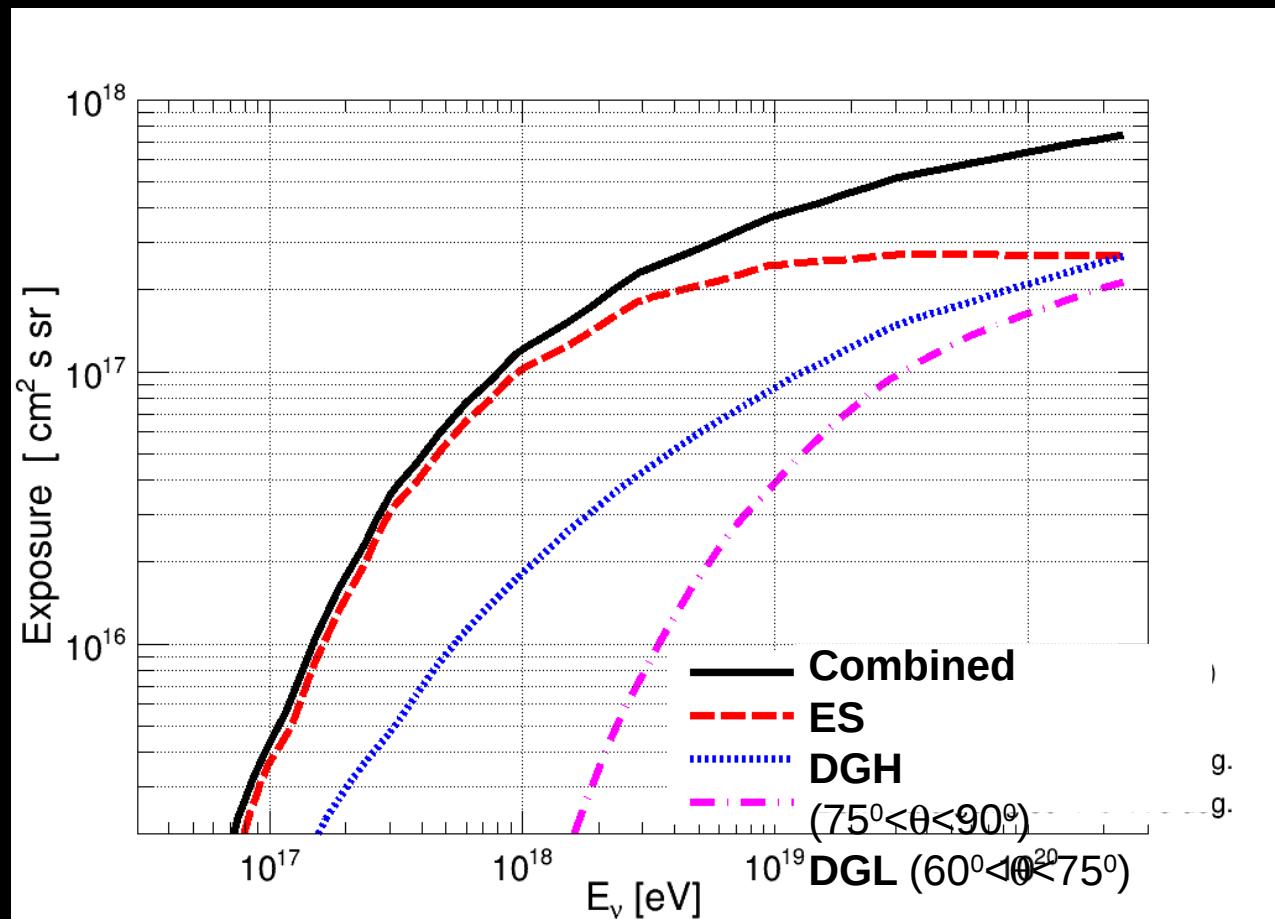
**Relative contributions  
( $E^{-2}$  flux)**

