



PHYSICS AND INNOVATION AT THE BRAZILIAN CENTER FOR PHYSICS RESEARCH

Marcelo Portes de Albuquerque
CBPF Technologist
Technology Development Coordination - COTEC

**DATA
SCIENCE**

IN (ASTRO)PARTICLE
PHYSICS and COSMOLOGY:
the BRIDGE to INDUSTRY

27-30 JUNHO 2022, Universidade de Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal

Um evento que mostra o potencial da ciência de dados na sociedade moderna e estimula sinergias entre investigação fundamental e indústria



CBPF - MISSION

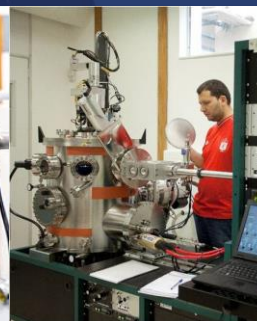
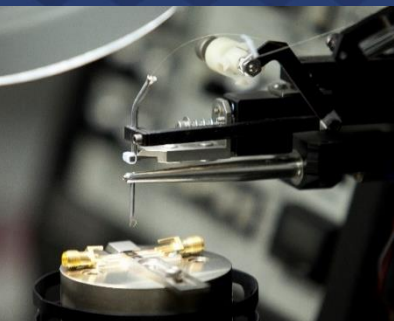


- Carry out fundamental research in Physics and develop its applications
- Act as the National Institute of Physics of the MCTI
- Physics Hub for:
 - Scientific investigation
 - postgraduate training and improvement of scientific personnel.

73 years

Experimental, Theoretical and Applied

- High Energy Physics and Astroparticles
- Materials and condensed matter
- Nanoscience and Nanotechnology
- Biophysics and Biomaterials
- Statistical Mechanics and Complex Systems
- Information and Quantum Computing
- Cosmology and Gravitation
- Signal Processing and Artificial Intelligence
- Scientific Instrumentation





Science and Technology driving

INNOVATION

Fundamental Research → Application

Medicine:

- X-rays, NMR
- PET-CT (Positron Emission Tomography)

Materials and Biology → Synchrotron Radiation

Semiconductors

- Lithography → Nanotechnology
- measurement in the manufacture of microelectronic devices → Scanning Electron Microscope

Industrial process control

Robotic sensing

Software

High vacuum → production, measurement and maintenance in increasing volumes;

Cryogenic techniques

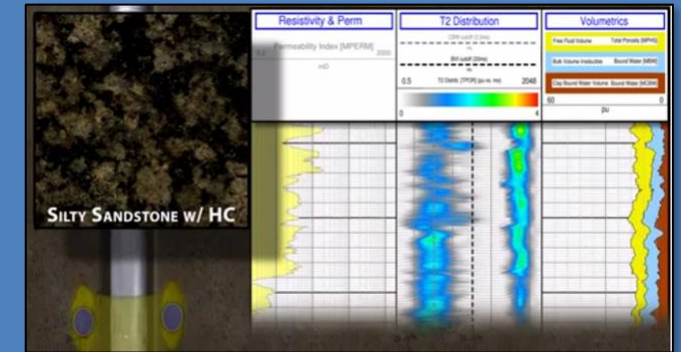
Industrial-scale superconducting magnets

Communication → Optical Fibers and Laser

Oil & Gas



Resistivity measurement during oil well drilling.



NMR allows real-time measurement to locate and identify fluids.

<http://www.bakerhughes.com/products-and-services/evaluation/logging-while-drilling/eval-magtrak-magnetic-resonance>

R&D benefits



are not fully anticipated in the origin of pure scientific knowledge



Neither the possible applications of this new knowledge

Infrastructure Bottlenecks

2012 - Brazilian Physics Society made a report of “*Physics and National Development*”:

“Scientific instrumentation and multi-user laboratories were identified as the main bottlenecks, both important to increase interactions with the business sector.”

Tabela 10 – Respostas sobre as áreas em que cada comunidade de Física acredita existirem gargalos de infraestrutura que devem ser superados para induzir competitividade à Física brasileira.

Total de respondentes: 3063	Nº de respondentes	Nº de respostas	Instrumentação científica	Registro de patentes	Programa espacial	Lab. nacionais multiusuários	Computação larga escala	Programa nuclear	Outros
Universidade	1.240	3.260	814	532	257	833	477	189	158
Colégio/Escola	302	864	199	121	78	212	144	84	26
Empresa	88	214	45	45	17	55	28	14	10
Instituto de Pesquisa	253	703	163	102	81	163	80	77	37
Outros/não declarados	1.180	2.623	617	424	233	629	402	224	94
TOTAL	3.063	7.664	1.838	1.224	666	1.892	1.131	588	325
TOTAL		100%	24%	16%	9%	25%	15%	8%	4%

■ CBPF tradition in Scientific and Technological Instrumentation



Instrumentation for
Linear Accelerators



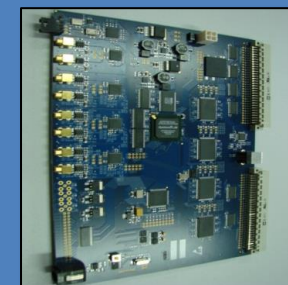
Electronic Instruments



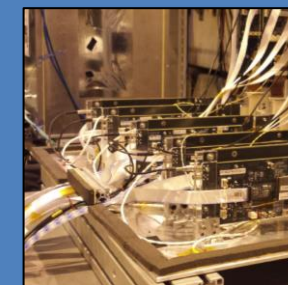
1980 – Microprocessed
Data Acquisition System.



2000 - Magnetron
sputtering



2012–
Instrumentation for
Neutrino



2016 - Sensores SiPM
(LHCb)



2019 – Desktop HPC
multiGPU

Creation of the Professional Master's Degree in Physics in Scientific Instrumentation

To train professionals who can work in different segments and companies in technologies development:

- Automation of experiments and industrial processes
- Tools for measuring physical quantities (electrical, thermal, magnetic, etc.)
- Construction of equipment, devices, software, prototypes, etc.

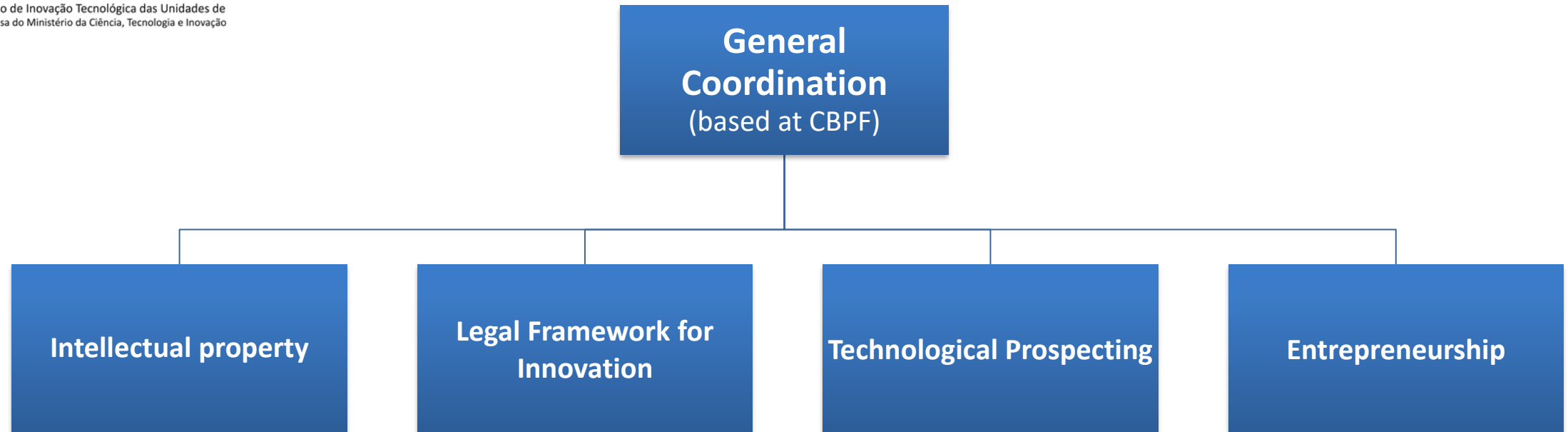
The development of high-tech processes and new instruments can make the industry more competitive

Office of Innovation and Technology Transfer



Núcleo de Inovação Tecnológica das Unidades de Pesquisa do Ministério da Ciência, Tecnologia e Inovação

Promote and monitor CBPF's relationship with the productive sector



 **CBPF**
Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Físicas

 **CETEM**
Centro de Tecnologia Mineral

 **ibict**
Instituto Brasileiro de Informação
em Ciência e Tecnologia

 **IMPA**
Instituto Nacional de
Matemática Pura e Aplicada

 **INTE**
Instituto Nacional de Tecnologia

 **LNCC**
Laboratório Nacional de
Computação Científica

 **MAST**
Museu de Astronomia e
Ciências Afins

 **ON**
Observatório Nacional

<http://www.nitrio.org.br>



CBPF/R&D in partnership with Industry

Legal Framework of ST&I



- NMR/Quantum Computing for Petrophysics;
- Artificial Intelligence and Deep Learning for Petrophysics and Geophysics;
- Nanotechnology for the O&G industry



- New materials and techniques for medical implants



- Micro and nanoscale magnetic resonance



- New Materials, Nanotechnology and Magnetic Devices



- Mechanical Structure of the Cherenkov Telescope Array



- R&D for efficiency in Materials Surface applications



Research, Technological Development and Innovation Activities at CBPF

Biomaterials for Medical and Environmental Use

Development and Innovation

- Biomaterials for bone and dental tissue regeneration
- Nanostructured biomaterials and nanoparticles for drug delivery and Nanotoxicology
- Immobilization of heavy metals in waste and polluted water

LabioMat



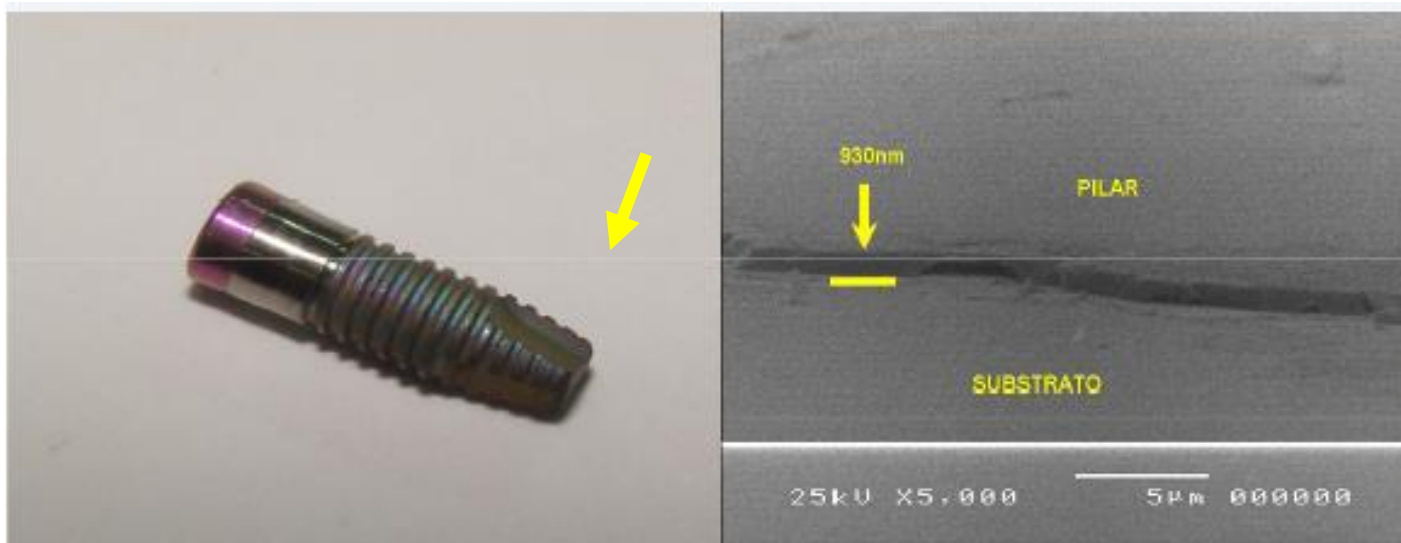
Materials

- Calcium phosphates
- Calcium phosphate/polymer composites
- Coatings on metallic implants

