

First results from the LUX experiment

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WIMP direct detection

WIMPs are the leading DM candidates

- Not affected by either the strong or EM forces
- Mass scale: GeV TeV
- Distributed in spherical halos around galaxies
- Interaction with the nucleus:
 - spin-independent: $\sigma \sim A^2$
 - spin-dependent: $\sigma \sim J(J+1)$

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How to search for WIMPs?

- Colliders missing energy
- Indirectly looking for annihilation products

(e.g. γ -rays, high-energy neutrinos)

• Directly - looking for nuclear recoils from WIMPs

WIMP direct detection

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Electron Recoil

Nuclear Recoil

(neutrons, WIMPs)

(gammas)

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- Colliders missing energy
- Indirectly looking for annihilation products (e.g. γ-rays, high-energy neutrinos)
- Directly looking for nuclear recoils from WIMPs
- Expect low energy recoils(1 100 keV)
- Expect <1 event/kg/year
- Requires SM backgrounds ~0
 - underground operation

WIMPs scatter elastically off nuclei

LUX - 2-phase XeTPC



3D Position Reconstruction

- ➡ Z from time difference between S1 and S2
- ➡ XY reconstructed from light pattern

LUX - 2-phase XeTPC



3D Position Reconstruction

- ➡ Z from time difference between SI and S2
- XY reconstructed from light pattern

Discrimination principle

- WIMPs and neutrons interact with nuclei short, dense tracks ⇒ smaller S2/SI
- γ s and e⁻ interact with atomic electrons longer, less dense tracks \Rightarrow higher S2/S1
- discrimination >99.5% @ 50% NR acceptance



The LUX detector

- Ultra-low background xenon TPC
 - 370 kg of LXe
 - 250 kg in the active volume
 - 118 kg fiducial volume
- Drift length: 50 cm
- Active region defined by 12 PTFE slabs
- 2 PMT arrays with a total of 122 tubes
- Titanium cryostats (<0.2 mBq/kg)
- Installed inside 300 T water tank



arXiv:1211.3788

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5









- Water Tank: 300 t, 3.5 m shielding
- Cherenkov muon veto
- ✤ ~10⁻⁹ gamma event rate reduction
- ✤ ~10⁻³ high-E neutrons (>10 MeV) rate red.

All external backgrounds subdominant



Support systems

Circulation and sampling



LN system *

- Manages LN transfers from storage dewars to SRV, TS, SS
- Fully automated system
- Both hardware and software designed and built at LIP

LIP responsibilities

- Slow control
 - Monitor hundreds of sensors (detector and support systems)
 - Controls valves, HV, etc.
 - Interface via mySQL database
 - User interface using php



LN bath `

conduits into water cold tank head



LUX Thermosyphon

Calibrating LUX



- External sources (via source tubes):
 - AmBe and ²⁵²Cf for low energy neutrons
 - validate NR models and sims, NR efficiencies
- Internal sources (injected)
 - Xe self-shielding prevents γ s from reaching inner volume
 - 83m Kr: half-life ~1.8 h; 32.1 + 9.4 keV β s
 - weekly purity & XYZ maps
 - Tritiated methane (CH3T): low energy β s (end point 18 keV)
 - ➡ high stats, uniform and high purity ➡ ER band, ER acceptance





Data taking



- LUX moves underground in July 2012
- Detector cool-down January 2013, Xe condensed mid-February 2013
- Kr and AmBe calibrations throughout, CH3T after WIMP search

LIP responsibilities

F. Neves is currently the coordinator of detector operations (6 months term)
A. Lindote is currently the data processing coordinator (6 months term)
L. deViveiros was on-site science operations coordinator (2.5 months term)
L. deViveiros was coordinator of the analysis workgroup (6 months term)

Position reconstruction

- Crucial for pulse correction and the definition of the fiducial volume
- Drift time (1.5 mm/µs) for Z-position
- Mercury algorithm for the reconstruction in the XY plane
 - Obtained by fitting the S2 hit pattern with LRFs from internal calibrations
 - Developed by V. Solovov for ZEPLIN-III *
 - Adapted and further developed for LUX by C. Silva
 - Included in the official data processing chain, and was the only PR method to be used in the first science run analysis



Backgrounds in LUX

Cosmogenic activation	Background Component	Source	10 ⁻³ x evts/keVee/ kg/day
	Gamma-rays	Internal Components including PMTs (80%), Cryostat, Teflon	$1.8 \pm 0.2_{stat} \pm 0.3_{sys}$
	¹²⁷ Xe (36.4 day half-life)	Cosmogenic 0.87 → 0.28 during run	$0.5 \pm 0.02_{stat} \pm 0.1_{sys}$
	²¹⁴ Pb	²²² Rn	0.11-0.22 _(90% CL)
	⁸⁵ Kr	Reduced from 130 ppb to 3.5 ± 1 ppt	0.17 ± 0.10 _{sys}
	Predicted	Total	$2.6\pm0.2_{stat}\pm0.4_{sys}$
	Observed	Total	$3.6 \pm 0.3_{stat}$



Second half of the run



11

Xenon light yield for NR

- Scintillation in LXe is quenched for NR (relatively to ER interactions)
- Modelled using NEST (Noble Element Simulation Technique)
 - based on canon of existing experimental data.
- Artificial cut-off assumed below 3 keV (no measurements, conservative approach)
- * Includes predicted electric field quenching of light signal (to 77-82% of the zero field light yield)



Calibrations

- Tritium provides very high statistics electron recoil calibration (200 events / phe)
- Neutron calibration is consistent with NEST + simulations



