



EOSC Activities in the Environmental Sciences



Antonio José Sáenz-Albanés

ICT Core e-Infrastructure Operations Coordinator

aj.saenz@lifewatch.eu

ON BEHALF OF



Dr. Juan Miguel González-Aranda

Chief Technology Officer - Executive Board Member

cto@lifewatch.eu



Dr. Christos Arvanitidis

Chief Executive Officer - Executive Board Member

ceo@lifewatch.eu

Partners

LifeWatch ERIC

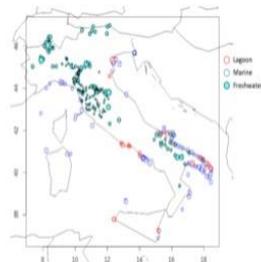
MARIS OGS

ICOS ERIC IFREMER

EMSO ERIC NOC-BODC

EMBRC ERIC VLIZ

Objectives



- **To integrate data** from different scientific disciplines in the marine subdomain **into an analytical framework** in order to advance our knowledge on the impact of NIS on European marine biodiversity and ecosystems;
- **To connect the analytical framework** and **federate access** to relevant data infrastructures at the EOSC portal in order to mobilise and empower a larger community of researchers and potential data providers; and
- To **demonstrate and promote** the **benefits** and potential of **web-based science using EOSC**.

Cluster (-s)



This will solve

- Addresses a hot topic, the one on the invasive species impacts, which is directly linked to the mission of climate change but also to the new Biodiversity Strategy and therefore the European Green Deal.
- There are also links to society and economy because of the implications the NIS may have to the local ecosystems and their services, as well as the societal goods and services mankind makes out of them. Since many of the above impacts may be of local scale, they may alter common practices in circular economies.

By

- Combining different sources of data and information
- Using a workflow to analyse the data
- Integrating its resources with core EOSC services and potentially horizontal services available
- Engaging the relevant scientific communities

Users will be able to

- Analyse distribution patterns of invasive species from different sources of data
- Compare the above patterns
- Provide managerial suggestions to relevant authorities
- Build on the existing infrastructure to address more complex questions (interactions)

20 services onboarded

- Ecoportal
- Oceanographic buoy Vida
- RvLab VRE
- WoRMS Taxon match
- WRiMS Taxon match
- Extractor Resampler and Masking
- Occurrences DataCube Analyst
- Data-driven Classifier
- CIMPAL Calculator (Cumulative IMPacts of invasive ALien species calculator)
- Occurrences DataCube Builder
- Biotope GRISS Extractor
- Biotope GBIF extractor
- WRiMS Taxon match
- GBIF NIS Verifier
- Metabarcoding Runner
- PEMA Runner
- PEMA Sequences Retriever
- Environmental Data Extractor
- Trophic Positions Modeler

>2 services to be onboarded

- BON data access (DM-BON) including ARMS-MBON, OSD, EMO-BON
- Updates to WoRMS and WRiMS as their linked-data services are added

EOSC Core

Integrated

Pending Integration

Accounting	✗	✓
Monitoring	✗	✓
AAI	✗	✓
Data Source Onboarding	✗	✓
Validation Software	✗	?
Other*	✗	?