Product Development

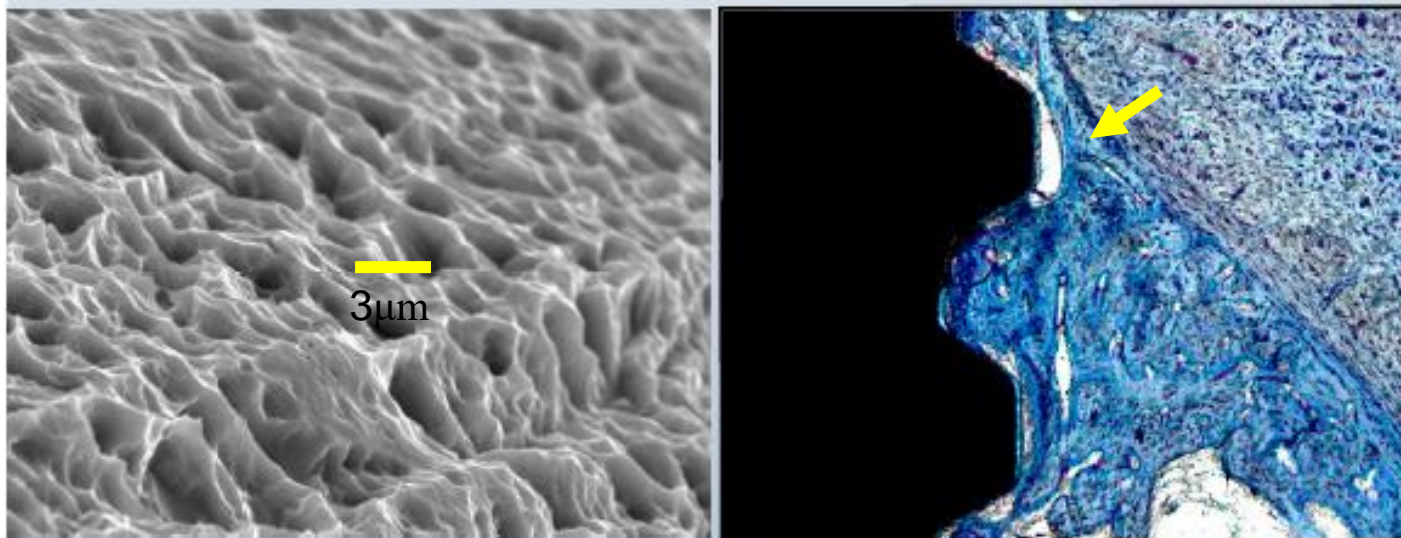
Implants coated with Nanometric Hydroxyapatite

Commercial titanium screw
with nanometric
hydroxyapatite coating
(100nm)



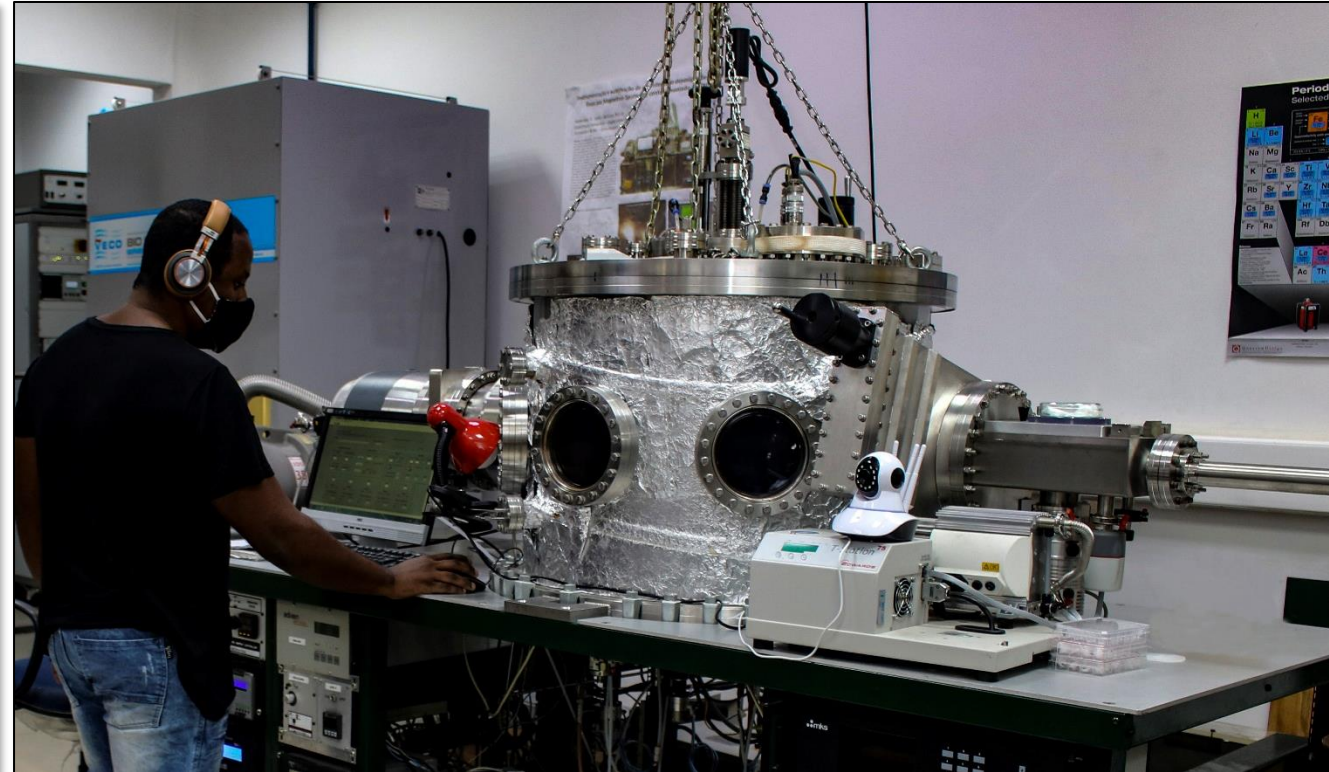
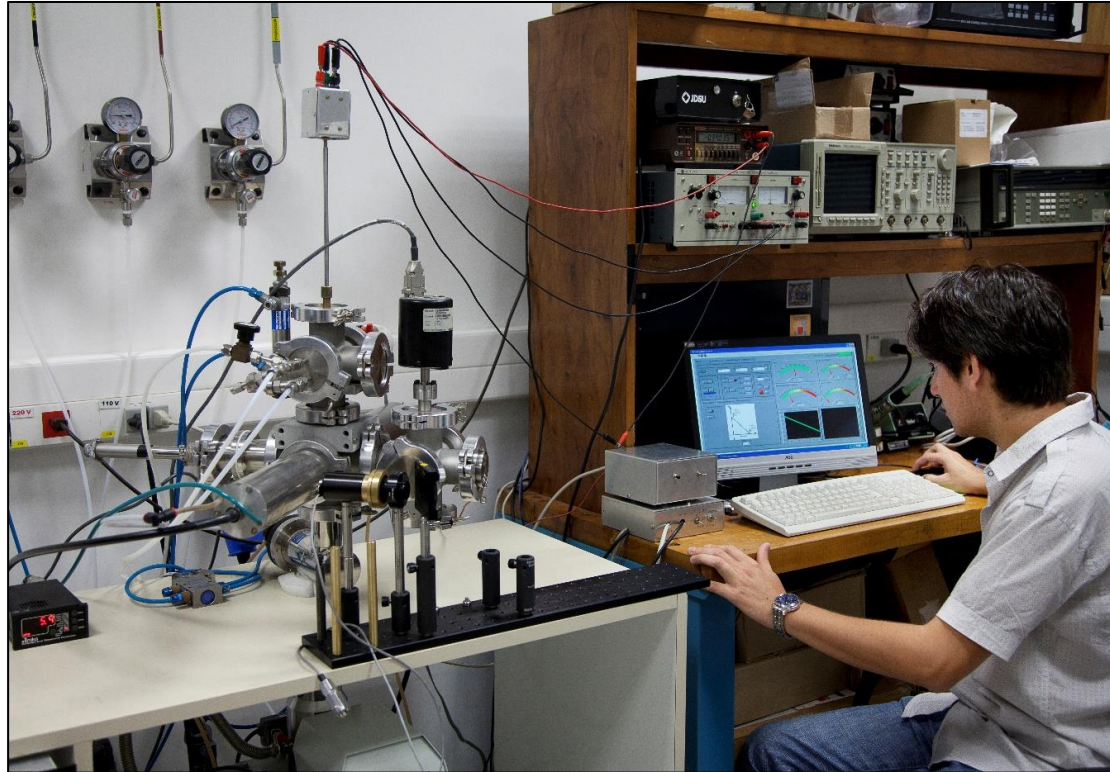
Coating material free
from other less
biocompatible
phosphates or toxic
phases such as calcium
oxide

Metallic implant surface
with micrometric roughness
for mechanical adhesion
and homogeneous,
biocompatible, nanometric
coating to induce bone
adhesion without producing
toxicity



Preclinical tests (In-Vivo)
in rabbits and dogs have
proven: **Strong bonding
and bone growth (in blue)
to the HAPnano coated
screw (in black)** compared
to the uncoated one

Instrument for Coating Metallic Implants with Nanometric Biomaterial



Developed technology:

- Plasma electrical parameters measurement system
- Real-time measurement of coating deposition rate.

Ready for Technology Transfer:

Equipment for scale production of nano-sized adherent coatings of nano-sized calcium phosphates at room temperature:

Adds biocompatibility to implants and can reduce failure and integration problems of orthopedic metallic implants used by the Public Health System in Brazil (SUS)

Nanotechnology Network applied to Health for the development of nanoproducts

Tissue Regeneration, Therapies and Diagnosis (NanoHealth Group).



- NanoHealth works in the R&D of new products based on nanotechnology as well as the technological support to companies linked to health, the hospital sector and regulatory agencies.

Production → Biological Assessments → Product Efficiency/Safety → Market

- Develops drug delivery systems, diagnostic nanomaterials, grafts and implants for dentistry and orthopedics and radiopharmaceuticals based on polymers, ceramics, composites, magnetic oxides, metals, carbon complexes and biological nanostructures
- It brings together 23 laboratories from Universities and Research Institutes in the State of Rio de Janeiro in the areas of materials engineering, chemistry, physics, biology, pharmacy, medicine and dentistry with extensive experience in Nanotechnology applications to Health.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Classification, Simulations and Forecasts



We participated and won the International Astrophysics Challenge / 2020

International challenge to identify gravitational lensing systems in simulated images.