Discrimination

Discrimination at 50% NR acceptance is 99.6%



Golden efficiency

- Cumulative efficiency of: finding the S2 pulse, finding the S1 pulse, and finding (only) one of each in a given event
- Measured independently using AmBe, Tritium, LED data and full NR simulations using a flat spectrum



Event selection and cuts

- Non-blind analysis
- Cuts were minimised to avoid bias
- 85.3 live-days
- 118 kg fiducial volume
- 160 events in fiducial volume

Cut	Events Remaining
all triggers	83,673,413
detector stability	82,918,902
single scatter	6,585,686
S1 energy $(2 - 30 \text{ phe})$	26,824
S2 energy $(200 - 3300 \text{ phe})$	20,989
single electron background	19,796
fiducial volume	160



WIMP search data — discrimination

99.6 \pm 0.1 % leakage below NR mean, so expect 0.64 \pm 0.16

Distribution is consistent with ER background and no WIMP signal



17

Spin-independent limit



Low-mass WIMPs excluded



Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 091303 (arXiv:1310.8214)

The near future: LUX 300 day run



- 300 day run planned for 2014/15
- Cosmogenic cool-down plus potential improvements (field, calibrations, ...)
- Still not background limited: expect a factor of ~5 improvement in sensitivity

Summary

- With 85.3 live-days LUX set world's best limit on spin-independent scattering:
 - → 90% UL 7.6 × 10⁻⁴⁶ cm2 @ 33 GeV/ c^2 → first sub-zeptobarn WIMP detector
 - Low-mass WIMPs fully excluded by LUX
 - Results paper published on PRL, expect more to follow (Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 091303, arXiv:1310.8214)
- LIP team involved in all areas of the experiment
 - Hardware: LN system (F. Neves) and Slow Control (V. Solovov)
 - <u>Group coordination</u>: Detector operations (F. Neves)

On-site science operations (L. deViveiros)

Analysis group (L. deViveiros)

Data processing group (A. Lindote)

- <u>Data analysis</u>: Position reconstruction (C. Silva, V. Solovov), Efficiencies (A. Lindote)
 Software for the data processing chain (C. Silva, F. Neves, A. Lindote)
- On-site work during installation, commissioning, calibration and data taking: >300 per/y
- LUX at the frontier of dark matter direct detection
 - exciting times ahead with the 300 day run!

Dark Matter Searches: Past, Present & Future



The LUX collaboration

SD School of Mines

PI, Professor Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Project Engineer

Support Scientist

PI, Professor

PI, Professor

PI, Professor

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Professor

Graduate Student

Graduate Student



Richard Gaitskell Simon Fiorucci Monica Pangilinan Jeremy Chapman David Malling **James Verbus** Samuel Chung Chan **Dongqing Huang**



Thomas Shutt Dan Akerib Karen Gibson Tomasz Biesiadzinski Wing H To Adam Bradley Patrick Phelps Chang Lee Kati Pech

Imperial College London

Henrique Araujo Tim Sumner Alastair Currie Adam Bailey

- Lawrence Berkeley + UC Berkeley *****
- Bob Jacobsen Murdock Gilchriese Kevin Lesko **Carlos Hernandez Faham** Victor Gehman Mia Ihm



Lawrence Livermore

Adam Bernstein **Dennis Carr** Kareem Kazkaz Peter Sorensen John Bower



Isabel Lopes Jose Pinto da Cunha Vladimir Solovov Luiz de Viveiros Alexander Lindote Francisco Neves **Claudio Silva**

PI, Professor
Research Associate
Postdoc
Graduate Student
Graduate Student
Graduate Student
Graduate Student

Graduate Student

PI. Professor PI, Professor

Postdoc

Postdoc

Postdoc

PI, Reader

Professor

Postdoc

Graduate Student

PI, Professor

Senior Scientist

Senior Scientist

Graduate Student

Mechanical Technician

Staff Physicist

Staff Physicist

PI. Professor

Postdoc

Postdoc

Postdoc

Postdoc

Assistant Professor

Senior Researcher

Engineer

PI, Leader of Adv. Detectors Group

Postdoc

Scientist

Imperial College London

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

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Graduate Student

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David Taylor Mark Hanhardt

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Sergey Uvarov

Brian Lenardo

Lea Reichhart

Professor Senior Engineer Senior Machinist **Electronics Engineer** Postdoc Postdoc Postdoc Graduate Student Graduate Student Graduate Student Graduate Student

UC Santa Barbara

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Mike Witherell	Professor
Dean White	Engineer
Susanne Kyre	Engineer
Carmen Carmona	Postdoc
Curt Nehrkorn	Graduate Student
Scott Haselschwardt	Graduate Student







University of Edinburgh

Alex Murphy Paolo Beltrame James Dobson



Carter Hall

Attila Dobi

Jon Balajthy

PI, Professor Graduate Student Graduate Student Graduate Student



Frank Wolfs Wojtek Skutski Eryk Druszkiewicz

University of South Dakota **Dongming Mei**

Chao Zhang Angela Chiller **Chris Chiller** Dana Byram



Daniel McKinsey Peter Parker Sidney Cahn Ethan Bernard Markus Horn **Blair Edwards** Scott Hertel Kevin O'Sullivan Nicole Larsen Evan Pease Brian Tennyson Ariana Hackenburg Elizabeth Boulton

*Now at SDSTA PI, Professor Professor Lecturer/Research Scientist Postdoc Postdoc Postdoc

PI. Professor

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Postdoc

Postdoc

Postdoc

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Graduate Student

23



PI, Reader

Postdoc

PI, Professor

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Graduate Student

Graduate Student

Research Fellow



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Richard Knoche