## CHANNELS

ES	79.4%
DGH	17.6%
DGL	3.0%

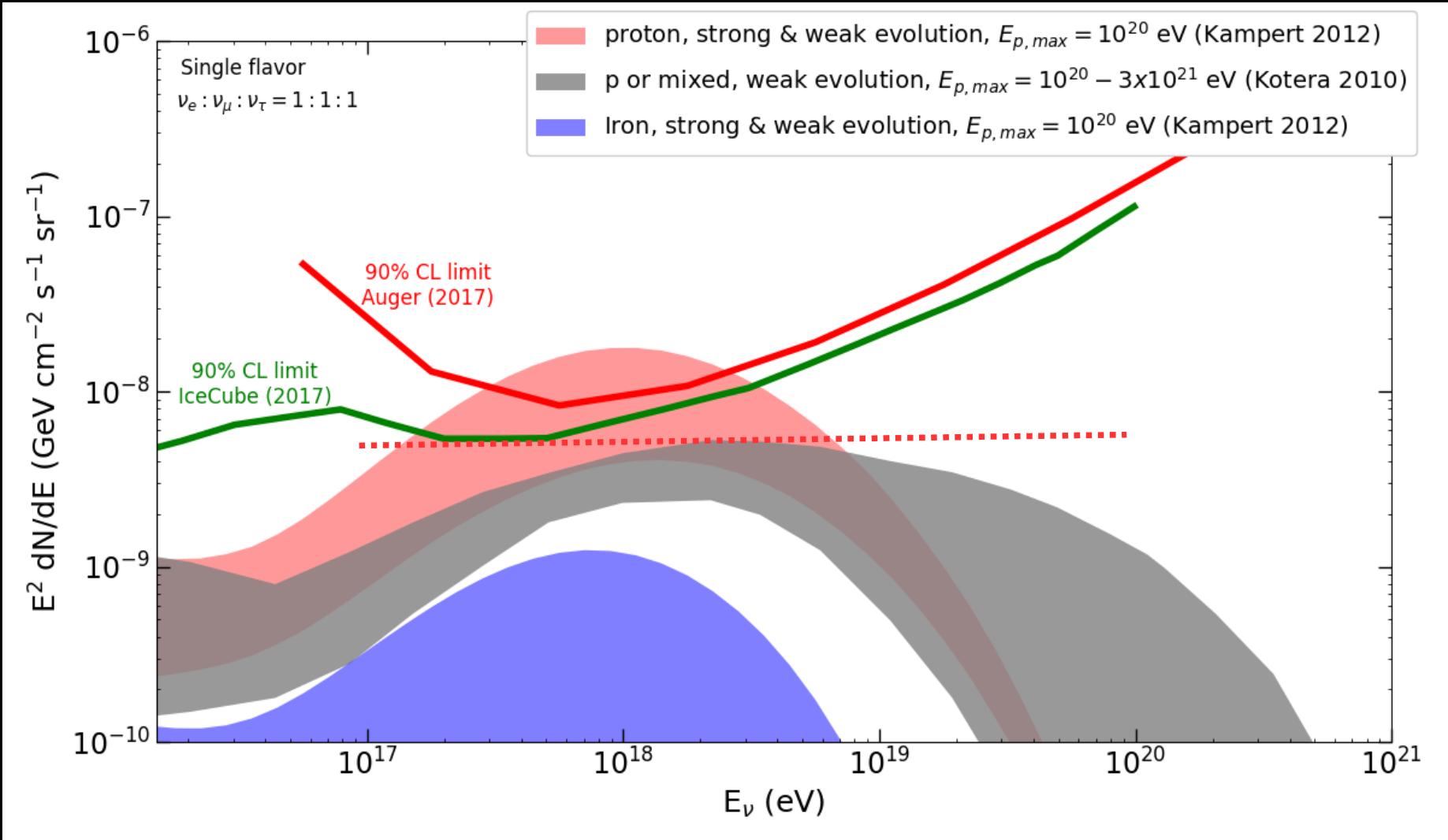
## FLAVOURS

$\nu_e$	10.1%
$\nu_\mu$	3.8%
$\nu_\tau$	86.1%



# Limits to diffuse flux

J. Alvarez-Muñiz Highlight talk  
ICRC2017