Developing a Victorious Strategy to the Second Strong Gravitational Lensing Data Challenge

C. R. Bom^{a,b}, B. M. O. Fraga^a, L. O. Dias^a, P. Schubert^{a,1}, M. Blanco Valentin^{d,2}, C. Furlanetto^c, M. Makler^{a,c}, K. Teles^a, M. Portes de Albuquerque^a, R. Benton Metcalf^{f,g}

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^bCentro Federal de Educação Tecnológica Celso Suckow da Fonseca, Rodovia Mário Covas, lote J2, quadra J, CEP 23810-000, Itaguaí, RJ, Brazil

^cInternational Center for Advanced Studies & Instituto de Ciencias Físicas, ECyT-UNSAM & CONICET, 25 de Mayo y Francia. C.P.: 1650, San Martín, Buenos Aires, Argentina

^dElectrical and Computer Engineering Department, McCormick School, Northwestern University, 633 Clark St, Evanston, IL 60208

^eUniversidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul, Departamento de Física, CEP 91501-970, Porto Alegre, RS, Brazil

^fDipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, Università di Bologna, via Gobetti 93/2, I-40129 Bologna, Italy

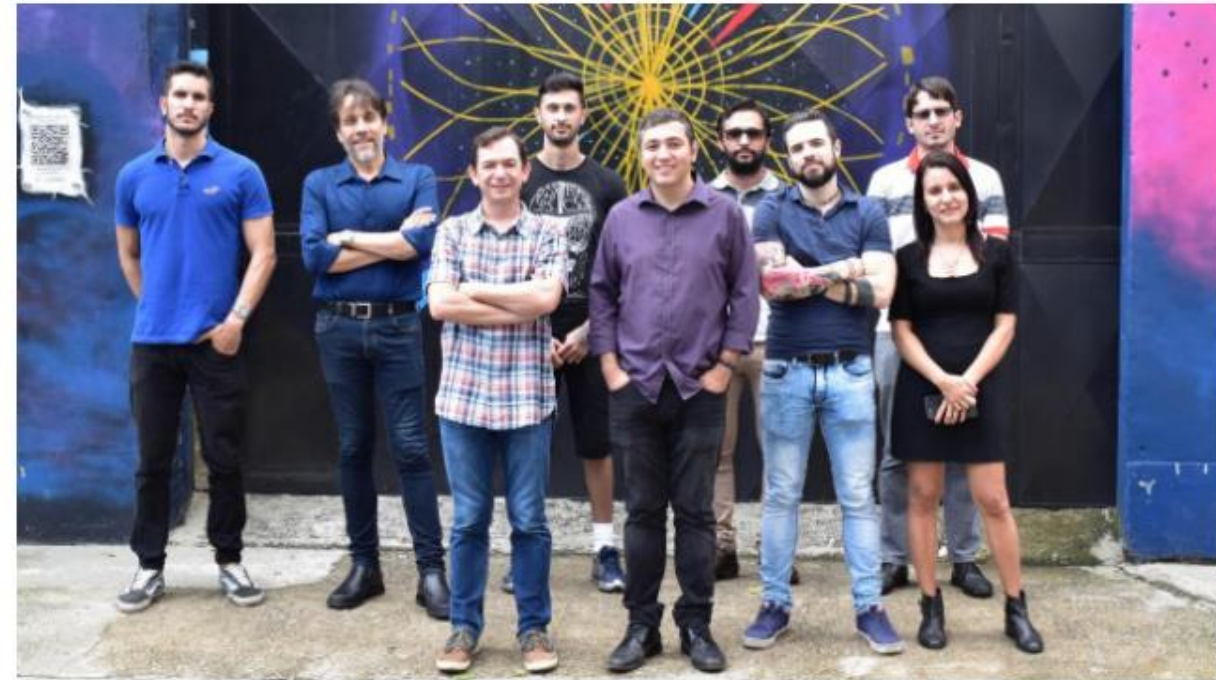
^gINAF - Osservatorio di Astrofisica e Scienza dello Spazio di Bologna, via Gobetti 93/3, I-40129 Bologna, Italy

Abstract

Strong Lensing is a powerful probe of the matter distribution in galaxies and galaxy clusters and a relevant tool for cosmography. Analyses of strong gravitational lenses with Deep Learning (DL) and Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) have become a popular approach due to these astronomical objects' rarity and image complexity. Next-generation surveys (both ground and space-based) will provide more opportunities to derive science from these objects and an increasing data volume to be analyzed. However, finding strong lenses is challenging, as their number densities are orders of magnitude below those of galaxies. Therefore, specific Strong Lensing search algorithms are required to discover the highest number of systems possible, with high purity and low false alarm rate to minimize human intervention. The need for better algorithms has prompted the development of an open community data science competition named Strong Gravitational Lensing Challenge (SGLC) by the Bologna group. In this work, we present the Deep Learning strategies and methodology used to design the highest-scoring algorithm in the II SGLC, which was based on Euclid-like simulations. We discuss the approach used for this dataset, the choice for a suitable architecture, particularly the use of a network with two branches to work with images in different resolutions, and its optimization. We also discuss the limit of what tailor-made architecture in a survey in contrast pipeline, and discuss the best choice to easily implement. This work helps to take a step towards

networks

The team working for the industry contributed to the scientific project.



Da esq. para dir., Patrick, Marcelo, Martín, Paulo, Clécio, Pedro, Manuel, Marcos e Luciana

(Crédito: NCS/CBPF)

Submitter
2022

Monthly Notices
of the Royal Astronomical Society

<https://portal.cbpf.br/pt-br/ultimas-noticias/grupo-do-cbpf-vence-desafio-internacional>

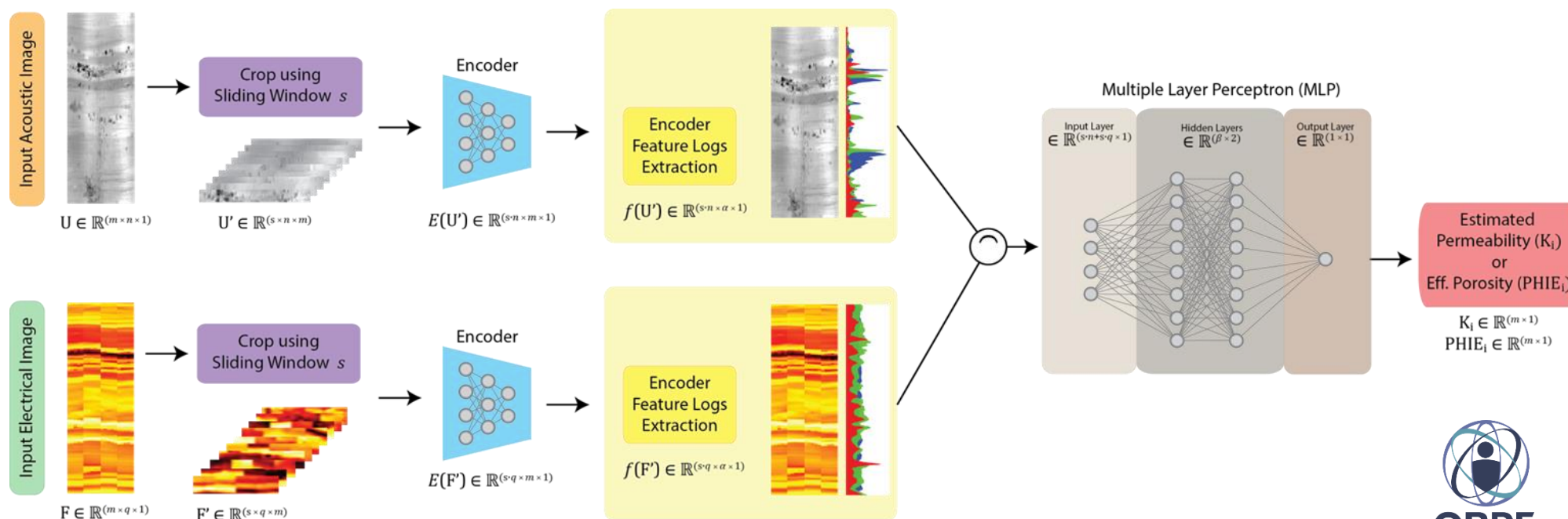
Journal of Petroleum Science and Engineering 170 (2018) 315–330

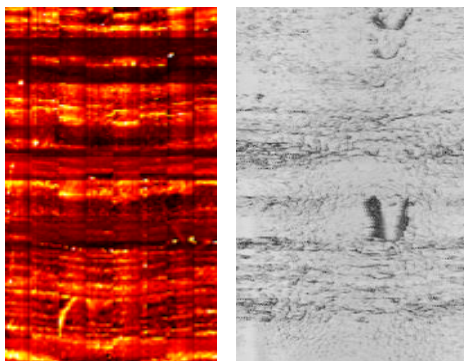
Estimation of permeability and effective porosity logs using deep autoencoders in borehole image logs from the brazilian pre-salt carbonate

Manuel Blanco Valentín^{a,*}, Clécio R. Bom^b, André Luiz Martins Compan^c, Maury Duarte Correia^c,
 Candida Menezes de Jesus^d, Anelise de Lima Souza^d, Márcio P. de Albuquerque^a,
 Marcelo P. de Albuquerque^a, Elisângela L. Faria^a

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.petrol.2018.06.038>

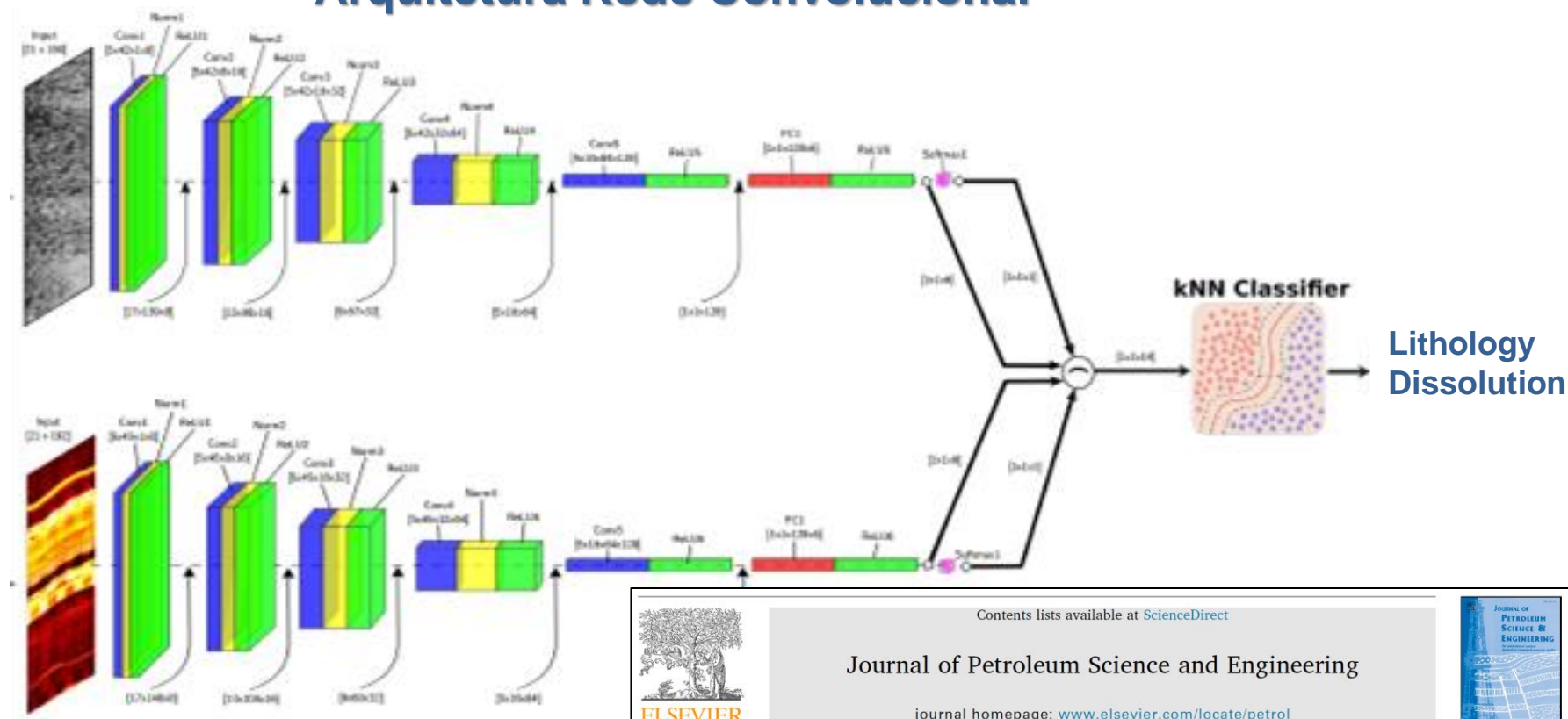

Deep Learning
 technique to
 estimate
 perm/porosity
 along the
 borehole using a
 combination of
 enhanced
 ultrasound and
 resistivity images





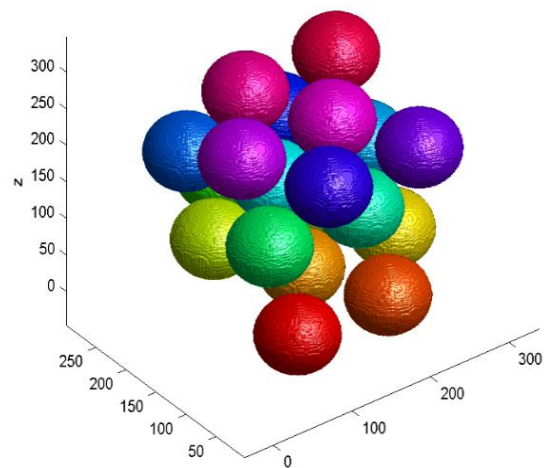
Deep Learning architecture to make a fast and reliable analysis from the Ultrasound and Resistivity images that can be validated by the geologist.