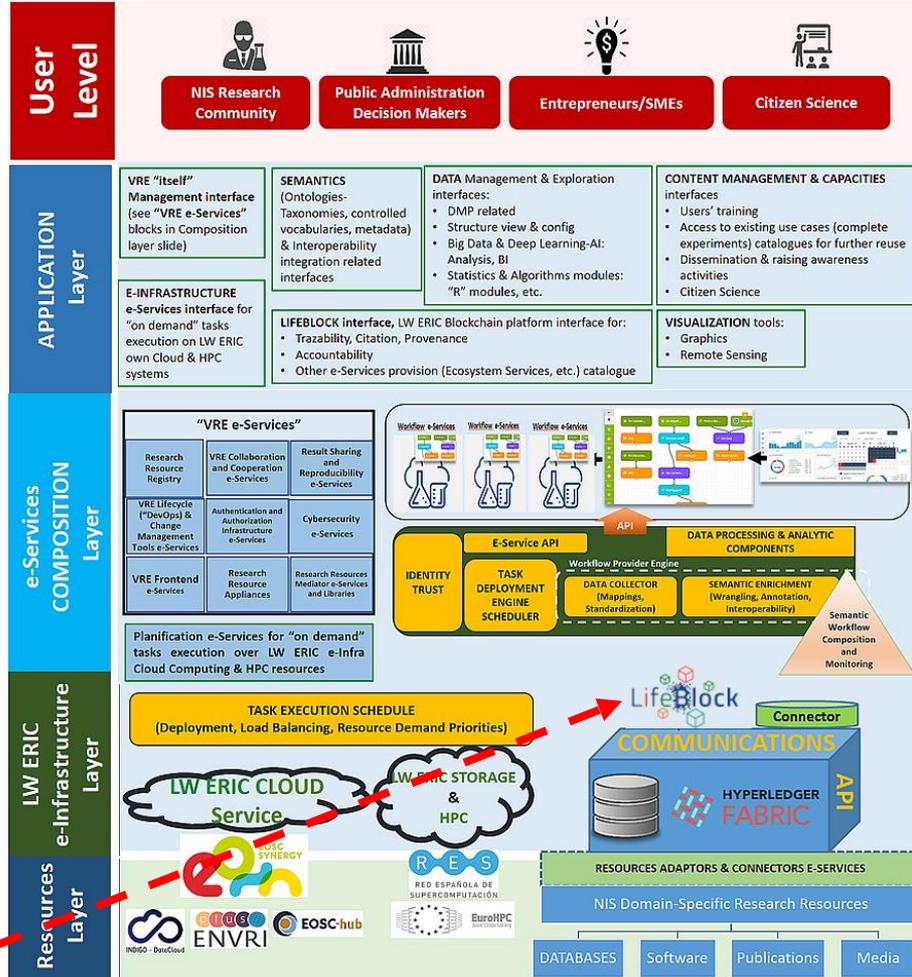
*Eg. (Marketplace, Procurement) tools the project uses.
e.g. connection with EOSC; will there be a catalogue,
connected with EOSC, similar for data, tools

- Align the resources and plans
- Provide a complete Template (proposal to be published in peer-reviewed journal)
- Keep up with regular meetings (started as bi-weekly)
- New members have been admitted
- Budget re-allocated
- Understand how the EOSC platform works and realize the work waiting ahead
- JIRA monitoring
- Mockup designed in the form of a workflow to drive further development and application of the SP
- Streamlining new types of data from other SPs/disciplines
- Community engagement plan

How are we building it?

1. AAI: Backend of authorization, accountability authentication & identification, including global cybersecurity issues
2. Linking Workflows to VREs: Workflow Catalogue
3. "On demand" e-Services to Cloud –EOSC– & (RES-EuroHPC)
4. Semantics applications & e-tools (taxonomic backbone)
5. Statistics packets (R, Jupiter python-based, etc.) for vLabs
6. DMPs and external databases access mechanisms
7. Big Data & AI-Deep Learning applications for Modelling
8. VREs management and admin components
9. Visualization: GIS-Remote Sensing & graphical analytic: KPI & socioeconomic impact visualization, including EBVs & ecosystem services analysis tools
10. Interfaces to online Training Seminars; "Success case studies"; Dissemination (publications, media) thematic-related resources (e.g. on NIS-IAS); and links to thematic-related Citizen Science activities
11. LifeBlock: Transparent to users, not existing any "specific" interface, but embedded to all of system e-Services provided.

Based on the
Orchestra model



Context that prevents Big-Bang approaches

Different computing paradigms

Big-data

Machine learning

Heterogeneous research groups

Different Ecosystems

Legacy software systems

Deprecated or unmaintained components

Need to give answers as soon as possible

Need to provide improved future answers

Non-secured legacy systems

Power (technical) users

Illiterate (technical) users

Heterogeneous e-infrastructures

Distributed e-infrastructures

Need to provide research infrastructures

Need to provide decision-making tools

... all these just to name a few

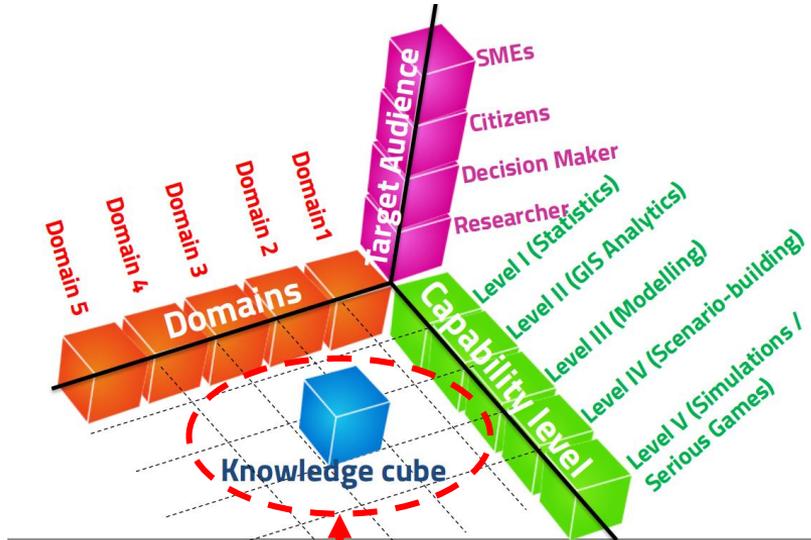
Knowledge-cube requirement elicitation methodology and SecDevOps