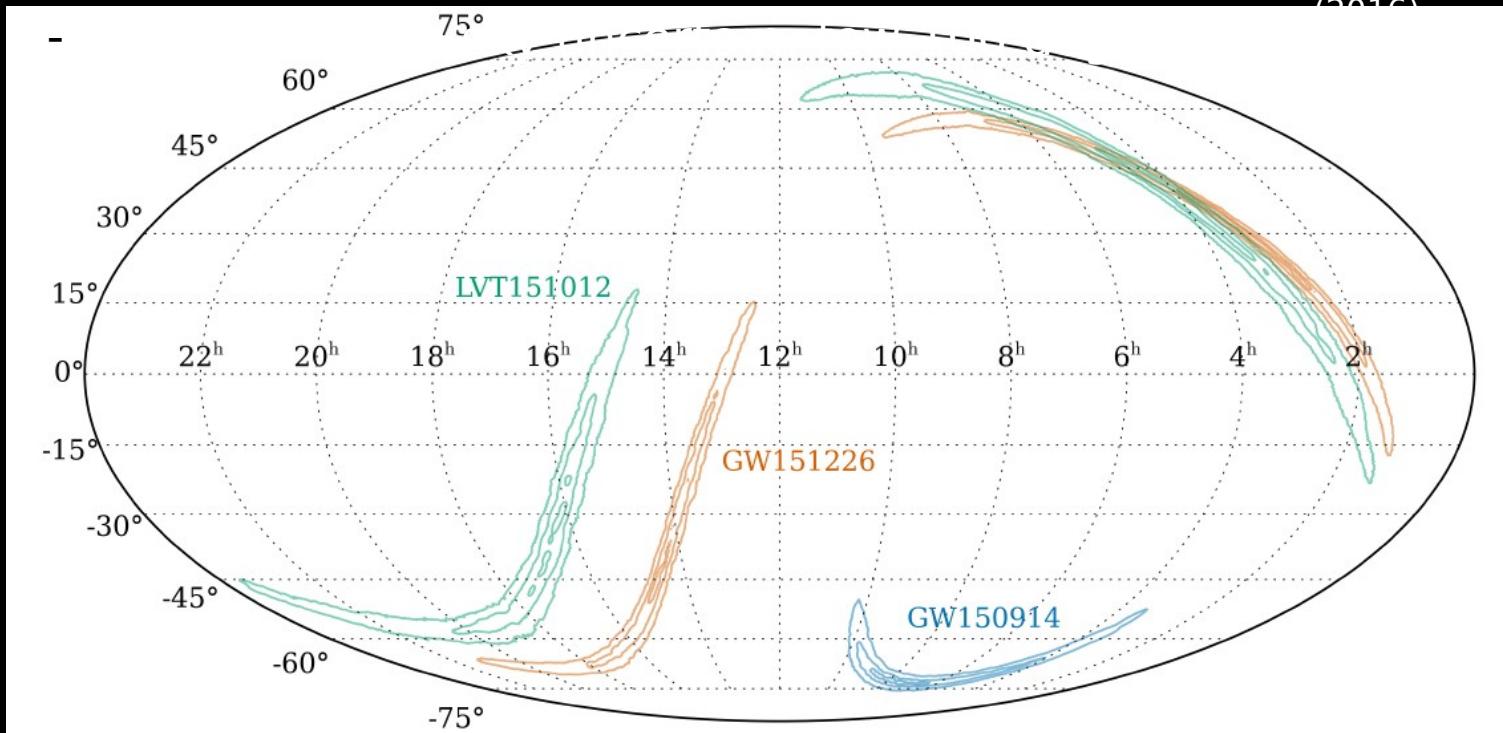
# Search for UHE $\nu$ in coincidence with Gravitational Wave events with Auger

**Gravitational Wave events** (GW150914 & GW151226)

detected by Advanced-LIGO detectors (also LVT151012 candidate):