Arquitetura Rede Convolutacional



NMR for Petrophysics

Development of physical models to describe the relationship between relaxation time and porosity



Synthetic Porous Samples

3,81cm (1.5'')



Low Field
NMR Samples

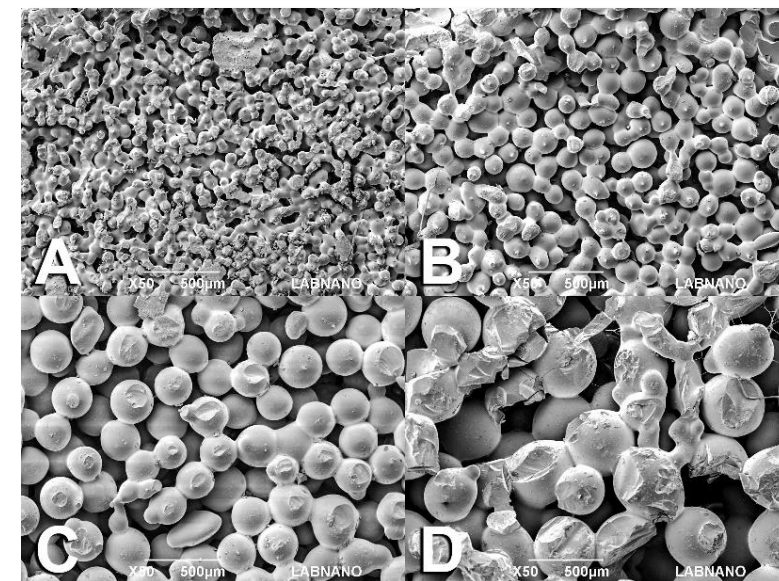
0,8cm (0.31'')



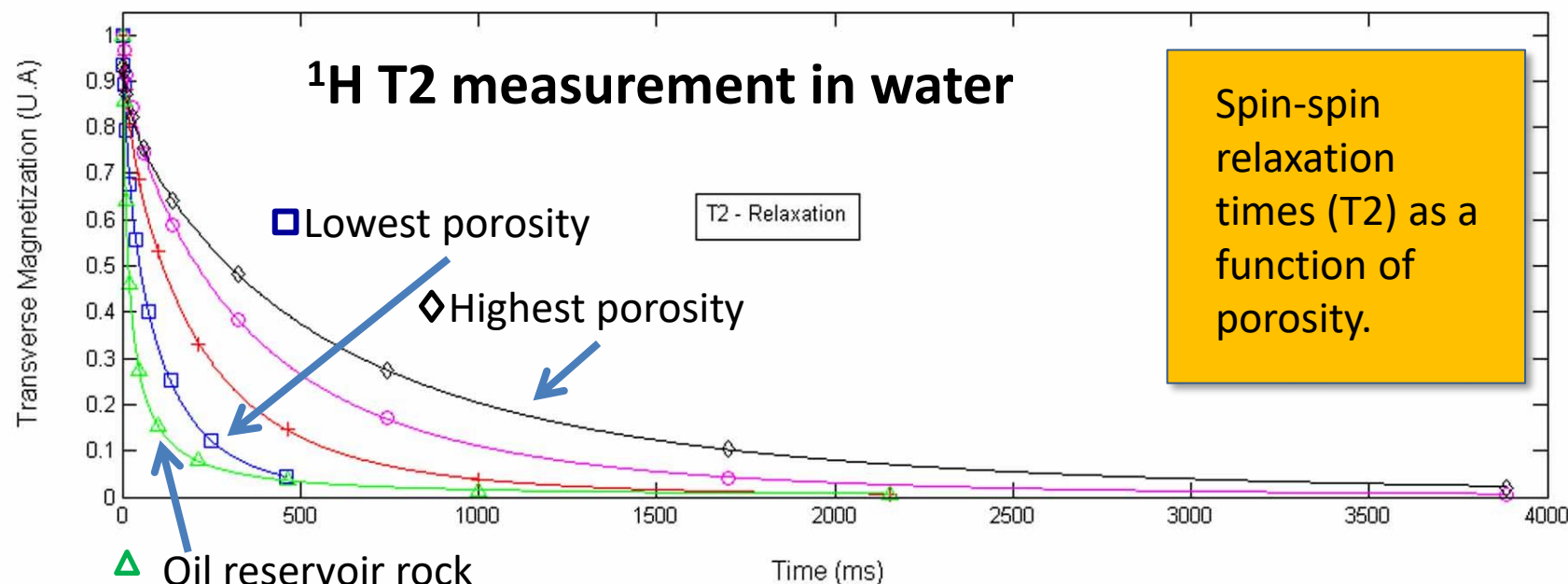
High Field
NMR Samples

Examples of sintered rock plugs with controlled porosity, for high (or low) field NMR experiments. Produced from glass spheres, with controlled granulometries

TEM images of four sintered Plugs with different porosities for NMR experiments. Porosity can be characterized with NMR relaxometry.




NMR for Petrophysics




Analytical statistical model to interpret the results

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

 **ELSEVIER**

Journal of Magnetic Resonance

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/jmr




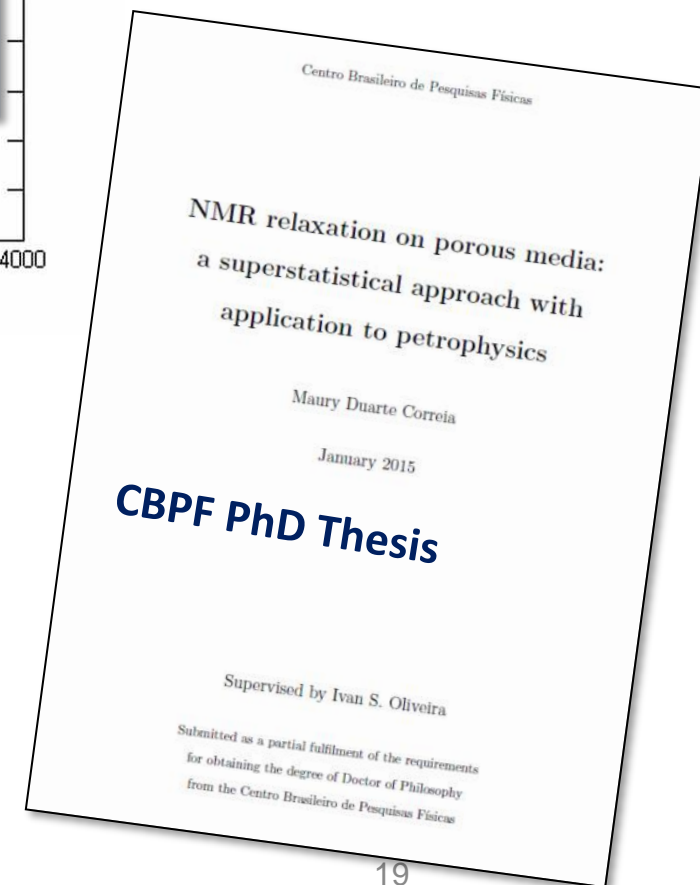
Superstatistics model for T_2 distribution in NMR experiments on porous media

M.D. Correia^{a,b,*}, A.M. Souza^b, J.P. Sinnecker^b, R.S. Sarthour^b, B.C.C. Santos^a, W. Trevizan^a, I.S. Oliveira^b

^a Petróleo Brasileiro S.A., PETROBRAS, Centro de Pesquisas Leopoldo Miguez de Mello, CENPES, Av. Horácio Macedo, 950, Cidade Universitária, Rio de Janeiro, RJ CEP: 21.941-915, Brazil

^b Centro Brasileiro de Pesquisas Físicas, CBPF, Rua Dr. Xavier Sigaud, 150, Urca, Rio de Janeiro, RJ CEP: 22290-180, Brazil

 CrossMark



NMR on the nanometer scale

Development of high sensitivity NMR systems for nanometric samples.

Applicability

- **Academic:** study of samples at the nanometer scale and manipulating quantum systems.
- 4 Master's dissertations in progress
- **Industrial:** high-sensitivity portable MRI systems.
 - R&D in collaboration with the company
 - Fine Instrument Technology



External collaborations:

Technische Universität Dortmund (Alemanha)