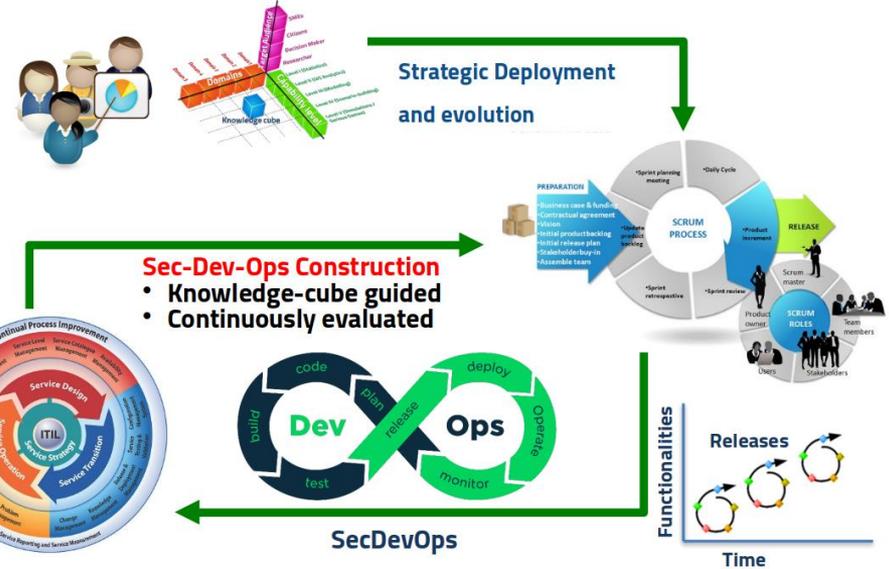
LifeWatch ERIC
Tesseract



and SecDevOps



Use-case, key points, requirements



The selection and prioritization of knowledge cubes were guided by the IJI-NIS Initiative



<https://youtu.be/COKpTNqvfk4>

The screenshot displays the Tesseract NIS Workflow Environment interface. The main window shows a workflow titled "Ailanthus altissima" with the subtitle "Combining Modeling and remote sensing techniques to monitor and control the spread of invasive species: the case of Ailanthus altissima". The workflow is a flowchart with the following steps:

- Three parallel paths for data processing:
 - Path 1: "Import file" (Multi_seasonal images) → "BunchZip" → "grouped images" → "SVM classifier" (input: MultiClasses) → "Extractor" (output: Ailanthus map_2m).
 - Path 2: "Import file" (Multiclass test_data) → "Splitter" → "grouped test_data" → "SVM classifier" (input: MultiClasses).
 - Path 3: "Import file" (Multiclass training_data) → "Splitter" → "grouped training_data" → "Extractor Res..." (input: Stack 20layers masked).
- Additional steps: "Image Stacking" (2 seasonal images) → "BunchZip" → "grouped images" → "SVM classifier" (input: out SVM 20layers) → "Extractor" (output: Ailanthus map_2m).
- Another path: "Import file" (2 classes test_data) → "Splitter" → "grouped test_data" → "SVM classifier" (input: out SVM 20layers).
- A final path: "Import file" (2 classes training_data) → "Splitter" → "grouped training_data" → "SVM classifier" (input: out SVM 20layers).

Background text at the bottom of the workflow area:

Background
Ailanthus altissima is one of the world's most invasive plants in Europe. It reproduces both by seeds and asexually through root sprouting. The winged seeds can be dispersed by wind, water and machinery while its robust root system can generate numerous suckers and cloned plants. In this way, Ailanthus altissima typically occurs in very dense clumps, but can also occasionally grow as widely scattered or single stems. This highly invasive plant can colonise a wide range of anthropogenic and natural sites, from stony and sterile soils to rich alluvial bottoms. Due to its rapid growth, tolerance, adaptability and lack of natural enemies, it spreads spontaneously, out-competing other plants and violating their growth.



- ENVRI-FAIR is the connection of the ESFRI Cluster of Environmental RIs (ENVRI) to the European Open Science Cloud (EOSC).
- The goal is that all participating RIs build FAIR data services to enhance researchers' efficiency & productivity, support innovation, enable data/knowledge based decisions & connect ENVRI Cluster to EOSC.
- LifeWatch ERIC coordinates WP11 (implementation in Biodiversity/Ecosystems subdomain) & co-coordinates WP6 (training), and participates in and represents the marine domain.
- ENVRI-FAIR has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 824068.