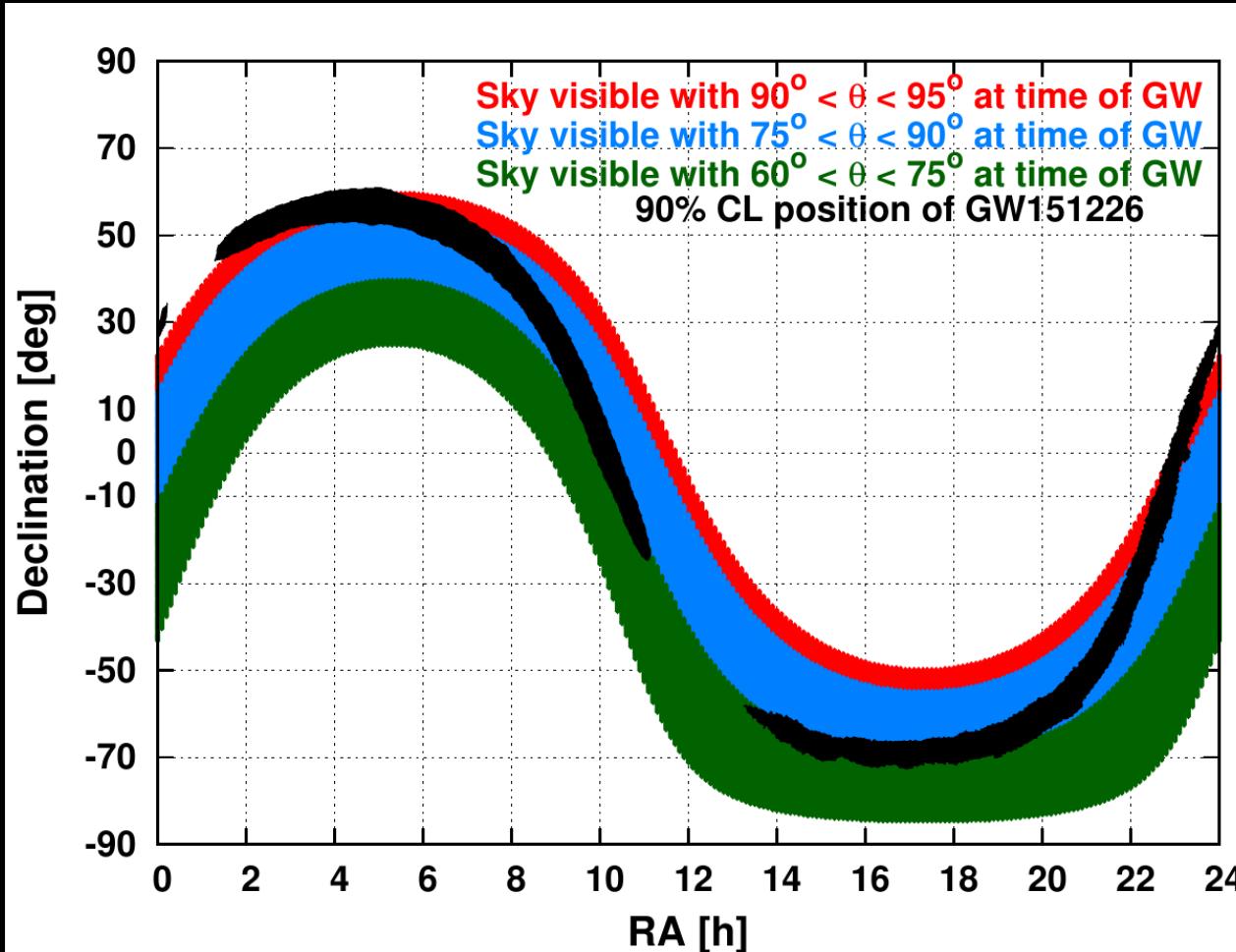
Inferred source: **merger of binary black-hole** at D = 410 & 440 Mpc  
~ 3 & 1 solar masses released in the form of GW

LIGO & Virgo Collab.  
Phys. Rev. Lett. **116**,  
061102 & 241103  
(2016)



# *Instantaneous coverage*

i.e. GW150914, **GW151226**, GW170104 (& LVT151012)