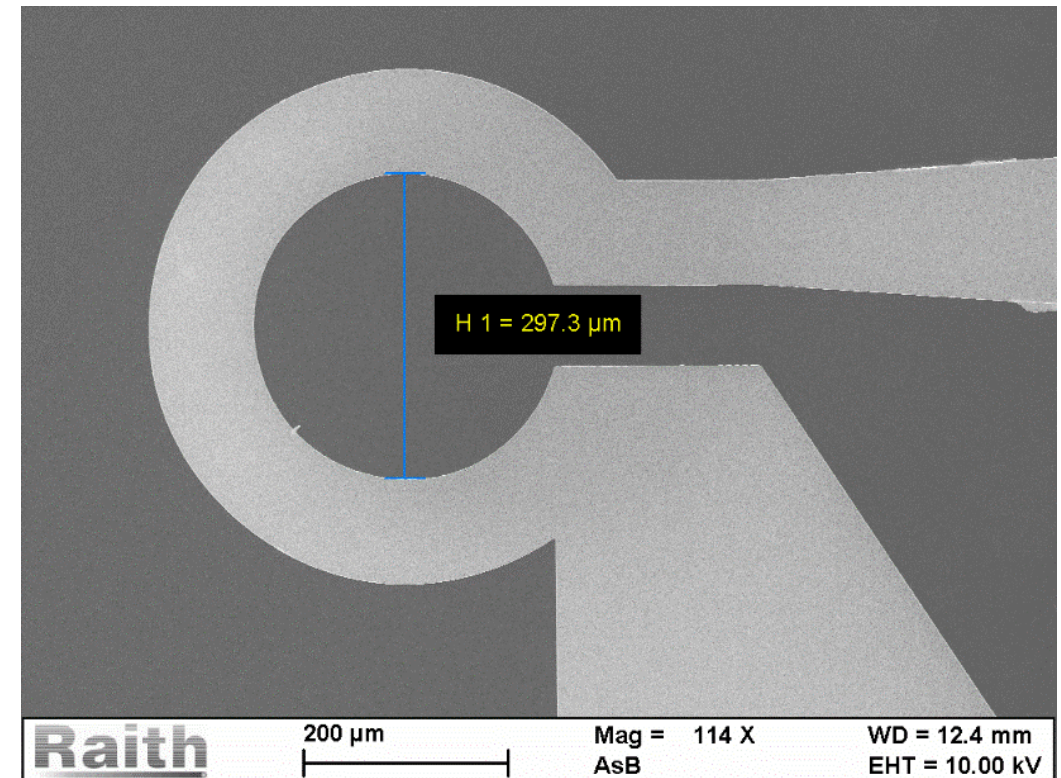
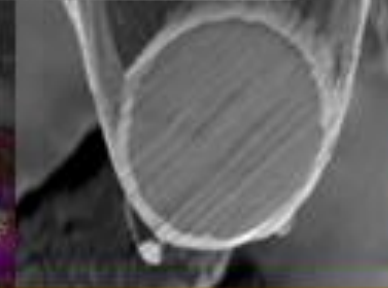
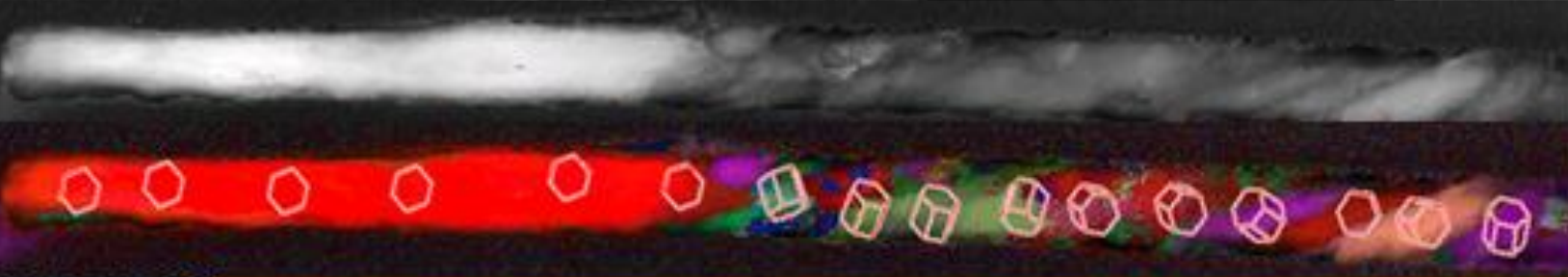
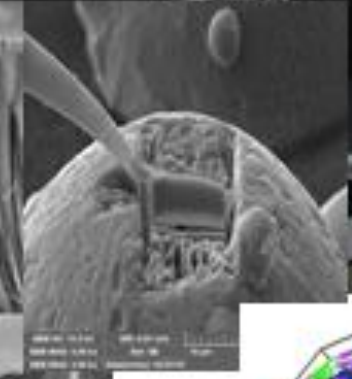
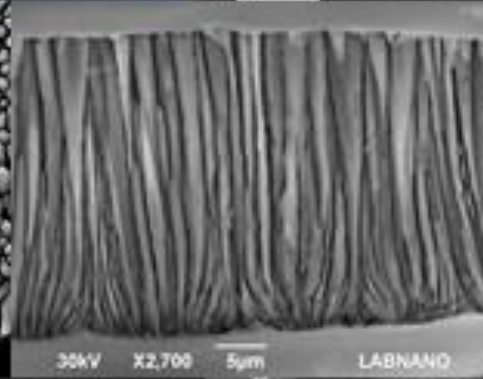
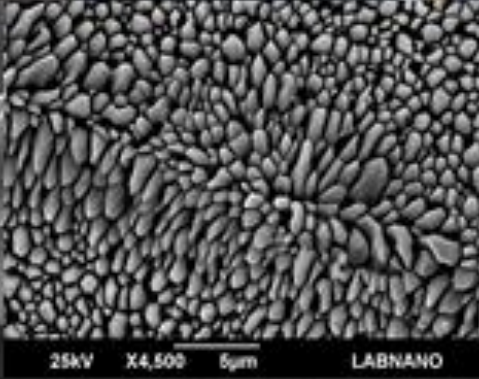
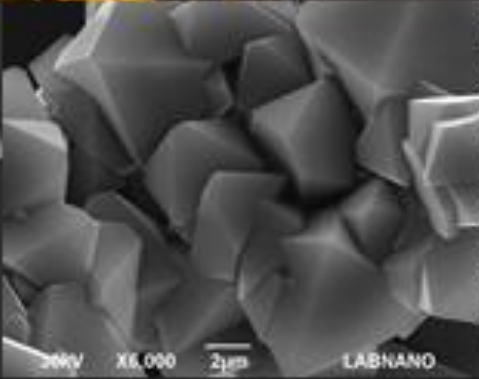
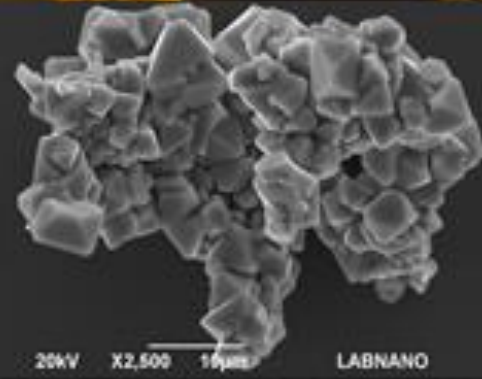


Figure: Example of a resonator produced at CBPF / LABNANO



LABNANO/CBPF

The Multiusers Facilities of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology integrates a set of systems and services open to the Brazilian scientific and technological community and aims to support national development in science, technology and innovation at the nanoscale, with an emphasis on nanofabrication.

LABNANO/CBPF is the 1st Brazilian Nanocenter

- **Multiuser Laboratory of Nanosciences and Nanotechnology.**
- **Open facility:** operates with project submission and peer review. 50% of the machine time is made available to external users (SisNANO, 2013& 2019). 10% is made available for the provision of services or agreements with companies.
- Created as a *Strategic Regional Facility to drive the fabrication and characterization of nanostructures with a focus on electron beam nanolithography and analytical electron microscopy.*
- It serves users from all over the country.
- It is the only open laboratory in the state of Rio de Janeiro and the second in the country (there are only LABNANO/CBPF and LNNANO/CNPEM/Campinas).
- Strong user training program (we don't do it, we teach you how to do it).
- Shared and growing knowledge base.


Axes of Operation

Research and Development (knowledge base)
Jointly with CBPF LABs and users

Training and Service to Users
Electronic Microscopy (PG) courses at CBPF and abroad
specialized schools
Individual user training

Technical Training and Infrastructure Expansion

National and international cooperation

- CBPF-INL (1)  INTERNATIONAL IBERIAN NANOTECHNOLOGY LABORATORY
- CCNBR-Nano (finished)
- Brazil-Argentina Nano Center

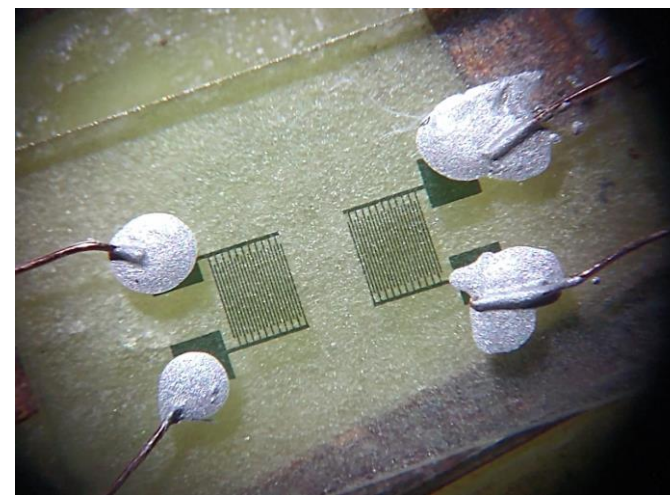
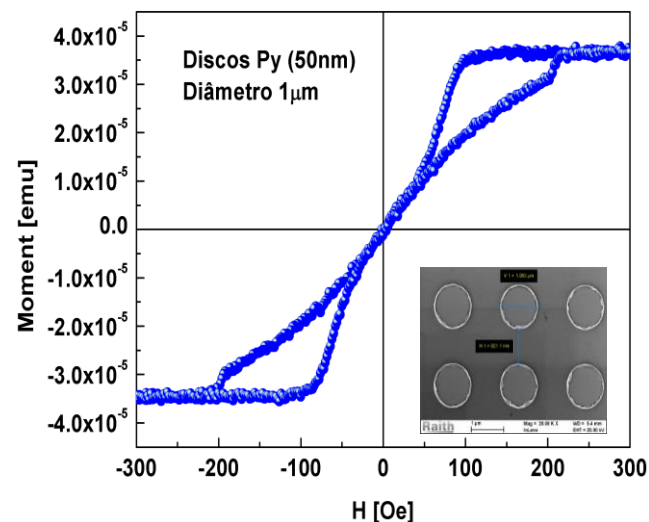
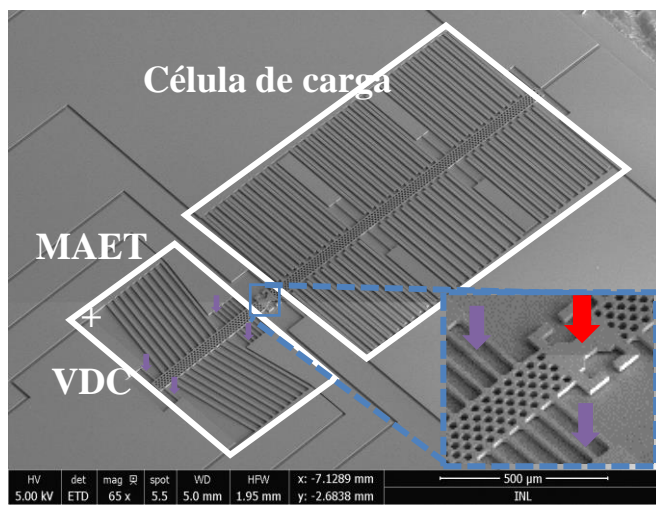
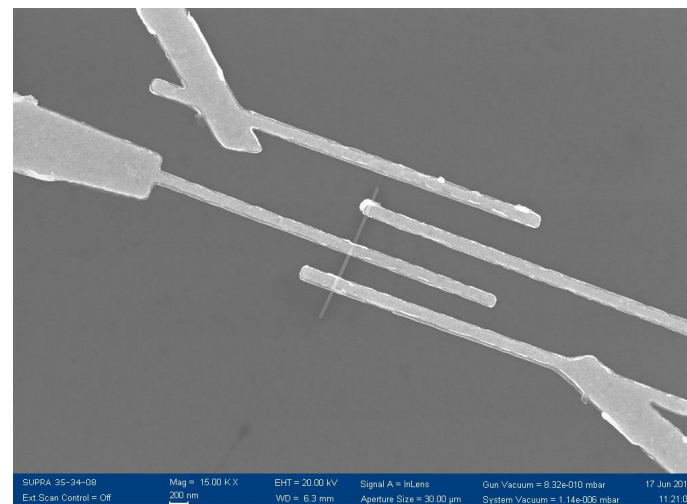
Interaction with the productive sector

- Brazil NANO Network - SIBRATEC
- Technical-Scientific Cooperation Agreements
- Specialized services for companies

(1) INL - International Iberian Nanotechnology Laboratory, Braga - Portugal

Nanofabrication: examples of projects at LABNANO

- **Thermomechanical actuators** for in-situ studies with MET
- Magnetoelastic **microresonators for medical applications**
- Magnonic crystals and materials for high frequencies
- Mixed systems: nanoscillators by spin torque transfer
- **Semiconductor nanowires for sensors**
- Mixed systems: exciting magnons via IDC in piezoelectric substrate