EOSC-Synergy, EOSC-Hub and ERIC-Forum



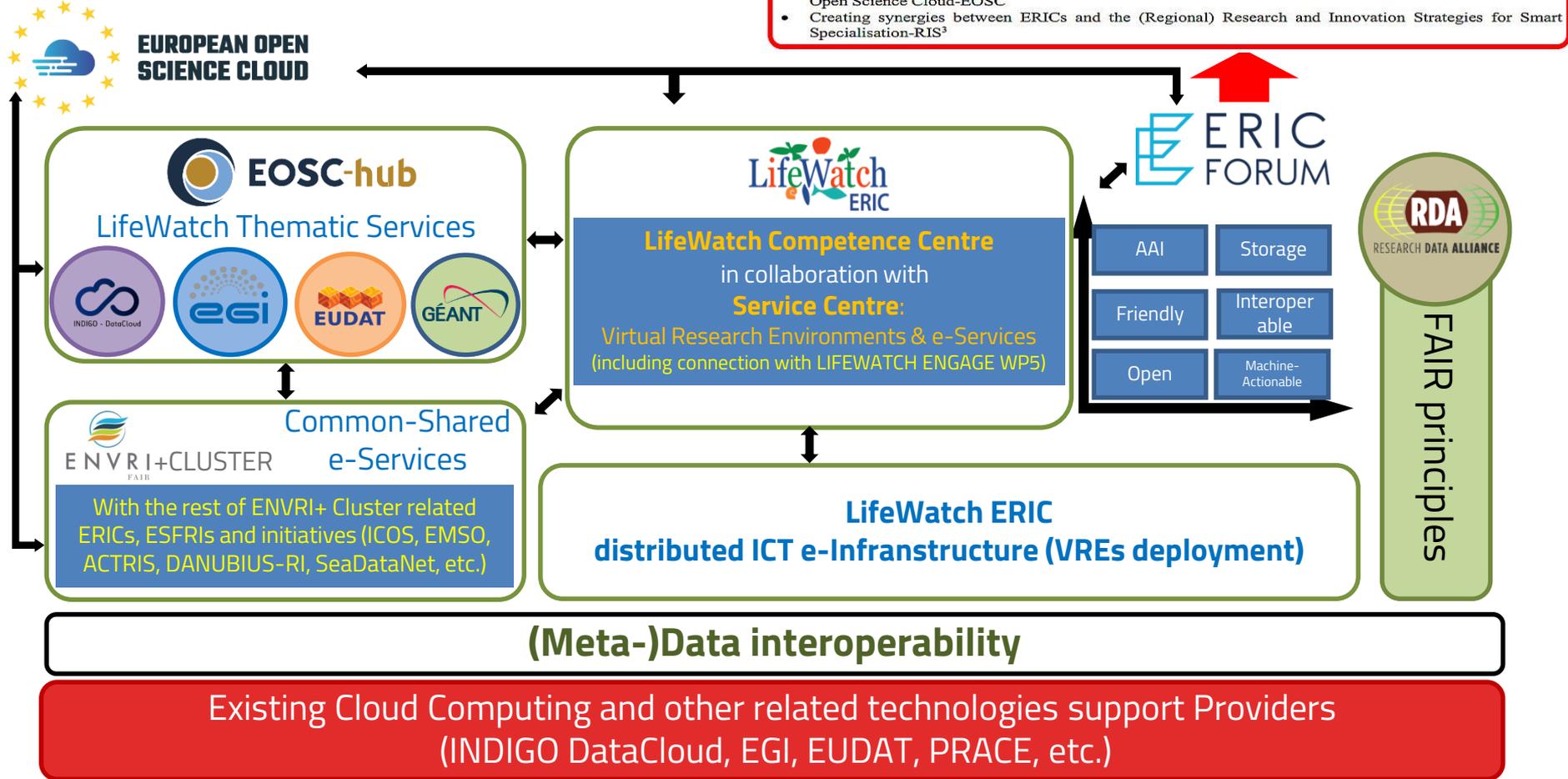
EOSC-Synergy & EOSC-Hub

- Many results and services provided by LifeWatch ERIC

ERIC-Forum

- Co-leadership of WP6 at the political level to establish synergies between all ERICs and EOSCs, especially through the use of ESIF-ERDF, Next-Generation & Resilience Funds

All together...





Thanks !



www.lifewatch.eu



@LifeWatchERIC

LifeWatch
ERIC

variety world diversity among life within ecosystems forms number genetic variability
 Earth organisms forms occur world
 life diversity among life within ecosystems forms number genetic variability
 ecosystems forms number genetic variability
 life diversity among life within ecosystems forms number genetic variability