Sensitivity limited to  
large zenith angles =>

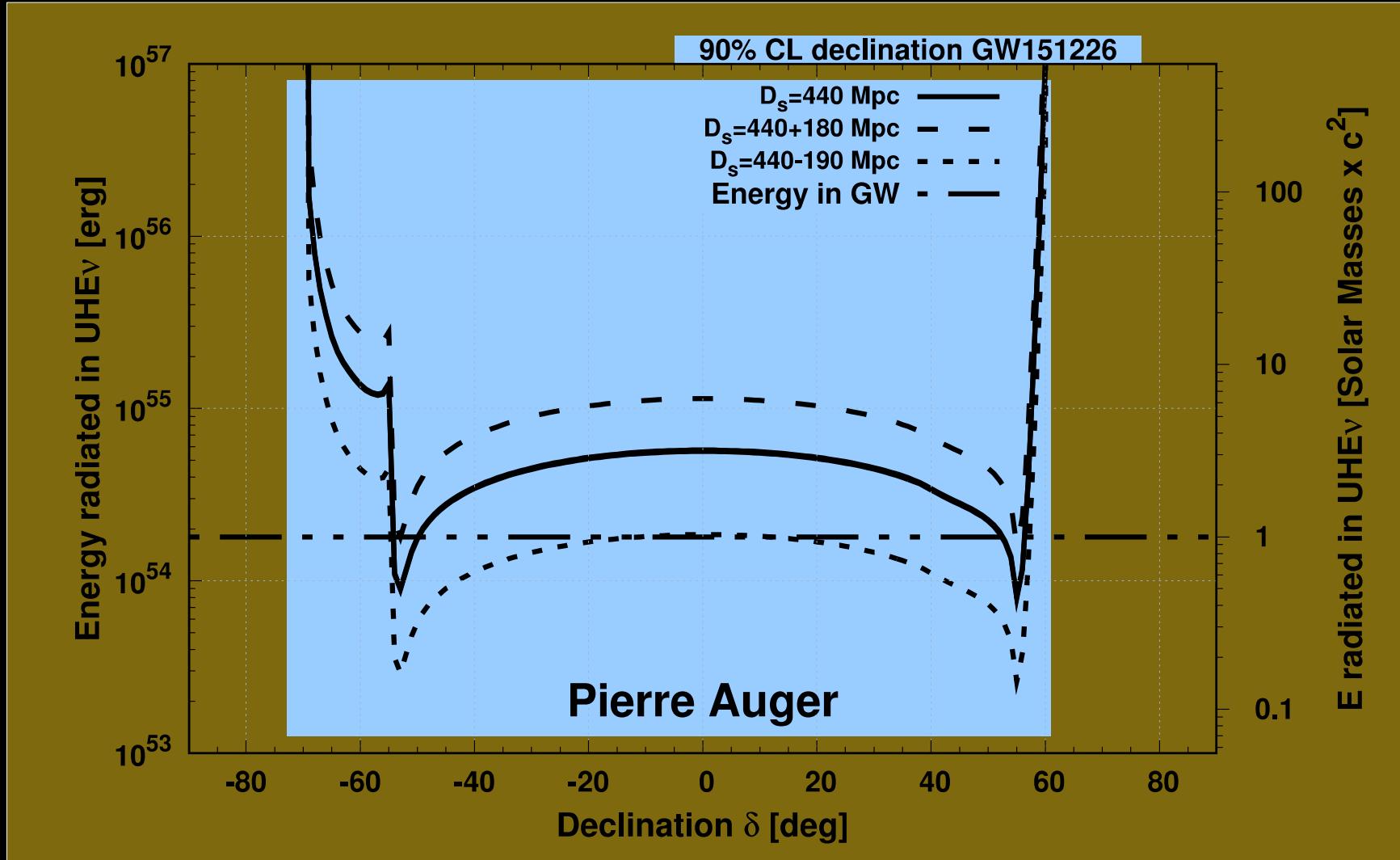
Instantaneous sky  
Coverage is limited

BUT: Covered region  
has excellent  
sensitivity to ES  $V_\tau$

(Surface area >> Ice3)

# Limits to radiated ν energy

Pierre Auger Collab., Phys. Rev. D **94**, 122007 (2016)