INTERNATIONAL COLLABORATIONS

SWGGO



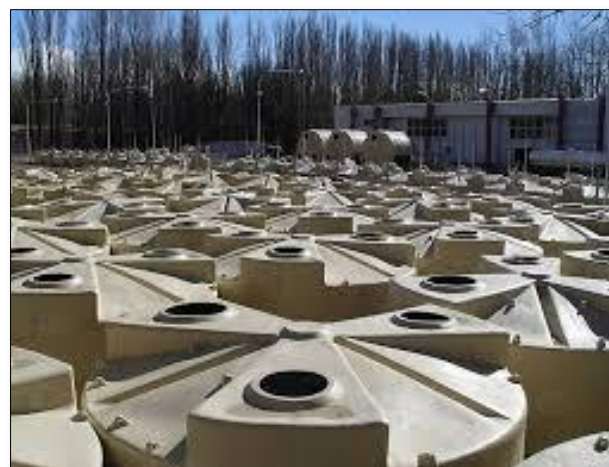
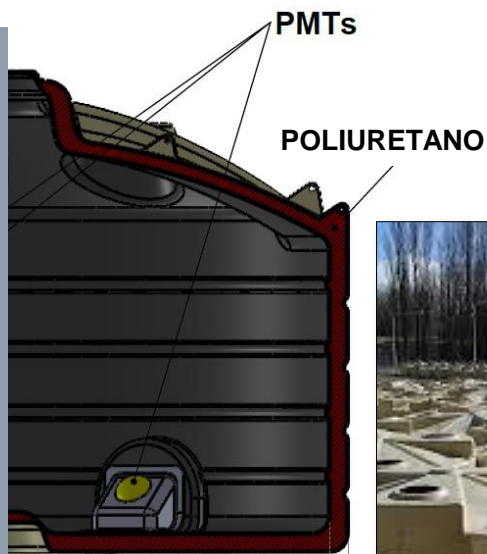
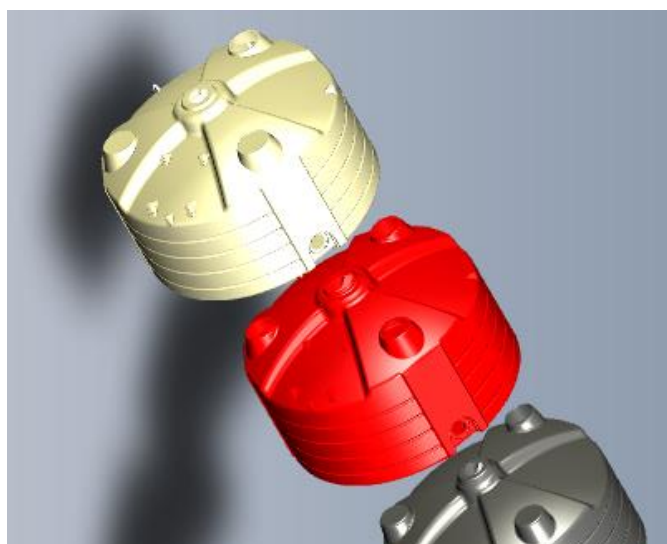
Southern Wide Field Gamma-Ray Observatory – international collaboration for the study of gamma ray sources – brings together experiments such as SGSO and LATTES



Future Gamma-ray Observatory in the Southern Hemisphere

■ The Southern Wide-field Gamma-ray Observatory (SWGO)

- 53 R&D institutions
- 12 founding countries (Brazil included)
- 5000 to 6000 rotomolded tanks (detector core only)



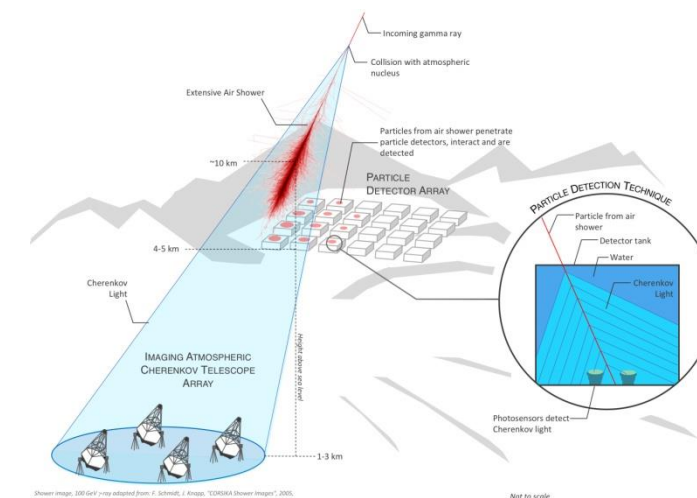
Proof of concept 1600 tanks
produced by the Brazilian industry
for the Pierre Auger Observatory

CBPF:

- Demonstrate that it is possible to manufacture rotomolded tanks with the desired specifications (in partnership with the industry).
- **New production technique developed**
- Construction of prototypes

■ Machine Learning

- AI studies to complement real data
- Increase detection capability



CBPF:

- Applications for reconstruction of extensive atmospheric shower parameters

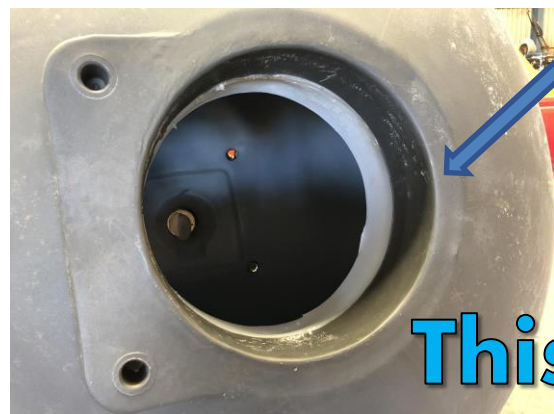
Important spin-out from basic science projects

An example: The first thermally insulated test prototype (for proof of concept)

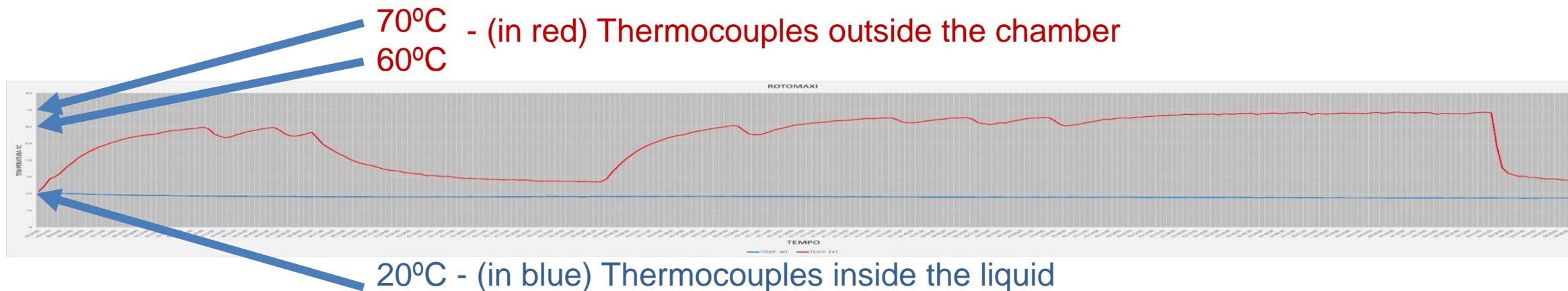
internal layer

Two layer

Polyurethane



**This is a new manufacturing process,
non-existent in the rotomolded industry (until 2021)**



To demonstrate that it is possible to apply this technique:
The industry invested BRL R\$ 4 million

The first prototype was made for an agricultural project, using the designed technique for roto-molded tanks with thermal insulation.

Ex: prototype for inoculation of seeds in the planting of: Soybean, corn, wheat and sugar cane (in inoculation the bacteria cannot exceed 30°C).



**It was a success this year in AgriShow International
Agricultural Technology Fair in Action**

SWGO/MARTA Environmental Protection Projects



Why?

GAS REGENERATION

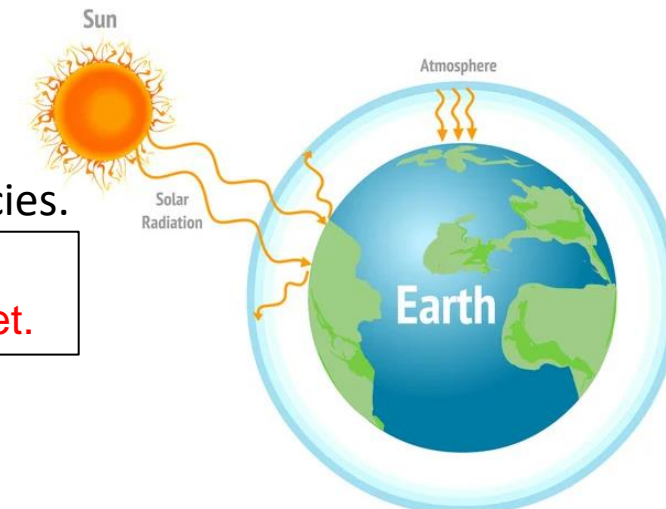
Environment:

- They are polluting substances and controlled by environmental agencies.
- Greenhouse effect

Cooling gases are responsible for 4X more greenhouse effect than all the cars on the planet.

Financial:

- Gas expensive and are getting more and more expensive.
- Regenerating is much cheaper than crafting.



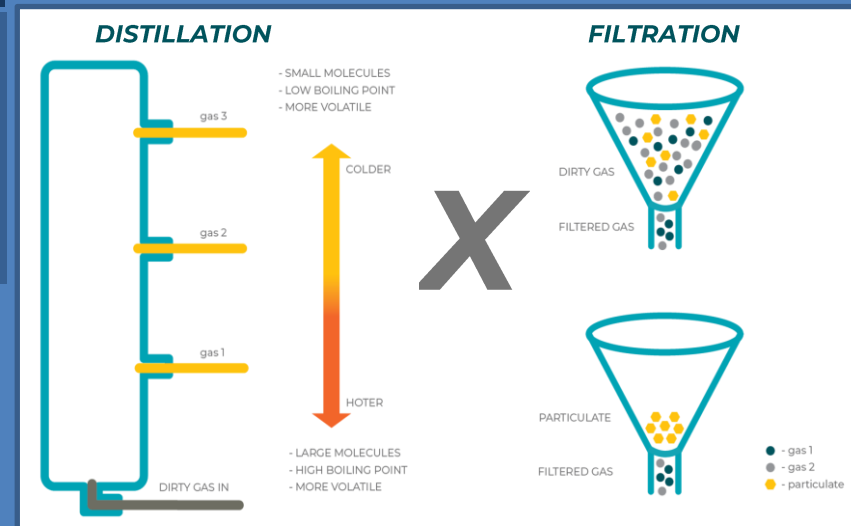
Both projects are using regenerated gas R134a (tetrafluoroethane) for 3.5 years in the Detector Characterization Lab (CBPF)

Collaboration with the Brazilian industry to develop a dedicated system for gas regeneration to RPCs, in a closed circuit.

We count on the support of the Brazilian industry:

- ❑ Company specialized in gas regeneration
- ❑ Chemical engineer of renowned gas manufacturer
- ❑ Staff specialized in gas regeneration

- Distiller produced by Recigases ➔ Closed loop regeneration process control that was developed at Detector Lab (Lab. Neusa Amato - CBPF)
- The second unit will be sent to the LIP-Coimbra Detector Laboratory for efficiency tests





Rio Science Datacenter



TECHNOLOGIES:

High Performance Computing (HPCs)

High Speed Data Communication for Science

Parceiros



RNP

Rede Nacional de
Ensino e Pesquisa



Laboratório
Nacional de
Computação
Científica

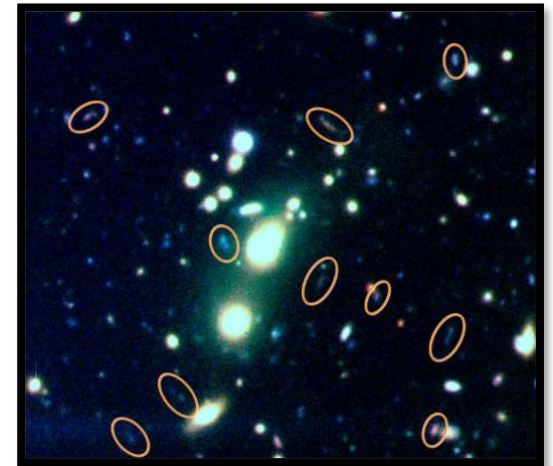
RSDC - Technologies and applications for Science

- **Scientific projects with HPC needs and large data transfer**

- **High Energy Physics:** WLCG – LHC / CERN
- **Cosmology :** Stripe-82 Survey (CS82) e SOAR GRAVITATIONAL ARC SURVEY - SOGRAS (Imagens Hi-Res)
- **Materials Physics:** Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Images
- **BSDC:** Infrastructure for data storage and astrophysics software (Open Universe).

- **Participation in projects:**

- ✓ *ScienceDMZ - RNP*
- ✓ *LHC Open Network Environment*



SOAR: **SO**uthern **A**strophysical **R**esearch Telescope

Specialized in networking for high-performance
scientific computing

Rio de Janeiro Metropolitan Area Network for S&T



REDECOMEP
Redes Comunitárias de Educação e Pesquisa



POP-RJ

PARCERIAS



25 ANOS
CONECTANDO
O PRESENTE AO FUTURO

95 Acadêmicos
28 Prefeitura
31 Metro
2 Supervia
Total: 156

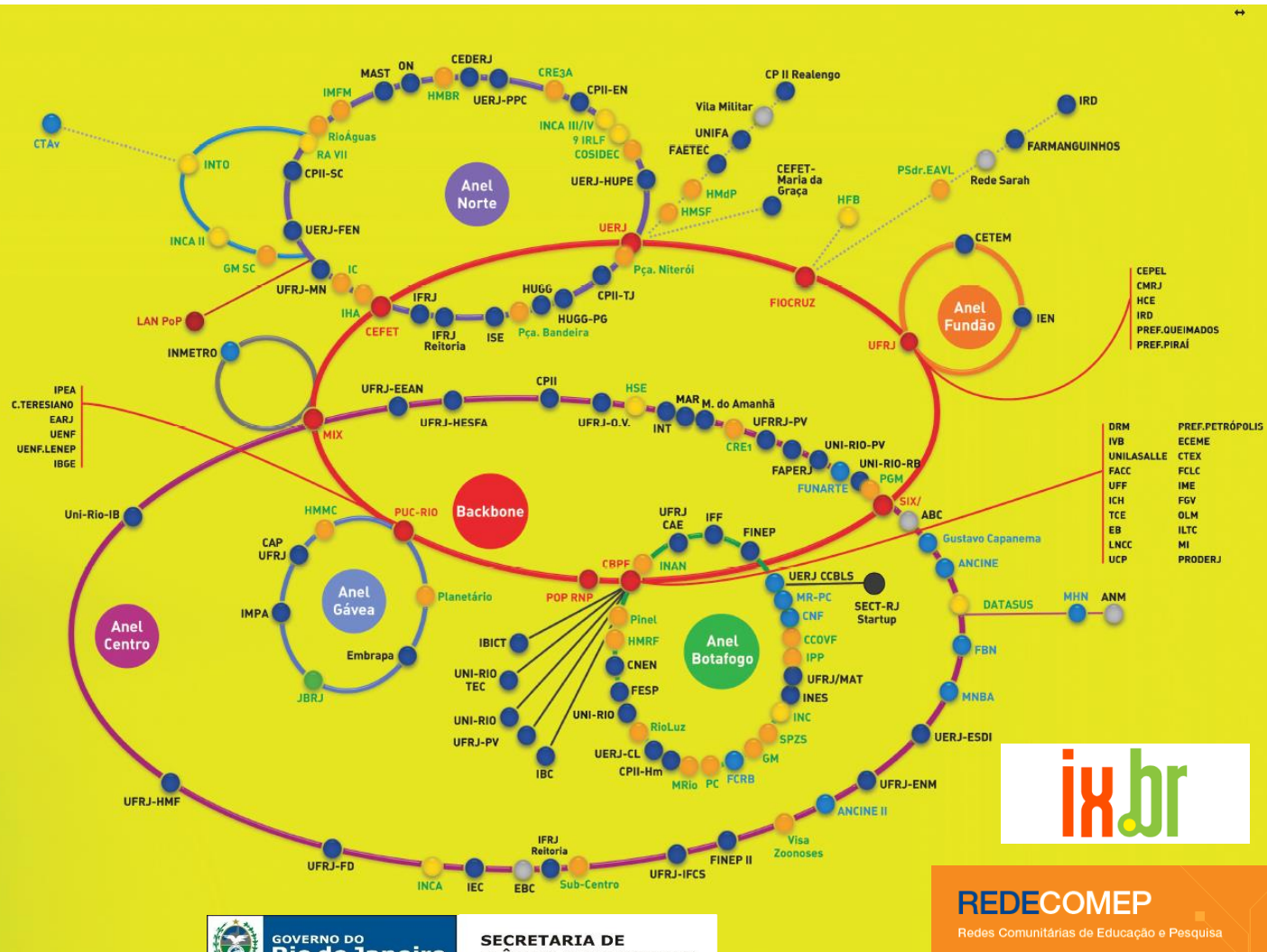
350 Km de
Fibras Ópticas

Inaugurada em maio de 1992, a Rede-Rio conecta à Internet cerca de 150 instituições (e, indiretamente, outras 150 delas) no estado do Rio de Janeiro. Nessa lista de afiliados, estão universidades, centros de pesquisa e órgãos governamentais.
A Rede-Rio transmite dados a uma velocidade média de 10 Gigabps (bilhões de bits por segundo), com capacidade de chegar a 1,8 Terabps (trilhões de bits por segundo). Sua malha de fibra ótica – incluindo sua conexão com a RedeComep – chega a 450 km de extensão.
A Rede-Rio é uma iniciativa da Fundação Carlos Chagas Filho de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado do Rio de Janeiro (FAPERJ).

www.rederio.br



SECRETARIA DE
CIÊNCIA E TECNOLOGIA



REDECOMEP
Redes Comunitárias de Educação e Pesquisa



Rede-Rio MAN/FAPERJ
Rio Science Datacenter (PoP-RJ/RNP)



25 ANOS
CONECTANDO
O PRESENTE AO FUTURO

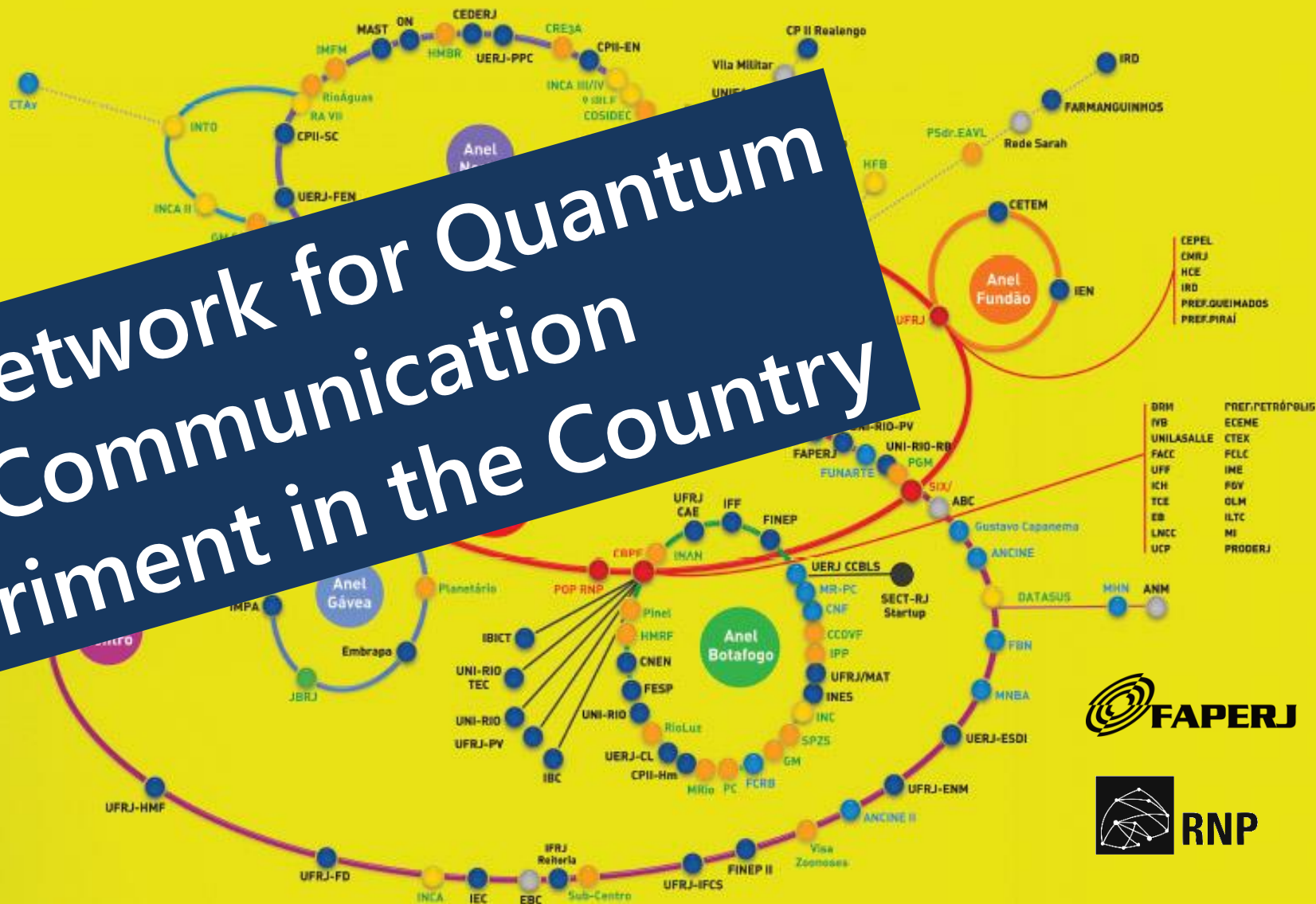
inaugurada em maio de 1992, a Rede de 150 instituições (e, hoje, de 200) do Rio de Janeiro. Nessas instituições, os centros de pesquisa e desenvolvimento de tecnologia.

A Rede-Rio transmite 10 milhões de bits por segundo (10 milhões de bits por segundo).

sua congênere, a Rede europeia, a Rede-Rio é uma iniciativa do Conselho Nacional de Desenvolvimento Científico e Tecnológico (CNPq) e do Conselho Nacional de Amparo à Pesquisa do Estado do Rio de Janeiro (CNPq).

www.rederio.br

First network for Quantum Communication Experiment in the Country

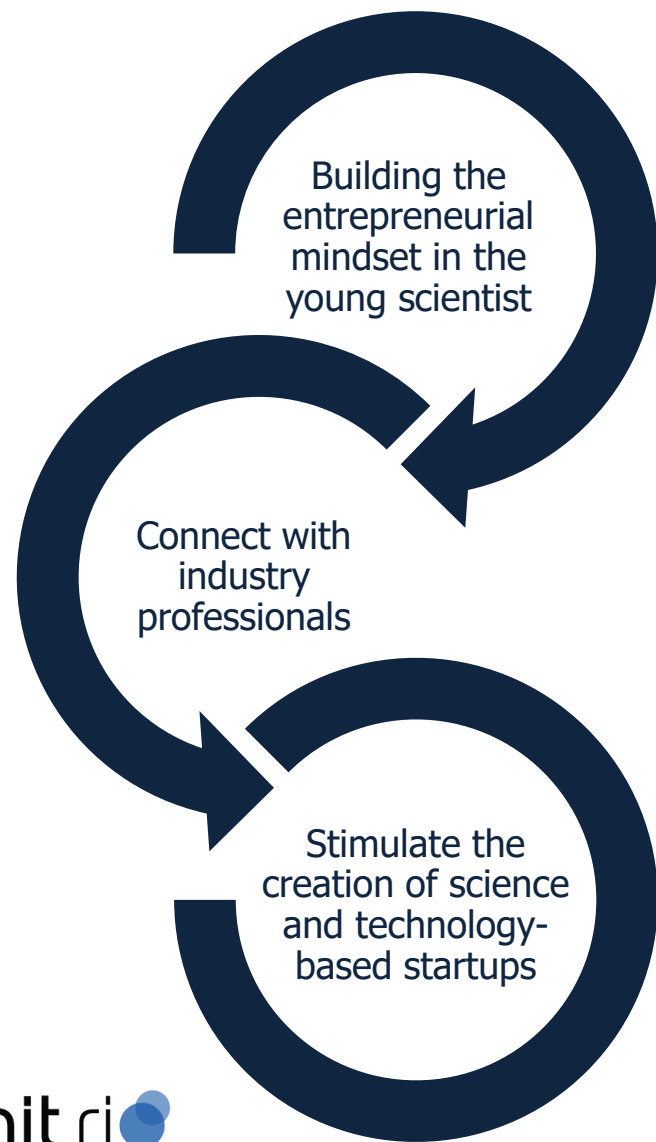


ENTREPRENEURIAL SCIENTIST PROGRAM (CE)

A CBPF initiative to
promote entrepreneurship in
young scientists



ENTREPRENEURIAL SCIENTIST PROGRAM



Entrepreneurship Workshop (Dynamics)



Entrepreneurship for Women

CBPF Entrepreneur Meeting with SEBRAE - Brazilian Support Service for Micro and Small Companies



Entrepreneurial Scientist Training



DA ACADEMIA PARA O MERCADO

Como transformar pesquisa científica em empresa de base tecnológica

Por Camilla Muniz • 03/10/2020 • 20:47



Entrepreneurship Workshop

(Business model)



CE Program Results

CBPF graduate students won industry-sponsored hackathons.