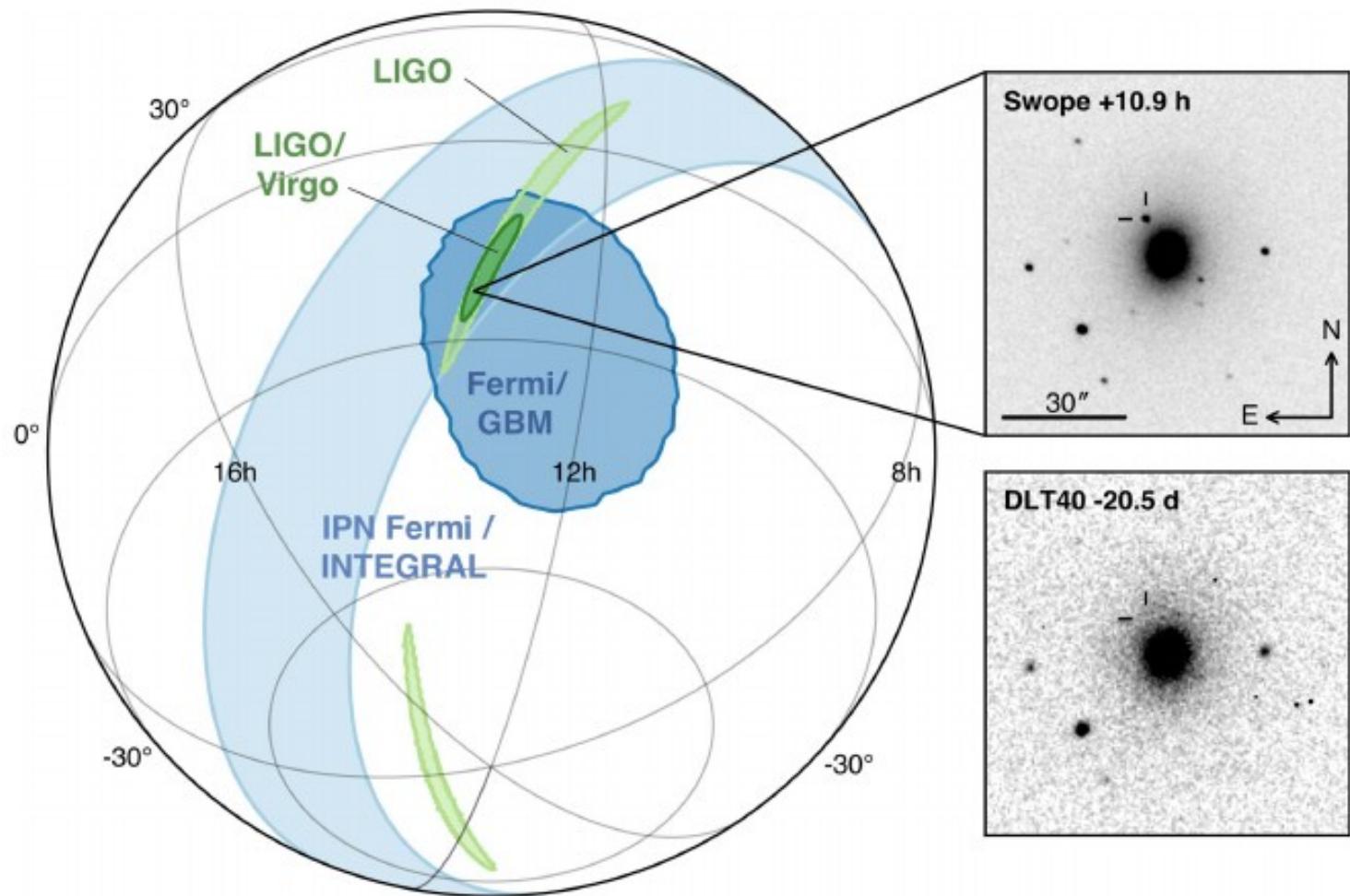


**GW151226 (1 day steady):**  $E < (0.5, 3 \text{ solar masses})$  for  $-55^\circ < \delta <$

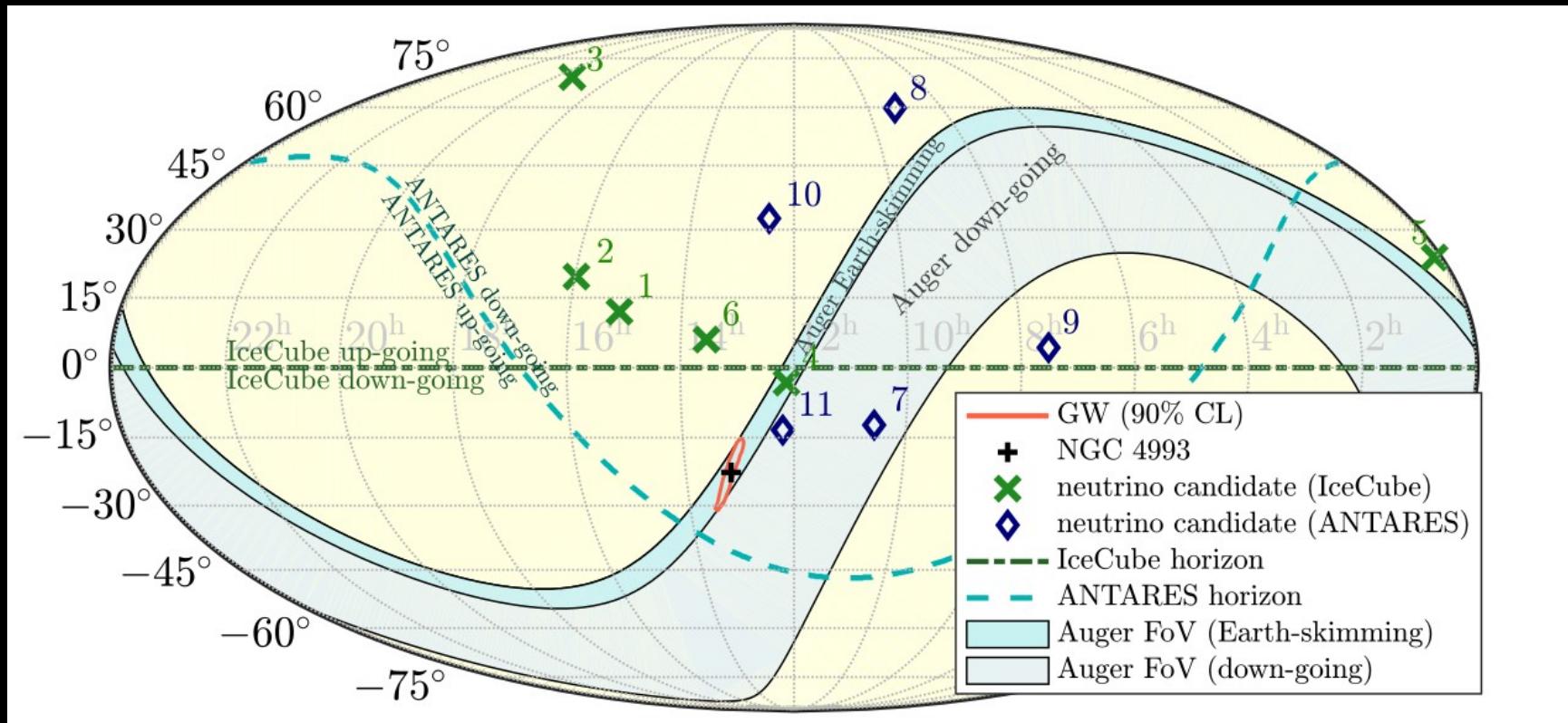
**GW150914 and LVT151012**  $57^\circ$  similar constraints, **GW170114**