Thiago Palhares – Colaborador CBPF / UFRJ
6th place 1st Hackathon Hacking Health Rio de Janeiro; 2017
<https://www.linkedin.com/in/thiago-palhares-11bb55a7/?originalSubdomain=br>



Daniela Leite – MsC Física pelo CBPF
1st place in Hacking Rio; 2018

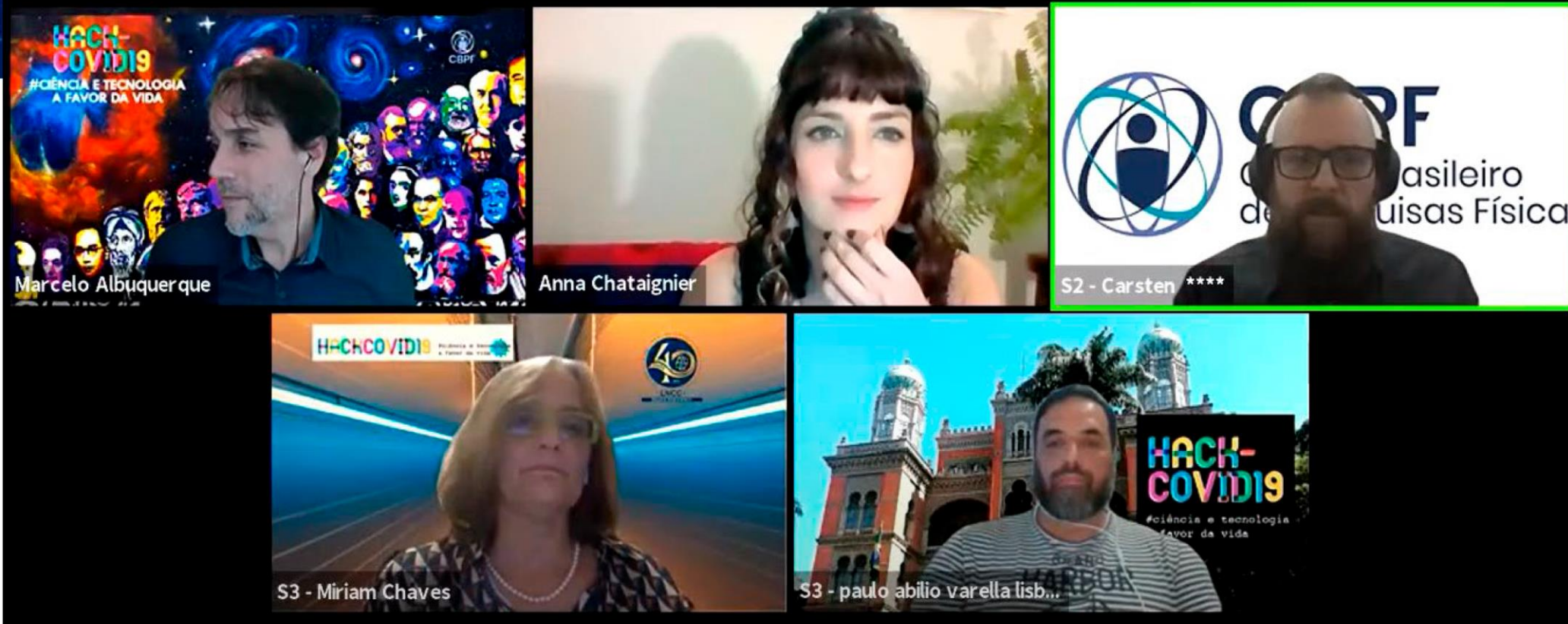


Daniela Leite – MsC Physics by CBPF
2nd place no Hackathon Globo
Grupo 12: G-Flow; 2019

<https://g1.globo.com/economia/tecnologia/hackathon/2019/ao-vivo/hackathon-2019.ghml>

HACKCOVID19

ONLINE HACKATHON /2020 - Create technologies to help face the challenges of covid-19



UN Development Programme

World Intellectual Property Organization



Brazilian Support Service for
Micro and Small Companies



HACKCOVID19

In NUMBERS



May 15th to 17th, 2020

72 hours

Participants

984

Challenge

220

Mentors

121

mensagens

slack

↑ 25 mil

Projects

82

YouTube View

11,9 mil



XIII CBPF School

TOTALMENTE VIRTUAL

DE 2 A 13 DE AGOSTO DE 2021





PROGRAM

Innovation and the legal framework of S&T


1  Inovação e Marco Legal

Intellectual property


1  Introdução a Propriedade Intelectual

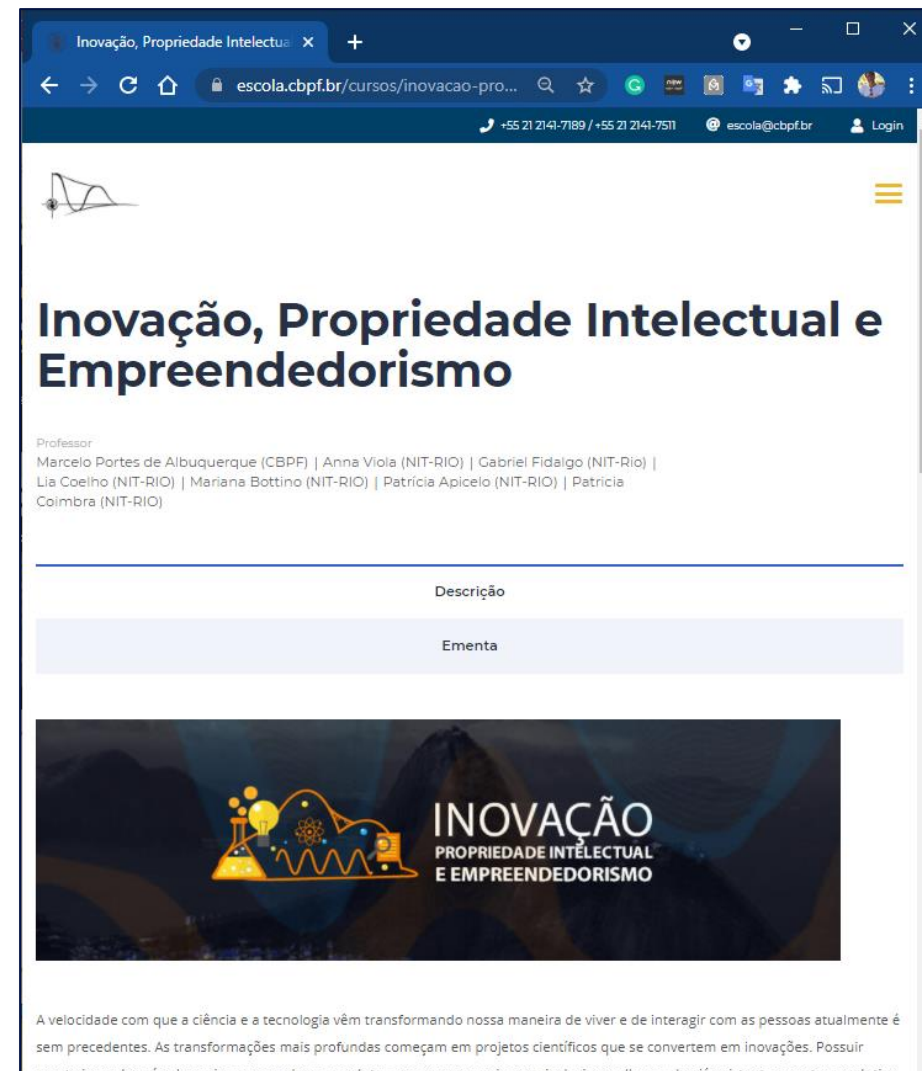
2  Estratégia para proteção da criação intelectual

Organization of R&D Projects to Innovate

1  Organização de Projetos de P&D para inovar

Entrepreneurship

1  Empreendedorismo e Modelagem de negócios



The CBPF School is a **traditional event in the Brazilian Physics calendar**, attracting a **large number of undergraduate and graduate students from all regions of Brazil and Latin American countries**. Its periodicity is usually biannual.

Participation in the MCTI Science Village – RIW

Space where the research centers of the Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation presented the initiatives, projects and the most modern that is being developed and researched in the country



CBPF and NIT-Rio booth – RIW 2022

Scientific Instrumentation and Innovation Workshops

2011

o2i

2013

o2i

2016



Present Institutions



Companies Present



PETROBRAS



3º O2I – Min. J. Alberto



Visit to CBPF Laboratories



Round Table: Academy
and Company Interaction



Workshop to link Fundamental Research with Industry

2022



science deep tech and innovation

16, 17 e 18 de novembro 2022

4^a O2I

WORKSHOP
OF INSTRUMENTATION AND
INNOVATION

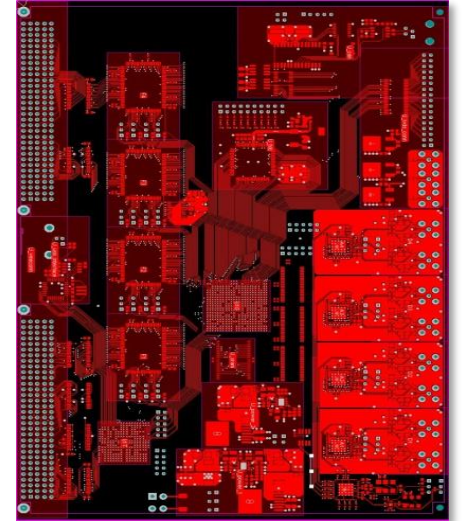
Physics and Innovation at CBPF



Well-trained professionals are essential for scientific and technological progress, as well as equipment that allows testing the frontiers of knowledge.

Scientific progress is often associated with new instruments and often in innovative ways.

It is quite common that instruments developed for an experiment will have commercial applications.



CBPF has been promoting technological development, knowledge transfer and an R&D partnership with institutions and companies.

To strengthen these activities, CBPF has been working on:

- **Master's in Physics - Scientific Instrumentation**
- **Multi-User Open Facilities**
- **Office of Technology Transfer and Innovation**

Fundamental research



Technological Development



Innovation

Promoting science in society

SCIENTIFIC DISCLOSURE

SCIENCE GRAFFITI

An innovative concept of art and science



240 m²

Painted on the CBPF wall, Graffiti celebrates science as a form of culture with an emphasis on physics and related areas.

GRAFITE DA CIÊNCIA

<http://www.grafite-ciencia.cbpf.br/>



This 'Science Graffiti Wall' is a tribute of CBPF to a hundred of scientists and inventors, the 'Science Builders.' They are men, women, Brazilians, foreigners, from all ages and all areas of knowledge.



PHYSICS AND INNOVATION AT THE BRAZILIAN CENTER FOR PHYSICS RESEARCH

OBRIGADO!

Marcelo Portes de Albuquerque

marcelo@cbpf.br

Technology Development Coordination - COTEC

**DATA
SCIENCE**

IN (ASTRO)PARTICLE
PHYSICS and COSMOLOGY:
the BRIDGE to INDUSTRY

27-30 JUNHO 2022, Universidade de Coimbra, Coimbra, Portugal

Um evento que mostra o potencial da ciência de dados na sociedade moderna e estimula sinergias entre investigação fundamental e indústria