# NS coalescence: A leap in Science

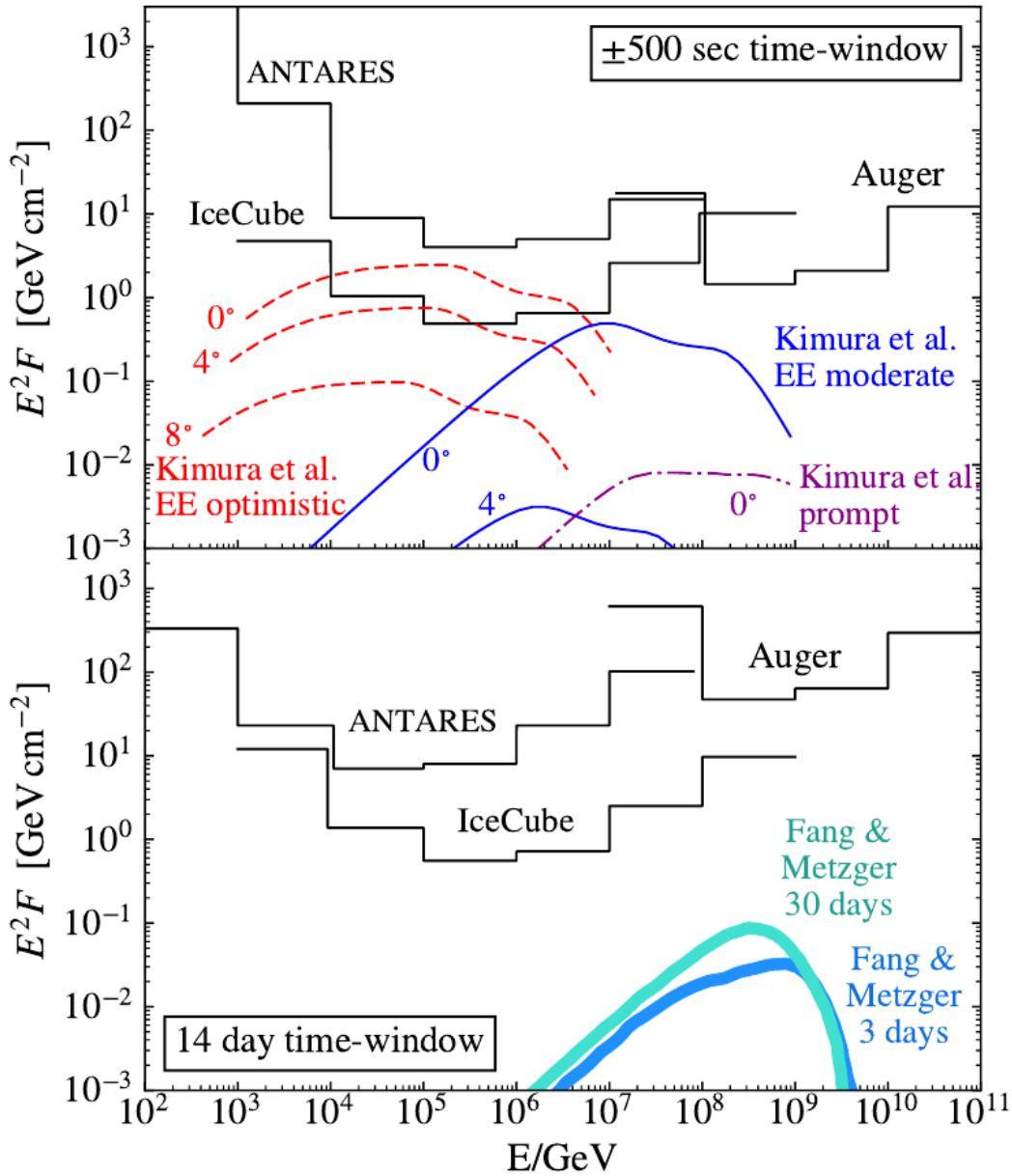
THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL LETTERS, 848:L12 (59pp), 2017 October 20



# SKY MAP 170817



## GW170817 Neutrino limits (fluence per flavor: $\nu_x + \bar{\nu}_x$ )



# *Summary*

The Pierre Auger Observatory has a rich program in which the IGFAE group is actively involved

I have selected recent results that are particularly relevant

Reconstruction and spectrum measurement leading to:

The discovery of Large Scale Anisotropy

Signs of smaller scale anisotropies: SBG

The potential as a neutrino detector

Role in GW detection of BH mergers

Constraints of neutrino fluxes in GW170817

# Thank you

